

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLVIII] No 37 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

With the end of August comes the end of our

Special Summer Sale

Our invariable rule is to sell all Shoes in their season and make prices that will encourage quick buying. We have yet a few genuine bargains.

Women's Dongola Blucher, regular \$2.00	\$1.50
now.....	
Women's Dongola Blucher, regular \$1.50	\$1.15
now.....	
Men's Dongola Blucher, regular \$1.25	95 Cents
now.....	
Men's good strong boots for every day wear, regular \$1.50 for.....	\$1.25

Also special prices on Trunks, Suit Cases, and Club Bags.

ROYAL SHOE STORE

S. G. HAWLEY, Manager.

Napanee, - Ontario.

Robert Light

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Lumber,	Doors,
Lath,	Sash,
Shingles,	Blinds,
Cedar Posts and Stakes,	Mouldings,
Patent Roofing,	Verandah Columns,
Hardwood Flooring.	Stairs and Brackets,
	and Interior Finish.

Machine Work Done Promptly.

Telephone 53.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

STR. REINDEER

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Wednesday, April 2nd, 1909. Subject to change without notice.

THE SUMMER VACATION

is drawing to a close. Be prepared for the reopening of school, and buy your

School Supplies

NOW

High Class Photos

There are all kinds of Photographs, but WE MAKE ONLY ONE KIND, VIZ:

THE BEST

You get this quality whether in a Locket Picture, Cabinet Portrait, or Large Group. We study to please our customers in every detail.

AMATEURS!

Come in and let us show you the points about ENSIGN CAMERAS that make them the BEST IN THE WORLD

The famous Ensign Film always in stock.

P. O. Berkley,
Photographer.

Opposite Campbell House.

Kingston Business College

Limited.

KINGSTON, CANADA.

"Highest Education at Lowest Cost."

Twenty-Sixth year.
Fall term begins August 30th.
Courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Civil Service and English.
Our graduates get the best positions.
Within a short time over sixty secured positions with one of the largest railway corporations in Canada at good salaries.
Enter any time.
Call or write for information.

H. F. METCALFE,
Principal.

MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE—by Public Auction.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in three certain mortgages which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale on FRIDAY, THE 20th DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1909, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon at the O'Keefe House, in the Village of Marlbank, the following lands:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Tyndinaga in the County of Hastings, being composed of the north range of lot number thirty-five, in the ninth concession of said township, containing one hundred acres more or less.

This land is well watered, suitable for farming and stock raising purposes. On the property is erected a frame barn and frame dwelling house.

For further particulars apply to

JOHN ENGLISH, Vendor's Solicitor.
Dated at Napanee this 20th day of July, A.D. 1909. 321

MORTGAGE SALE OF LANDS in the Township of Kaladar.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale there will be offered for sale on FRIDAY, 10th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1909, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon at the King Edward Hotel,

PERSONALS

Miss Allie Wheeler is visiting her friend Miss Laura Vosburg, Rochester, N. Y.,

Mrs. Sanborn Smith, who has been visiting her granddaughters, Mrs. F. B. Allison, Napanee, and Mrs. P. C. Nash, Belleville, has returned to her home in Toronto.

Miss Ida K. Woodcock left last week for her school at Lakeport.

Miss Elizabeth Woodcock has returned to Syracuse, after a three weeks' visit at her home.

Mr. Frank Hayes and son, Norman of Detroit, are visiting his parents and other friends.

Mrs. Chas. Daubrough and children, of Hamilton, are spending a couple of weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Deshane, Marlbank.

Miss Helen Allen is spending a couple of weeks with Mrs. Philip Greer, and other friends in Picton.

Mrs. Thos. Johnston, Edmond St., Deseronto, has returned home after a three weeks' visit with her sons, at Toronto, and, sight-seeing at Niagara Falls.

The Misses Margaret and Mary Fitzmartin have just returned, after spending the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. McAvoy, Campbellford.

Mrs. James Powell and Miss Vida Smythe, of Cataract, spent a few days in town recently, the guests of Mr. Chas. Garrison.

Miss Katie Finn, who has been spending the past two weeks in Kingston and with her sister, Mrs. J. F. McAllister, Wolfe Island, has returned to her home in Enterprise.

Mrs. Morley Anderson and son, Hugh, G., have left for their home in Vancouver, B. C., after spending a pleasant holiday with her mother, Mrs. Fretts, Hawley. Mrs. Anderson will visit friends at Lansing, Mich., Chicago and Calgary on her way home.

Miss Rena Dinner is the guest of Miss Maggie Wilson, Marlbank.

Misses Jean and Jessie O'Hara spent last week with their aunt in London. They left this week to join their parents in Aberdeen, Scotland.

Miss Leah Barnhardt, of Toronto, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. E. Carscallen, Tamworth.

Miss Mabel Mills returned home from a visit with her brother George, in Cleveland, O., and reports having the time of her life.

Mrs. N. Bicknell and children, of Dufferin, are visiting at Mrs. J. T. Grange's, John st.

Miss Lily Daniells, of Montreal is spending the holidays with her cousin, Mrs. D. R. Sexsmith, Elm ave., Selby.

Mr. C. D. Wells, of Syracuse, N. Y., who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Chas. Lochhead, Centreville, returned to his home last week.

Mr. James Davey announces the marriage of his daughter, Leita, to Mr. John Henderson, of Murvale, to take place on Wednesday, Sept. 8th, at his home, Wilton.

Master Harry Walsh, Little Creek, has returned home, after spending six weeks' holidays with his uncle, Mr. McCorker, Kingston.

Mrs. Frederick W. Moeske and little daughter, Lillian, of Hartford, Conn., and sister, Mrs. Harry Brozman, of

Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.
Residence: West Street, near
Madden's grocery.

STR. REINDEER

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Wednesday, April 2nd, 1909. Subject to change without notice.

	A. M.
Napanee	Leave 6 00
Deseronto	7 30
Hough's	7 20
Thompson's Point	7 40
Glen Island	8 00
Glenora	8 10
Pictou	Arrive 8 30
Pictou	Leave 9 30
Thompson's Point	10 00
Hough's	10 20
Deseronto	Arrive 11 00
	P. M.
Deseronto	Leave 1 45
Hough's	2 00
Thompson's Point	2 35
Pictou	Arrive 3 00
Pictou	Leave 4 00
Glenora	4 20
Glen Island	4 25
Thompson's Point	4 45
Hough's	5 15
Deseronto	5 30
Napanee	Arrive 6 30

—Stop on signal.
CONNECTIONS.
At Deseronto with Bay of Quinte and Grand Trunk Railway Trains for all points East, West and North; with Steamer Ella Ross for Upper Bay Ports. At Pictou with Central Ontario Railway.

J. S. COLLIER, Captain.

is dawning to a close. Be prepared for the reopening of school, and buy your

School Supplies NOW.

SCRIBBLERS AND NOTE BOOKS

in great Variety. Excellent in Price and Quality.

States, Pencils, Erasers, and every other

Requisite at

A. E. PAUL'S.

AT ONCE
A Reliable Local Salesman Wanted
to represent
CANADA'S OLDEST AND GREATEST NURSERIES

In Napanee and adjoining country. The demand for Nursery Stock is increasing yearly, and if you become one of our salesmen you will realize there is good money in the business for you. Write at once for particulars. Pay weekly. Free outfit.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Fonthill Nurseries—850 Acres
TORONTO, ONTARIO.

ALBERT COLLEGE, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Over 350 Students enrolled annually, half of whom are young ladies.
LITERARY—52 Students wrote this year on Departmental and University Exams; Senior Leaving 10; Junior Leaving 10; Sr. Matriculation 6; Junior Matriculation 23; Commercial Specialist 2; Scholarship 1. Splendid Science Laboratories.

MUSIC—Full conservatory and University courses are provided in vocal and instrumental Music Harmony, etc. New pipe organ recently added. Piano and Vocal departments in charge of male teachers of experience and ability. Over 100 certificates awarded.

FINE ARTS, ELOCUTION, PHYSICAL CULTURE, DOMESTIC SCIENCE, COMMERCIAL AND LITERARY courses in charge of Specialists.

The College provides a two-story brick gymnasium and a five acre Athletic ground.

Will Re-Open Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1909.

For Illustrated Calendar, address
PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.
Belleville, Ont.

VOTERS' LIST, 1909.

Municipality of the Township of Richmond, County of Lennox and Addington.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in section nine of "The Ontario Voters' Lists Act," the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the said list was first posted up at my office, at Richmond, on the 17th day of August, 1909, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

ABRAM WINTERS,
Clerk of Richmond Township.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1909.

MORTGAGE SALE OF LANDS in the Township of Kaladar.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale there will be offered for sale on FRIDAY, 10th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1909, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the King Edward Hotel, at Kaladar Station, the following lands: All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of lands and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Kaladar, in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, and being comprised of: First, the south half of lot number twelve (12) in the seventh (7th) concession of the said Township of Kaladar containing one hundred and thirty acres, more or less, and Second, fifty acres, more or less, of the north half of lot number eleven (11) in said seventh (7th) concession of said Township of Kaladar, both parcels together containing one hundred and eighty (180) acres more or less. These lands are situate near Kaladar Station on the Addington road.

Conditions of sale will be made known at time of sale or on application to the Vendor's Solicitors. For further particulars apply to
HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the Vendor.

Dated August 19th, 1909.

VOTERS' LIST, 1909

Municipality of the Township of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby, County of Lennox and Addington.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in section nine of "The Ontario Voters' Lists Act," the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the said list was first posted up at my office, at Denbigh, on the 17th day of August, 1909, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

PAUL STEIN,
Township Clerk.

Dated Aug. 19th, 1909.

Don't Spend a Dollar on Paint.

Until you visit Wallace's Drug Store, the largest stock of good paints, oils, dry colors, etc. in Napanee. Prices right.

On Thursday evening, of last week, the Rectory lawn at Selby was a scene of jollity, when some fifty or more enjoyed a social evening.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

A successful excursion was run on Thursday last under the auspices of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Western Methodist Church. Every one speaks of it in highest praise. The ladies are not slow in their expression of praise of the kindness shown them by Captain Collier and say that the thought and care shown by the Captain during the afternoon went far to making it all so enjoyable. The ladies vote him as being one of the kindest captains. So say they all. We have often heard of Captain Collier as a genial fellow, but never before in such loud praises.

Because

our Prescription Department is a department of Pharmaceutical skill because only the highest grade of drugs money can buy finds place there is why we ask to dispense your prescriptions.

THE RED CROSS DRUG STORE.

T. B. WALLACE, Phm. B.

Prescription Druggist.

Napanee, Ont.

our John Henderson, on arrival, to take possession on Wednesday, Sept. 8th, at his home, Wilton.

Master Harry Walsh, Little Creek, has returned home, after spending six weeks' holidays with his uncle, Mr. McCorky, Kingston.

Mrs. Frederick W. Moeske and little daughter, Lillian, of Hartford, Conn., and sister, Mrs. Harry Brozom, of Watertown, N. Y., spent last week with their aunt, Mrs. J. H. Phillips, South Napanee.

Mrs. D. Winter, Kingsford, is visiting friends in Belleville.

Master Willie Toby, of Woodstock, is visiting at present with his grandfather, Mr. Jas. Taylor, South Napanee.

Mrs. Rev. Wm. Weese, of Bishop Mills, is visiting her cousin, Mr. Eslie Smith.

Mr. Peter Brown, of St. Thomas, a former resident of this town spent a few days last week with his brother-in-law, Mr. Wm. Waddingham, Tyendinaga.

Mrs. (Dr.) Bonnell and son, of White Plains, N. Y., and Miss Florence Fraser, of New York City, who have been visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fraser, Bridge St., for the last two weeks, returned to their homes last week.

Master Dwight Kaylor, West Toronto, is spending a few weeks with his cousin, Carlton Kaylor, Morven.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Macnaughton, of Napanee, have arrived home from California. They were the guests of Mr. Macnaughton's brother, Mr. Archie Macnaughton, a week seeing all points of interest in Vancouver and vicinity.

Miss Hope Aylesworth, Newburgh, is spending a few days the guests of her cousin, Mrs. W. A. Martin, and her aunt, Mrs. Marshall Huffman, Moscow.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey (nee Miss Lillian Bicknell) of Chicago, are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Grange, John st.

Miss Lucea Ashley is enjoying camp life at Crow Lake, with her friend, Miss Marjorie, Meiklejohn.

Mrs. George Yerec, of Detroit, Mich., is visiting Mrs. Eslie Smith.

Miss Bertha Mosher, who has been the guest of Miss Annie Ashley, for the past few weeks, returned to her home in Stirling. Miss Ashley accompanied her and will spend a few weeks with friends there.

Mr. and Mrs. Knight, Scranton, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Robinson.

Mrs. J. G. Fennell and Miss Livingston are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Livingston, at Toronto.

Miss Ottilie Lervi, Nashville, Tennessee, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Mary Briggs.

Miss Lizzie Foster, of Toronto, spent a few days last week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Hughes.

Chas. Anderson, Reeve of Richmond, James McCormick and H. B. Kellar, Forest Mills, left last week for Winnipeg and other points west.

Miss Annie C. Patterson has returned to New York, after spending several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Murney Parks, Hawley.

Mrs. G. H. Williams is visiting friends in Carlton Place.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., left for the Coast, visiting Mrs. E. W. Thomas, Chilliwack, B. C. and Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Gordon, Tacoma. They will also attend the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, Seattle and other cities on the Coast. Mrs. Brown will remain until October.

Mrs. Robert Collins has returned to her home near Switzerville, after visiting relatives and friends at Moscow for three weeks.

Miss Margaret Nolan has returned from Deseronto, after visiting with friends there.

Mrs. George Brownson, of South Bend, Indiana, is visiting her nephew, Mr. Eslie Smith, Mill st.

(Continued on page 8)

EE EXPRESS.

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.

M. S. MADOLE.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, AUGUST 27th, 1909

Clothing Clean-up

20 per cent. to 50
per cent. discount

on any Men's, Boys', or Child-
ren's suit in the store, (Blue
and Black Serges excepted)

Men's, Boys' and Child-
ren's Straw and Linen
Hats at half price.

Men's Wash Vests 25
per cent. discount.

50c. Motor Caps, 35c.

J. L. BOYES, LENNOX FALL FAIR

The prize list for our annual fair has
been issued and a class added to it. The
management expect it to be a greater suc-
cess this year than ever. The dates are
Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 14th and
15th. Following is a list of the
SPECIAL PRIZES.

Merchants Bank of Canada—Sterling Sil-
ver Cup for best heavy draft foal of 1909.
Cup to be held by the winner for one year.
If it is won twice, it becomes the property
of winner.

F. Chinnick—\$2.00 in goods for the best
two loaves of home-made bread. Bread to
be tested in the centre.

W. A. Steasy—\$2.00 for best pair Ply-
mouth Rock chickens (dressed).

Mrs. O. A. Knight—\$1.00 in goods for
best two watermelons.

J. G. Oliver—\$2.00 in goods for best four
pounds butter.

Gibbard Furniture Co.—\$4.00 Rocker for
best home-cured ham.

T. D. Scrimshaw—\$1.00 in goods for
best Sofa Pillow, embroidered, Roman.

F. W. Smith & Bro.—\$2 in goods for
best pair dressed Rooster ducks.

T. B. Wallace—\$2.00 in goods for best
pair dressed ducks for table use.

W. J. Normile—\$1.50 Columbia Flash
Lamp for best bag of potatoes.

J. F. Smith & Son—50 lbs. flour for best
loaf home-made bread made from Royal
Household flour.

Mrs. Pratt—3-piece Tea Set for best
dozen buns.

Templeton & Son—1 year's subscription
to The Beaver for best pair dressed chick-
ens.

F. Chinnick—\$3.00 in goods for the fast-
est walking team, at least three to start.

E. J. Pollard (2nd prize)—1 year's sub-
scription to Napanee Express for best pair
dressed ducks.

TOWN COUNCIL.

A special meeting of the council was
called on Monday evening to consider
the report of the special committee ap-
pointed to secure plans and specifica-
tions for a new bridge to replace the
old covered bridge. The report was
presented but before it could be read
the members of the committee com-
menced to air their views not only on
the bridge question, but also their
views concerning their fellow mem-
bers on the committee, the bridge
agents and a few other people. After
some discussion of the bridge question,
and a vast expenditure of hot air re-
lating to almost anything excepting a
new bridge, the council adjourned un-
til Tuesday evening. Tuesday evening
meeting was somewhat of a repetition
of Monday's session enlivened with
considerable discussion, sometimes not
altogether on the matter in question
by the representative of one of the
bridge companies and the solicitors of
both bridge companies whose contracts
have been considered. The matter
was finally referred back to the com-
mittee to bring in a report when they
know what kind of a bridge they want
and whom the committee wish to give
the contract to.

Following is a letter from the town
solicitor in reference to the action of
the committee in verbally awarding a
contract to the Ontario Bridge Com-
pany:

August 24th, 1909.

T. W. Simpson, Esq. M. D.

Mayor of Napanee, Ont.

DEAR SIR,—I am asked by you
whether the corporation can repudiate
the action of its committee in verbally
awarding to The Ontario Bridge Co. a
contract for the superstructure of the
bridge over the Napanee River. I
have read the minutes of the meeting
of the council at which the matter was
referred to the committee, and there
is no doubt in my mind, nor do I think
there can be any doubt in the mind of
anyone who peruses those minutes,
that it was the intention of the council
to delegate to that committee full
power to conclude a contract. That
committee did, as I understand their
action, accept the offer of The Ontario
Bridge Co., subject of course to the
approval of the engineer, and author-
ized the representative of that
company to proceed with the work.
This final decision was arrived at after
careful consideration, and the company
at the request of the committee threw
off \$41 from their tender in order to
secure the contract at once. What
transpired with other tenders, either
before or after this conclusion, has in
my opinion no bearing upon the
subject. The representatives of the
corporation, acting under the instruc-
tions of the corporation did, as far as
lay in their power, pledge the honor
and credit of the town. Entirely
apart from the legal aspects of the
case I cannot refrain from expressing
my firm conviction that the council
cannot afford to trifle with the honor
and good reputation of the corporation
for the paltry consideration of a few
hundred dollars. If the report be
permitted to go abroad that the word
of a properly appointed committee
cannot be relied upon, the damage to
the town may be brought home in
after years with a force that may
startle us. It would be selling the
honor of the town too cheaply to
discredit the word of the chosen
representatives of the people by
reopening a contract honestly entered
into by them.

The work that is being done in this

NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Daffoe and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock
and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of
the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared
to supply the following first-class building material:—

**Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement,
Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile**

in fact anything required in the building trade. **Lumber Dressed,
and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.**

When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Daffoe's Office
will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

DR. C. E. WILSON,

Physician, Surgeon, Acconchour.

Office—Bridge Street, opposite Western
Methodist Church. Phone No. 148.

OSTEOPATHY

Dr. Robert Garside Ashcroft and Dr. Edna
Earle Ashcroft, Graduates of American School
of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., 405 Princess
Street, Kingston, Ont., Phone 447. Treatments
at Napanee, Tuesdays and Fridays by appoint-
ment. 33-6-m

PUPS FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Fox
Terriers. Apply Box 294, Napanee. 35c

ROOMS TO LET—Young gentlemen
preferred MRS. JOHN POLLARD,
Dundas street.

HOUSE TO RENT—Small new frame
house on East Street. All modern con-
veniences. Apply to F. F. MILLER, 374

FOR SALE—A light Road Cart, in good
condition—for sale cheap. Apply to D.
R. BENSON, V. S., Napanee. 37a

TO LET—Mrs. Finkle's residence on
Centre Street. Furnished or unfurnish-
ed as desired. All modern conveniences. Ap-
ply on premises. 374

TABLES AND TRUNKS FOR SALE
Twenty-five large tables, and five
first-class Commercial Trunks will be sold
cheap. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT—200
Acres, lot 3, in 6th concession, Ernestown.
Well watered by creek running through farm.
Cheese factory on premises. Possession given
in time for fall ploughing. MRS. THOS.
EMPEY, Switzerville P. O. 344p.

FOR SALE—on reasonable terms—Four
Double Cottages, on west side of Ontario
street. For particulars apply to R. C. CART-
WRIGHT, at Gas Co. Office. 31

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and
Belleville districts. Many of these are
valuable farms, and at right price. Call at
once or write for list. We can suit you, and
you will save time and money. Also some
good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN,
Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

STRAY BULL—Came to the premises of
S. Pat McLaughlin, Forest Mills, lot 7, con-
cession 7, Richmond. Owner may have same
by proving property and paying expenses. 35-m.

FRUIT FARM FOR SALE—Eighty-

DOXSEE & CO.

Bargain Waists

During this month we intend to dispose
of all Summer Waists at cost and below.

Corsets

We find our stock of Corsets too heavy
for this season of the year, and must be
reduced if prices will do it. Come and see
before buying.

Long Silk Gloves

Colors Black, White, Cream also Lisle
Thread Gloves. Lace tops, good quality at
prices to clear them up.

Millinery

All trimmed Hats at any price to clear.
Untrimmed Straw Shades at 25c and 50c
each.

The Leading Millinery House

THE - DOMINION - BANK NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,283,000

RESERVE 5,284,700

TOTAL DEPOSITS 38,000,000

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER
\$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

down buns.
Templeton & Son—1 year's subscription to The Beaver for best pair dressed chickens.
F. Chisneuk—\$3.00 in goods for the fastest walking team, at least three to start.
E. J. Pollard—(2nd price)—1 year's subscription to Napanee Express for best pair dressed ducks.
A. E. Paul—Japanese Chocolate Jug, value \$1.25, for best pan home-made buns, to be exhibited by maker.
Graham & Vanaistyne—\$2.50 in goods for best bushel potatoes.
Madhi Bros.—\$2.00 in goods for best pair dressed Pekin ducks.
J. J. Haines—\$2.50 in goods for best five pounds butter in prigs.
J. G. Fennell—\$1.00 in goods for best pair dressed chickens.
H. W. Kelly—\$2.00 in goods for best pair dressed White Wyandottes.
Doxee & Co.—\$2.00 in goods for best pair Leghorn chickens.
M. S. Madole—\$3.50 Carpet Sweeper for best double carriage team driven by lady three times around the track.
F. L. Hooper—Lamp, value \$2.00, for best pair water color paintings, painted by amateurs in 1909.
Potter & Blanchard—\$2.00 for best foal of 1909 by Northern Prince. \$2 for best yearling foal by Northern Prince. \$2 for best two-year-old by Northern Prince. \$2 for best three-year-old by Northern Prince.

YARKER.

R. Saul has teams drawing stone from here to Camden East.
A. Connolly and G. Ewart have returned from Varty Lake, where they have been camping.
Rev. Mr. Farnsworth, Smithfield, and family, are at James Freeman's. He is having his holidays.
Rev. Mr. Batstone and family go to Newcastle for a vacation.
E. W. Benjamin is out back with a gang of men building a cement dam.
R. Curl, who acted as foreman, has returned home very sick.
William John Warner is having a cement verandah built. J. S. Galbraith is also having one.
Miss Nellie Hamilton is filling the place as teacher here, pending the arrival of Miss O'Hara from Scotland.
D. Gowdy goes west for the threshing season in Saskatchewan. He takes with him a gang of men.
Bertram Allen and daughter, Vina, is at T. Burgess'. He leaves Friday for Saskatchewan.
James Goslin and James Babcock, of the K. & P., were home over Sunday.
Mrs. Frank Simpkins, who recently lost her father in Rochester, received word of the serious illness of her mother, and left at once for Rochester, N. Y.
Mr. and Mrs. Stirk left here for their western home. Mrs. Stirk has been at the home of her mother, Mrs. E. Vanluven.
Calvin Lee, Mrs. C. Lee and Nellie Lee have returned from Alexandria Bay, N. Y.
Chart Shultz and wife have returned from Watertown, N. Y.
Visitors: Jean Smith and wife, Odessa, at Damon Smith's; Mrs. John Consul, Belleville, and Mrs. A. Smith, Napanee, Miss May Woodhouse and Miss Libell, of New York, at W. H. Woodhouse'; Edna McKim, Switzerland, at Mrs. H. Cambridge's.
Mrs. Myers, Warner, is visiting in Napanee.
Dr. McQuade has been to Brockville and returned Monday.
Earle Hughes, Ernie Benn, Clarence Emberly leave for the west next Friday.
Clarence Weagant, Westport, is spending his holidays at the home of his mother, Mrs. E. Vanluven.
John Wright has returned from Cobourg.
Miss H. McClenaghan and Miss K. Eadon, Woodstock, guests of Lena Benjamin, left for their home on Tuesday, going by auto to Belleville.

the town may be brought here in after years with a force that may startle us. It would be selling the honor of the town too cheaply to discredit the word of the chosen representatives of the people by reopening a contract honestly entered into by them.

The work that is being done in this instance is the repair of a highway, a work that the council is by statute bound to perform and in this respect it differs from most of the reported cases which relate to matters which are not obligatory upon the part of the council. I do not see that the present work under consideration differs in character from the ordinary work of your street committee. The difference is one of degree only. I do not think that the rule that the powers of the council are to be exercised by by-law only is applicable to this case. It is laid down in Pratt vs City of Stratford "that a municipal corporation can exercise and perform their statutory powers and duties in repairing highways or bridges or erecting a new bridge to replace an unsafe one without passing a by-law therefore." This falls within the class of exceptions mentioned by Chief Justice Hagarty in the above judgment referred to, and while a by-law in such a case might be desirable yet I am of opinion that the absence of a by-law is not in itself sufficient to relieve the corporation from its obligation if any. The remaining question is whether what took place between the committee and the representative of the company was binding upon the corporation. If the company had delivered the bridge before this question arose I would have little hesitation in arriving at the conclusion that the corporation was liable for the purchase price. At that meeting I understand that the company as a consideration for the immediate awarding of the contract threw off \$41 from the price and have since, relying upon the good faith of the assurances given their representative by the committee placed their orders for the material for the bridge. It is quite apparent from the tone of the telegram received by you today that the company rely upon these acts as part performance of the contract and will endeavour to hold the corporation liable for any damages sustained by them in case the contract is repudiated. While it might be interesting from an academical point of view to have this question of liability determined by a judicial tribunal, yet I prefer to advise the council to confine the action of the committee and have the contract, when approved by the engineer, executed in due form under the authority of a by-law rather than take the chances of the costs of a lawsuit and the consequent delay in the erection of the bridge, both of which might in the end result disastrously to the town. The facts of this case as I understand them fall within a class on the very border line between those that are binding upon a municipality and those that are not and for that reason I find it very difficult with the time and facilities at my disposal to go further than to express the opinion that it would be very unwise and unsafe to attempt to annul the verbal bargain made by your representatives, the committee to whom this matter was referred.

Yours very truly,

W. S. HERRINGTON,

Town Solicitor.

Talcum Powders

The latest and best

(the Medical Hall)

FRED L. HOOPER.

The annual picnic of St. John's Church, Selby, held in the Carcallen grove on Tuesday, 17th inst., was a success. Notwithstanding the short notice given, and the rather inclement weather,

good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

STRAY BULL.—Came to the premises of S. Pat McLaughlin, Forest Mills, lot 7, concession 7, Richmond. Owner may have same by proving property and paying expenses. 35 m.

FRUIT FARM FOR SALE.—Eighty-nine acres more or less, about nine hundred apple trees, also peaches, cherries and plums, situated six and a half miles west of Wellington, Prince Edward County. Farm fronts on Lake Ontario shore, with hickory grove along shore. The farm a park of itself. Large brick house with stone kitchen and woodhouse, a good drive house and large barn. Buildings about 25 rods from lake shore, and in good repair. Farm and yard well fenced. A small bay in rear of farm and well in yard. Immediate sale as I am living in the west and want to sell. Address:

C. W. HUYCK, Owner,
Rose Hall
Prince Edward.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—That very desirable property just outside the town limits on the Deseronto road, about six acres of choice garden land, "known as the M. S. Stover property," on which there is erected a barn which will accommodate a couple of cows and a horse; also a two-story, 11-roomed dwelling, built after the latest design, and all finished in hardwood; beautifully situated commanding a delightful view of the Napanee river. Buildings all new, good cellar, fine lawn, cement walks, and a never failing spring. A rare opportunity to secure a delightful home. Reason for selling going west. For further particulars apply on the premises or to Manly Jones, Insurance and Real Estate Agent, office over Coxall's grocery, Dundas street, Napanee. 3d

After a lingering illness, Mr. P. Walter O'Flynn, a barrister, of thirty-five years, passed away on Saturday at Toronto. The late Mr. O'Flynn was born in Mudoc, Ont., and was a son of the late Mr. E. D. O'Flynn, a private banker of that place. He was educated in Madoc school and in Toronto University, later graduating from the Law School at Osgoode Hall. Deceased practised for a time at Madoc, and then engaged himself with Messrs. Moss & Aylesworth Toronto. A few years ago he went to Vancouver, where, after passing another examination, he became connected with the firm of Davies, Marshall & McNeill C. P. R. solicitors there. He is survived by three brothers, Messrs. F. E. O'Flynn, barrister, of Belleville; F. W. O'Flynn, retired banker, of Toronto, and H. H. O'Flynn, of the head office of the Dominion Bank here. Mrs. John A. McKay, wife of a Saginaw, Mich., barrister, is a sister. The funeral took place at Madoc on Tuesday.

Few Screen doors left at a bargain at
BOYLE & SON.

Itch, Mange, Prune Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER
\$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business Transacted.

Napanee W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

JOYS' BRICK YARD

Having installed all the latest and up-to-date machinery for the manufacture of

CEMENT BRICKS and BLOCKS

we are prepared to fill all orders on the shortest notice. Call and see our new designs in ornamental blocks.

Agents for all kinds of Concrete Machinery, Silo and Tile Moulds, also for the best continuous Concrete Mixer on the market.

Cement For Sale

Special prices on car lots.

We have a number of desirable building lots and would build to suit prospective purchasers.

Office and factory, Dundas street, near G. T. R. Bridge.

JOY & SON.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

CASH ASSETS EXCEED
\$55,000,000.

Policy-holders of the above Company are hereby notified that the Agency has been transferred from D. L. Green to D. McClew, Napanee. All matters of transfer or endorsement, etc. in connection with existing Policies or any new business will be promptly attended to by

D. McCLEW, Agent, Napanee.

OFFICE—Orange Block, John St.,
P. O. Box 136.

To Remit Money Safely

Use Canadian Bankers' Association Money Orders—the cheapest, safest and most convenient method of remitting or receiving money transmitted by mail. They may be obtained at the

Northern Crown Bank!

MANAGERS:

Napanee Branch,
R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager,

Odessa Branch,
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W. F. MORGAN DEAN,
Act'g. Mgr.

Bath Branch,
W. GORDON,
Act'g. Mgr.

PIOUS HYPOCHONDRIACS

So Near to Hypocrites That They Have the Same Effect on Others

"That they do good; that they be rich in good works."—I. Tim., vi. 18.

There are at least two kinds of good people; those who are good for nothing and those who are good for something. It is easy to imagine you belong in the second class while actually placing yourself in the first by allowing all your piety to evaporate in speculations as to the past or in anticipations for the future. They only are good who are good for something in the present.

The good for nothing people are all of one value, though they seem to differ greatly in appearance; the good for nothing saints and the good for nothing sinners, the loafers, shirkers, parasites, weaklings, and plain nonentities, and the whining, sighing, dreaming pietists are tied together in the same bundle of worthlessness; they contribute nothing to life. The sooner we recognize this the quicker will we be relieved of one hindrance to real religion.

One of the worst types of character is that which fortifies itself with the boast that it never did any harm. The test of life will not be by the mischief we have left undone, but by the positive good we have done. The man who is too lazy to get into trouble or to do any harm wins no merit by his innocence.

There is no good in the goodness that is only innocence of evil. Whenever a life is given over to negation, to the sole aim of being absolutely

FREE FROM ALL WRONG.

it always finds that as soon as it is rid of sin in one form the old enemy is entering in a dozen new ways. There is no goodness save positive goodness. The only way to overcome evil is to put the whole life into the pursuit of the good.

It is wholly a vain endeavor to hope to find goodness by negation. Yet it is the easiest thing in the world, without even giving voice to the foolish prayer, "O, to be nothing," to answer practically the prayer for yourself. The strange thing is that those people who try most successfully to be nothing are most willing to give themselves away on any altar or in any cause.

He only is good who is good for something, and the real measure of

his goodness is in the giving of efficient service to his world. To be good means that you have caught the vision of the possible goodness of the complete, ordered, trained life, that life has become worth the living for the sake of the value and meaning you may put into it.

The really good people in this world never have time to stop and take stock of themselves; they are so busy doing their work and fighting their battles that they cannot stop to look in the mirror and see whether their helmets are on straight or count their pulses to see whether they are healthy. They do not even know whether they are good or not.

Real religion must either be out for business or go out of business. It must either make the world better, be doing things for the ideals which it sees, or acknowledge that it is nothing but

A DREAM OR A DELUSION.

Now when one is in the thick of as big an undertaking as religion sets before him, nothing less than the redemption of the whole world, he has no energy left to wonder whether he is as good as he ought to be.

The sickly saints are always worrying over their souls; their spiritual lives are always out of order because they are perpetually examining them. They complain and groan so much that the ignorant, hearing them, imagine religion to be a mournful affair.

He only is good who does good. Every man is good in the measure of the life he gives the world. He only is fit for heaven who is really fit, efficient, for the service of heaven here. The greatest need of the world is men and women to whom the divine plans of life are so glorious that they will pay any price to become proficient in realizing them.

There is a world of good work to be done right here. You may cease to worry as to whether you are good or not if you will but begin to do with all your powers the good work that lies next to your hands. The only way to be is to do. Every man really reflects the thing for which he works. He who works for the ideal kingdom shows its glory though he knows it not.

HENRY F. COPE.

LIGHT THROUGH

LOVE : : :

"You intend deliberately to crush my life—and his? You mean that I am to give him up—let him drift away—without even a woman's reason? Is that it?"

It was dusk. Greta's face at the doorway had a sort of phosphorescent pallor. For more than an hour Detective-Inspector Bastable had sat almost motionless in his private

closed the piano and was whispering good-bye to Greta in the hall. Bastable, cool geniality up till that moment, listened keenly. As the hall door clicked he slipped out by the rear. One minute later, his face half hidden by a cap-peak, he was walking thirty paces behind the other man. Greta had wanted proof. Sooner or later it might be placed at her feet.

Suddenly Bastable crossed the road and made for a patch of shadow. His breath was held in; his keen eyes had never pierced space so intently. And as he stared, thrill after thrill trickled along his perfect nerves.

Folkard had halted, and was whispering with a man obviously awaiting him there. One minute

danced and walked so often—the man whose ring she proudly wore—was to stand his trial at the Old Bailey—a felon!

He drew in his breath, glaring back at the white, working face, and then suddenly an alternative sprang into the blank.

"You shall go, for her sake," he said, between set teeth, "on one condition. On the condition that you leave England to-morrow, never to return—that you never attempt in life to see or write—"

"Mr. Bastable!" It rattled in his throat desperately. "Hear me! I love her! I cannot tell you all. Let me begin again—let me redeem my character—"

"You! Silence! She shall know just what you are—a moral leper who came near tainting her whole life! Within twenty-four hours she shall turn from the bare thought of you with loathing! You go free on that one condition—and providing, you put into my hands now the precise particulars of the haul that 'Long Sorrell' and his pal put into yours just an hour ago."

It had been a chance shot—the flash-thought of a moment—and it went home. Folkard stood, the tongue parched in his throat, his eyes staring. Nearer and nearer Bastable crept—a leap, and he had clutched the white throat with one hand and made a snatch at that waistcoat-pocket with the other. He had it—the slip of white paper. And Folkard, with a convulsive shudder, had sunk back into a chair, his head going down to the table. There was nothing to be feared from him now—a coward and villain in one!

One glance at a few cryptic signs upon the slip and Bastable's quick brain had done the rest. He need resort to no threats to fathom their significance. Long Sorrell and Co. were within his grip.

"A bridge, a river, the figure 7 on second-floor window, and 'Wednesday mid' written in the corner." He read it out as though it had been a child's picture-puzzle. "That will do! Number Seven, Bridgewater Street; entrance to be had by second-floor window; Wednesday, at midnight—to-morrow night!" He placed the fragment in his pocket-book. He was moving across to the door. He turned there, as if he could now feel just a shred of commiseration for the misguided man who had so often sat at his table—the man who had come so near winning Greta.

"It's too late!" he said, bluntly. "You put your head into the noose, and you are lucky to take it out again. I'm going to whistle up a constable and put him on watch outside here till morning. Then I'll see you safe off at the railway station—for life. Any trick now, any attempt at a double move, and I'll get you seven years, I have given you your one chance, and not many men would have done that. Understand?"

"Yes." He swayed up, choking out the words with an effort. "I've lost her. I deserve it. You don't know all. They have used me as a tool. Do what you will, only—only let me say one last good-bye to her. Only promise that she shall never know why I said it—why I went. Hear me—let me tell you what I—"

"Bah! If ever I listen to you again it will be across the court-house."

It was barely eight o'clock when he stood with Chris Folkard on the Continental platform at Victoria, grimly awaiting the mail-boat ex-

went into the drawing-room to wait until you returned."

Something rattled in Mr. Bastable's throat. He stumbled suddenly down the few stairs into the room opposite—and stood transfixed.

The handsome room was in ghastly confusion. The silk tapestry had been torn down; the costly souvenir-casket had gone. With something like a moan he took another stumble through the portiere curtains into the room beyond. And there, in a crouching position, his hands gripping the table, stood a man.

"Folkard! Thief! Trapped!" He took one leap that would have landed him at the other's throat. He was plucked back, and by a woman's hand, that had a strength greater than his own in that nameless moment. Greta gave a cry that was wrung from her very soul.

"Chris! No—no!"

"Yes!" It came in a sunken voice from livid lips. Fear seemed to have paralyzed his limbs. Only—only there was a look in his glazed eyes, a note in the voice, that held them spellbound. "Yes! The man who was not worthy of a woman's love has done—has done all that one man could do to—"

It died huskily away. Bastable, staring round at the disordered room, made one more effort to wrench himself free; but Greta's arms held him fast. "You shall not!" she gasped. "Let him speak. He could not! Chris, darling!" And the slow, sunken voice came again.

"Yes, let me speak—while I can. Nothing is stolen. I came—I came to say good-bye. I could not go without one last look—one word. I loved her. And there was something to tell you that you would not stay to hear. But you had gone. I had left it until just too late—the last train back.

"That slip of paper was a blind. They saw you following last night; they tried a trick. I was to contrive to let you find the paper, and it succeeded within the hour, as they hoped. I would have told you, but that you branded me 'leper' and refused me that good-bye! They hoped to score off you, and to take your attention to that house while they brought off a coup elsewhere. . . . I was in their power. A gambling debt did it long ago. They used my knowledge once of houses as a teacher. And then—then they held the sword over me. They threatened to expose me to you and to lose me Greta. I struggled to avoid them, but I was in the toils. Heaven knows the struggle—the fear of losing her! . . . Yes, I waited in here, in hopes you might return. I would tell you all—I would plead for one last chance; the good-bye kiss had weakened me. It was dark. I heard a sound. A man was forcing the French window there. It was Long Sorrell, with two others. And then I realized. The coup they had planned lay here! . . . I stood behind the tapestry, half in fear of my life, but thrilled at the thought that it was my revenge upon you! They had got to work, you see. And then—then I thought of Greta. And you had called me a 'leper.' I don't—I hardly know what happened. I sprang—to save your house and reputation. We fought in the darkness. The other two got away; but the one you wanted most—the one who plans all—lies there!"

He pointed, his breath coming in gasps. And then, only then, they realized. There, at the foot of the couch, the tapestry hangings torn

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EA: Fren onions, ec and milk, d in deep salt. your n

my life—and his? You mean that I am to give him up—let him drift away—without even a woman's reason? Is that it?"

It was dusk. Greta's face at the doorway had a sort of phosphorescent pallor. For more than an hour Detective-Inspector Bastable had sat almost motionless in his private room before he could bring himself to ring the bell. At the zenith of his career he found himself confronted by two seemingly insoluble problems.

One, purely professional, was the mystery of the burglarious gang who, for months past, had kept Balham householders in a tentative quiver, and who slipped through his every effort to run them down. To a specialist in that class of crime, whose own residence happened to lie in the very locality affected, the lack of a tangible clue had become almost maddening. The newspapers had thrown out veiled snipers; Scotland Yard waited impatiently for his coup. But the gang, whose information as to "soft jobs" seemed amazing, remained gloriously free.

And the second problem? It was here at home, undreamed of by the world as yet. It concerned Greta—his precious and only girl. Beneath his iron exterior he had a big heart concealed. "Must he stand by, stifle all his intuition, and allow her to pass into the keeping of a man whom he had gradually grown to mistrust?"

"Listen," he said, quietly. "I know my world; you do not. You rely upon heart instead of brain. Here is a man, fascinating, lovable, I admit whom we know to be a music and dancing instructor at a salary of, perhaps, three pounds a week. I say nothing against him on that score—money alone will not buy your future happiness. Yet I ask you to pause before it is too late. He can afford to make you expensive presents. How? How does he spend his time at the clubs? Shall I put it all into plain words? He rose. Greta, a man with whom the club fascination is the end itself, and the Race Club yesterday a man whose pockets are apparently full, one day and the next is the man whom I shall never marry you with my eyes."

"But, father," she whispered, "I know that he has a weak side, the best, that he has a secret desire that he has been in a hard dilemma. But when you told me that I have a confirmed, less gambler."

"I am not putting, with passion, I am father. I brand a man of that type as a selfish cad, outside the power of even a woman's influence to redeem."

"Never," she said. "No man was ever beyond the power of a woman's right to try."

He stood rigid, thinking hard. If only his wife had lived a little longer! Then presently he asked, carelessly, "Is Chris calling here to-night?"

"Yes. Then, perhaps, you will speak out to his face, and let him defend himself for my sake."

"Hush! Say nothing at all. I suspend my decision. I wish to be just. Greta, if you know me in the past, you know that."

A kiss, a stifled sob, and she was gone. He sat down again to find some path through his mental labyrinth. But it was not to resolve itself yet.

It was ten o'clock. Chris Folkard, who fair face looked a trifle more haggard than usual, had

road and made for a patch of shadow. His breath was held in; his keen eyes had never pierced, thrice so intently. And as he stared, thrill after thrill trickled along his perfect nerves.

Folkard had halted, and was whispering with a man obviously awaiting him there. One minute of that was sufficient. Bastable knew that it was necessary simply to strip away the blue spectacles and false beard to disclose the man whose photograph and thumb-prints were treasured carefully at Scotland Yard—the man who, he had secretly felt certain, had engineered every one of the clever Balham burglaries. Here!—and in close confabulation with the man who wanted Greta!

Sick at heart, yet tingling with tentative triumph, he followed cautiously as they moved on. Once or twice they looked back, but gateways were always handy. It was outside Clapham Common Station that they paused again. A third man joined the two. Something had been written quite openly on a slip of white paper—he was all but certain that the slip had gone into Chris Folkard's waistcoat-pocket. Then, of a sudden, a crowd poured from the station. When it cleared the three men had vanished.

An amateur might have thought that the chance of a lifetime had slipped him. Bastable thought otherwise. Wheeling, he strode back fast into Balham. Barely half an hour passed. Then, as Chris Folkard put his key quietly into the door of the house in which he had apartments, he heard a little movement behind.

"Aye, it's me!" Bastable said. "I have waited some time. We need not make a noise. I want a few quiet words with you—about Greta."

They went carefully up the stairs. Folkard opened a door and lit the gas. His hand palpably trembled. When he turned, it was to see that the other man had whipped out the key and was standing sentinel. In silence they looked at each other—until every trace of blood seemed to have drained from Folkard's face.

"That will do," Bastable said, grimly. "If I acted on impulse, I should thrash you within an inch of your despicable life for trying to trick my girl into marriage. Instead, I'm going to arrest you, and place you in the dock for complicity in a series of burglaries."

"Arrest!" he whispered, with dry lips; "arrest!"

"Exactly. All you knew, or cared, was that I had money, and was apparently retired from business. As it happens, 'Mr. Bastable' is Detective-Inspector Bastable of the Yard, and you are one of the men he wants. You'll put these on. It's late, and the police-station is only a few streets away. At once!"

Folkard looked slowly round, as for a way to escape. There was none. With a sudden wild laugh, that was half a sob, he flung out his hands.

"Yes, if you want to kill her or shame her for life, put them on—take me!"

Bastable had taken a stride. He halted. The tragic note had been set vibrating. Grim revenge upon this veneered villain recoiled upon himself. Up before him flashed a picture of Greta's agony and his own chagrin when it became known that the man with whom she had

went. Hear me—let me tell you what I—"

"Bah! If ever I listen to you again it will be across the court-house."

It was barely eight o'clock when he stood with Chris Folkard on the Continental platform at Victoria, grimly awaiting the mail-boat express for Dover and Calais. In it came. Pale, silent, crushed, Folkard sank into his seat. And then Bastable drew breath quite freely.

The day ticked quickly by. If more than once, as he heard Greta singing to herself, he felt a sharp twinge of his nerves, it was more than balanced by the certainty that within a few hours his two carking problems would stand solved.

Ten minutes to 11 p.m. Greta had kissed him and gone up to her room. The emergency revolver and handcuffs were ready at hand. He slipped out, picked up one by one the half-dozen plain-clothes men told off to await his instructions, whispered to each in turn as to what was afoot, and went on ahead by himself. The one risk that Chris Folkard might have flashed a telegram of warning to the gang from Dover he had rendered doubly remote by a discreet official message of his own to the authorities there.

Bridgewater Street lay in the quiet outskirts of Clapham. Reaching it within twenty minutes, he took a quiet survey. It showed him a row of old-fashioned, detached houses, and that Number Seven had a deep belt of evergreens running beneath the marked window. A minute later he was comfortably ensconced behind the belt of evergreens. A minute later still there came the faint signal which told that his men had completed a circuit of the premises.

Twelve! Some clock boomed out the notes; but nothing else sounded. Twelve-thirty—one o'clock—but no sign of Long Sorrell and Co. For a little longer Detective-Inspector Bastable endured his cramped position, and then he stole out to reconnoitre. No; his men had seen or heard nothing of the projected burglary at Number Seven. The obvious truth had to be met and swallowed at a gulp; for some reason or other the attempt had been abandoned. The coup had failed to materialize.

Slowly and reluctantly, leaving his men, Bastable made his way homeward. He was not beaten, but he was baffled. He would go to his study and think things over over a cigar. Then, in the morning—

He had just closed the hall door quietly. A creak on the staircase sounded very queer just then. Tip-toeing forward, he made out a pale, intent face craning over the balustrade. It was Greta's.

"Dad!" she whispered, in a dazed way. "Is that you?" I could not sleep. I was afraid that something had happened—that you had—"

It trailed off. She put out her hands to him with a little cry.

"Dad! Have I dreamed it? What have you done? What brought him here so late, in that way?"

"Who?" he jerked out, standing very still. "What do you mean?" "Chris! He rang the bell soon after eleven o'clock, and I heard Jane tell him you were just gone out. He asked to see me. I came down—I could not believe it. He looked so pale—so strange! He kissed me as if for the last time. He had something to tell you that would not keep till morning—he

house and reputation. We fought in the darkness. The other two got away; but the one you wanted most—the one who plans all—lies there!"

He pointed, his breath coming in gasps. And then, only then, they realized. There, at the foot of the couch, the tapestry hangings torn into strips and bound about him, a gag thrust within his teeth, lay a man. It was Long Sorrell. Balham's scourge was bagged.

They took in the bare fact, and no more. The "leper"—the man to whom they owed it all—had suddenly thrown back his head and fallen. With a hoarse cry Bastable went down on his knees beside him, to stumble back in horror. There was a pool of crimson on the carpet. While they stood the life-blood had been silently dripping from the man who was thought to be beyond the ennobling influence of woman's love. Long Sorrell had carried a knife and had used it. The price had been paid.

"No, he is not to die," the doctor said, hours later, in answer to a woman's shushed whisper. "There was only a margin of minutes. I own, but—well, there is every hope if you let him know there is such an incentive for him to live!"

And Greta must have whispered, for Chris Folkard lived. Through love he had found his redemption! —London Tit-Bits.

GLORIOUS PIG STICKING.

An East Indian Sport Full of Thrills and Danger.

Of all the sports the most exciting, the most wildly exhilarating, says a writer in Baily's Magazine, is surely pig sticking. While waiting for the beaters to come up when driving for deer or bison or tiger the pulses gallop, time flies and excitement quivers in every nerve and muscle, but it is nothing to the tension attendant on the wait at the edge of the jungle for the break of the old gray bear as he comes out, usually in a reluctant, surly manner, and proceeds to cross the open toward the next bit of cover.

Then the gathering up of your reins and the fresh grasp of your spear as you look with straining eyes—now in the direction of the captain of the hunt for the signal to go, now to the animal itself, inwardly praying that he may not turn back into cover. And then when the word "Ride!" is given—the mad rush, the utter inability to see anything to stop you, the overpowering anxiety to beat every one, be it your greatest friend or greatest enemy, and get first spear.

Your heart is in your head. There is nothing in the world to you but your lanky gray monster striding away in front and your frantic desire to run him through. Hours are lived in moments. Your horse and you are one animal, with but one unfulfilled wish in the world, a wish you art both doing your very utmost to gratify.

In no other sport perhaps is there so much real danger, yet, strange to say, accidents are really very few. I have ridden in cold blood—very carefully—over ground that I and my comrades have ridden over helter skelter after pig previously, and to say that I have been astonished is but to describe my feelings in the very feeblest way. How the horse kept their footing it is impossible to say. All I know is that they did.

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I. Love Completes All Virtues, and Makes Perfect All the Good Things of Life.—Vs. 1-3. Eloquence, uninspired by real love, not seeking the highest good of the hearer, is but sounding brass, or a tinkling cymbal; mere noise without harmony, without meaning, without the soul of music. This is true even if we had the gift of tongues bestowed by the Holy Spirit at Pentecost, and could express in every language with the utmost eloquence, every rapt emotion, every highest experience and ecstasy of the human heart, that "harp of a thousand strings"; yea, though I have the eloquence and perfect language of the angels.

On the other hand, eloquence is one of the most powerful instruments of love in persuading men to repent, in moving men toward righteousness, in portraying the blessedness of serving Christ. Despite not these gifts, but transform and give them power as the instruments of love. Then they are sweet as the music of the angel harpers in heaven.

II. The Spectrum of Love. The Qualities Which are Combined in Perfect Love.—Vs. 4-7. The absolute importance of love, as an essential part of all virtues and actions, has been shown in the first three verses.

Our next duty is to learn what love is. Like life, love cannot be defined, but it can be described and recognized by what it does, by its fruits, by the expression of its qualities. It is like life. The greatest scientists cannot tell what it is in its essence, but only describe it by qualities and results. All the qualities together do not make life or love.

"Love is a compound thing," Paul tells us. It is like light. As you have seen a man of science take a beam of light and pass it through a crystal prism, as you have seen it come out on the other side of the prism broken up into its component colors—red, and yellow, and violet, and orange, and all the colors of the rainbow—so Paul passes this thing, love, through the magnificent prism of his inspired intellect, and it comes out on the other side broken up into its elements. And in these few words we have what one might call the spectrum of love, the analysis of love.

III. Love is Imperishable.—Vs. 8-12. Love, like light, shines on however it may be received. Men may hate it, but love continues. Men may get so hardened as not to be influenced by it, but God loves them still. Men may persecute and injure and rebel against and hate those who love them, but these things cannot destroy the love. Love is like the laws of nature; you may break them, but they do not change; you may defy them, but they work right on; you may use them and may trust them un-
lest, deepest, happiest, most per-

CLOTH OF CLOAK TISSUE

NEW WATERPROOF FABRIC
MADE IN FRANCE.

Now Manufactured on a Commercial Scale—Better Than Rubber Cloth.

A new fabric has been brought out in France, known as tissue-liege, or cork tissue, and it is now manufactured on a commercial scale, according to the Scientific American. Cork, cut in very thin layers and treated so as to be quite flexible, is applied to almost any kind of woven fabric for this purpose. In this way a fabric is obtained which is quite waterproof, and very light, odorless and comfortable in general. It is designated specially to take the place of rubber cloth and to overcome the numerous disadvantages of the latter.

CLOTH AND CORK.

The cloth fabric is faced with the thinly cut-cork upon one side only, leaving the outer side of the usual appearance. It desired in certain cases the cork layer is placed between two layers of cloth. In the process of manufacture the cork is given a preliminary treatment by which it is freed of its resinous matter. It becomes quite flexible and is cut into very thin sheets. A sheet is placed upon the fabric and is tightly pressed upon it. Any of the usual fabrics can be used with the cork layer, cotton, wool, silk, ramie, jute and others. The operation does not change any of the properties of these fabrics nor their external appearance. Felt as well as leather can be employed in this way.

DOES NOT DETERIORATE.

The fabrics thus cork-lined does not deteriorate in the course of time, which is the case with rubber cloth. It is well known that rubber, especially in thin layers, quickly deteriorates and after a time becomes brittle and cracks, thus losing its waterproof character. Because of the lightness of the cork, a garment made of tissue-liege is scarcely over half a pound heavier than the same when untreated. Those who feel the weight of rubber cloth garments will see this advantage at once. It might be thought that the cork could not be supple when thus applied, but in reality it is made as supple as cloth; for the cork is treated so as to be quite freed from the resinous bodies which make it brittle, and is cut in very thin layers of 1-10th millimetre (1-250th inch). It is somewhat surprising to see that such a cork fabric can be bent and folded down without the slightest sign of breaking, and, in fact, the cork is now as flexible as cloth, owing to the extraction of the resinous parts.

TORPEDOES AND DESTROYERS

Types of Each Rapidly Changing in the British Navy.

The day has gone by when the torpedo can be regarded as an unreliable instrument of war of strictly limited use. To-day the British Navy is about to be equipped with a torpedo which will carry a destructive charge of upward of 200 pounds, and will possess an effec-

ABOUT THE HOUSE

NOVEL BREAD RECIPES.

When Kneading Bread.—When kneading bread sponge, cut with a sharp knife several times. This saves time and labor and makes bread fine grained and light.

Brown Bread.—Here is a recipe for an excellent brown bread: Two cupfuls of graham flour, one cupful of white flour, one-half cupful of the best New Orleans molasses, two cupfuls sour milk, pinch of salt, one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in the milk. Bake one hour in a moderately hot oven.

Graham Bread.—Soften one-third cake of compressed yeast in one-half cupful of water. Add a second half cupful of water, a cupful of scalded and cooled milk, with two tablespoonfuls of butter, a teaspoonful of salt, and three table spoonfuls of molasses. Stir in two and one-half cupfuls of graham flour and one and a half cupful of white flour. Mix thoroughly, but do not mould. Let stand over night. In the morning cut down with a knife, and turn into bread pans. Shape with the knife and when again light bake one hour.

Baker's Buns.—One pint light bread sponge, one-half pint warm water, one-half pint butter, one-half teaspoonful of sugar, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one egg. Add water to light bread sponge. Beat egg light and stir rapidly. Add butter, sugar, and salt; add enough flour to make a soft dough. Knead well and let rise, then knead light again. Cut off pieces the size of a small egg, make round, and place in pans two inches apart. Let rise, then mash down lightly with the fingers, let rise again, and then bake in a moderate oven. This will make thirty buns.

Tea Biscuits.—One quart of flour, one teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful sugar, three teaspoonfuls baking powder, one tablespoonful of lard, one pint of sweet milk or water. Water makes more tender than milk. Sift together flour, salt, sugar and baking powder. Rub in the lard cold, add milk or water to form into a dough as soft as can be handled. Flour the board and roll out, cut with a small tin cutter, and bake in a good hot oven about twenty minutes.

Coffee Cake.—One cupful of sugar, one cupful of syrup, one cupful of strong cold coffee, three-fourths cupful of lard, two eggs, level teaspoonful each of ground cinnamon and cloves, one-fourth of grated nutmeg, one teaspoonful of vanilla, one teaspoonful of cornstarch, one pound chopped raisins, one teaspoonful of baking soda, a little salt, and three and one-half cupfuls of flour. If desired a cupful of chopped nuts can be added. Beat and stir thoroughly. Bake in a six quart pan in a slow oven for two and one-half hours. Keep cake covered for one hour when first put in oven.

EASILY MADE DAINTIES.

French Fried Onions.—Peel the onions, cut in one-fourth inch slices and separate into rings. Dip in milk, drain, and dip in flour. Fry in deep fat, drain, and sprinkle with

few hints that will make less work for the housekeeper will not be amiss. Your jelly bag, of course, is perfectly clean to start with. After picking over and washing the fruit put it right into the bag, put the bag into a large kettle and add whatever amount of water you desire. Boil it this way a little longer than you would without the bag. This way of doing saves one the awkward task of dipping up the hot fruit into the bag and often scalding one's self in so doing.

When boiled sufficiently the bag can be lifted out and set in a porcelain colliender on top of the kettle to drain and left there till the next day, if necessary. This is all quickly done and one is saved the trouble of hanging the bag up to drain, for there never seems to be any place to hang it out of the way. Before this plan suggested itself to me jelly making was a much harder task, while now I do not dread it at all. I would say, however, that I have never tried it for currants or berries because those fruits do not need much water or boiling, but for green gooseberries, grapes, rhubarb, or any of the larger fruits it is an excellent plan. Mrs. William Moore.

USEFUL HINTS.

When you put your corsets on in warm weather, dust them thoroughly with talcum powder. To fasten corset cover in front use the little strap that comes on the hose supporter.

To make candles burn brightly, roll them in fine salt and put them on the ice for a few minutes. If wax, warm them slightly before rolling in salt.

To remove tar stains, moisten with olive oil, then a tepid lather of white soap and water. Put this over a pail and let it drip through. Do not wring. Put a large bunch of mignonette on the table where you have flies and you will be surprised how few remain in the room.

To restore the atmosphere of the room after it has been fumigated with formaldehyde, sprinkle the floor thoroughly with aqua ammonia, the kind sold at the groceries will do, and hang cloths about the room wet with ammonia.

For burns, apply thin slices of raw potato, or if you have time scrape it and bind tightly. Change often.

For bites apply vaseline and burnt alum; lemon juice for bee stings; common bluing for bites of any insect, or vaseline, lard, and burnt alum can be applied.

For vaseline stain, soak in cold water for half an hour or longer. Then apply warmer water, and finally wash in strong white soap and boiling water. If white goods, put in the sun.

Cream of tartar will remove iron rust. To take iodine stains from linen, make a thick paste of ordinary starch and cover the stains, and then apply heat—either that of the sun or stove. For carbolic acid burn apply vinegar at once, and then make a poultice of stale bread and vinegar. This holds good for a burn from lye.

For the hair five drops of kerosene, ten drops of olive oil. To this add ten drops of extract of violet, and rub in thoroughly with the tips of the fingers at night. Especially good the day before you are going to shampoo your hair.

When white goods are grass stained, saturate them with paraffin and put them out in the sun. When you are riding on the cars, and wish

French Fried Onions.—Peel the onions, cut in one-fourth inch slices and separate into rings. Dip in milk, drain, and dip in flour. Fry in deep fat, drain, and sprinkle with salt. Try this preparation with your next slice of beefsteak.

Carrots with Green Sauce.—Boil a cupful of green peas till tender. Wash, scrape and chop carrots coarsely enough to make a pint; boil in salted water till tender, from thirty to forty minutes; drain, season well and pile in the centre of a hot dish. Put the peas through a sieve, add plenty of butter and salt, and pour the thick sauce around the carrots.

Genuine German Noodles.—Beat four eggs and add a teaspoonful of salt and as much sifted flour as they will take up. Roll out thin and dredge lightly with flour. Roll over and over in a loose roll and cut in narrow slices from the end. Shake these slices out and let dry several hours, stirring occasionally. If for noodle soup, drop into the soup or broth and boil for about fifteen minutes. If for a side dish, boil for fifteen minutes in salted water, and after draining pour a little boiling water over them. They are also fine browned in butter.

Cucumber Tubs for Salad.—Select the largest of cucumbers and cut into three inch lengths. Trim off half an inch from the top and around except at each side, where small pieces of rind should be left to serve as handles. Then mark off the little bands of rind which are to run around the tub, and cut away the rest of the rind, using a sharp knife. After paring, carefully scoop out the centre. If this is done before they are pared there is danger of cutting through the wall. Put them into ice water till ready for use, then dry on a cloth. Fill with chopped cucumber, tomato, asparagus tips, cauliflower, or desired salad and stick a sprig of parsley in the top of each tub. A nice way to put salad in a lunch box is to use green sweet peppers. Remove the seeds after cutting off the small end of each pepper and stuff them with the salad. The pepper covers may be secured from falling off by sticking a toothpick through them into the main body of the peppers.

CANNING AND PRESERVING.

Canning Currants.—Pick currants from stems and wash. Put to cook with little water. When cooked through drain for an hour. Of this juice make jelly. Take the currants and one cupful of the juice. Add an equal amount of sugar and a few cloves. Boil fifteen minutes and put in jelly glasses. Spiced currants are delicious with cold meat. By using your currants in this way none of the material is wasted.

Watermelon Rind Preserves.—After the rinds are cut off of the slices of melon pare off the soft white inside and green outside. Cut the pieces left into any shapes desired; put in a preserving kettle; more than cover with water, and boil until tender. If there is not as much syrup as desired add more water. Put in three-fourths of a pound of granulated sugar to one pound of fruit and cook. Flavor with extract of lemon or boil ginger root with the rind. Children are fond of it when flavored with lemon.

Jelly Bag Hint.—Now that the jelly making season is at hand a

of the fingers at night. Especially good the day before you are going to shampoo your hair.

When white goods are grass stained, saturate them with paraffin and put them out in the sun. When you are riding on the cars, and wish to write plain, put your paper over a pillow.

For sore feet, three parts salicylic acid powder, ten parts starch pulverized, and 89 per cent of pulverized soapstone. Sift into shoes and stockings. For a canker in the mouth, two ounces honey mixed with one-half dram of powdered borax or boric acid powder.

For ivy poisoning, wipe off with alcohol and water or vinegar and water. Then make a thick paste of soda and put on the surface affected and let it remain until it dries, and then put on another poultice.

DESTROYED THEIR WORKS.

Authors Who Have Been Ashamed of Their Productions.

Mr. Kipling wants to destroy one of his poems, and also the author of it. He was sitting in his garden one day, when a street organ struck up "The Absent-Minded Beggar," which he wrote about the time of the Boer War. Mr. Kipling was silent for a minute; then he turned to someone near.

"If it were not suicide," he remarked viciously, "I would kill the man who wrote that."

Sir Arthur Sullivan liked his own setting of the song no better. A lady persuaded him to play it, and when he had finished he swung round and asked abruptly, "Well, what do you think of it?"

She thought very little of it, but she hesitated to tell him so. Instead, she ventured to remark that the words were rather vulgar.

"So is the music," was the composer's comment.

Many famous people have done their best to destroy the works of their youth. The learned Bishop Thirlwell was one of these, and it is little wonder that in his later years the Bishop did his utmost to get hold of copies of his early work "Primitiae" and destroy them.

Another clergyman, the famous Dean Farrar, in his youth fell in love with a beautiful girl. In her honor he published a volume of very sentimental verse, but, alas! the lady jilted him. When he found his real affinity in his wife he tried hard to collect and suppress the book of poems; but copies were always turning up, and quotations made from it to tease him. It may have teased him, but it certainly had not the least effect on his wife.

On the other hand, Tennyson very nearly destroyed one of his most popular poems. Mr. Edward Rawnsley was sitting with the poet in his lodgings in London, while Tennyson was busy burning some old manuscripts. He picked up "The Brook," and was just on the point of throwing it into the fire.

"Stop! stop!" Mr. Rawnsley cried. "You mustn't burn that. It is one of the best things you have written."

"Is it?" said the poet quietly, and put it back.

SAYS MCGOWAN.

"A vast difference bechune appearances an' facts. Whin a man laughs at ye, it may be because his heart is merry. It may be only th' clatter of a weak character through an impty head."

torpedo can be regarded as an unreliable instrument of war of strictly limited use. To-day the British Navy is about to be equipped with a torpedo which will carry a destructive charge of upward of 200 pounds, and will possess an effective range of over 7,000 yards, which it will be able to cover at an average speed of thirty-one knots.

Such a weapon, says Cassier's Magazine, is bound to influence battle tactics owing to its range and the accuracy with which it runs. The new torpedo in association with improved gunnery methods has already banished the familiar 6 inch gun from the newer battleships and battleship cruisers. One of the urgent naval problems of to-day is how to employ the new torpedo to the best advantage.

It is realized that it is necessary to build special vessels for its use; it is also realized that in view of the dangerous character of the service which will devolve upon these craft it is essential not only that the British fleet should possess the best type of torpedo craft but that it should have these vessels in sufficient number to provide a margin of safety in view of the inevitable casualties of war.

The new destroyers differ from anything which has hitherto been seen in the British Navy. They are to have a displacement of from 930 to 1,030 tons, with a speed of twenty-seven knots only; they will mount five 12 pounder guns, and be fitted with two torpedo tubes. The building of a destroyer is a special trade based upon scientific data and carried out with a delicacy and accuracy of workmanship which is not to be found, because it is not required, in larger vessels. The establishments which devote themselves to the construction of such craft are a national asset of no mean importance at a time when the torpedo is looming with increasing menace on the horizon.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Looking like an undertaker on Sunday will not lead the world to a better life.

He has no friends who knows only faces.

Sympathy opens the windows to life's sunshine.

The farther your life reaches the deeper its roots will strike.

Last always puts a chain on you branded: "Free Living."

The man who buries his talent usually gets busy sowing his vices. A jealous man appears to almost as good advantage as a jealous woman.

A man never has much interest in the church until he has some principal there.

A small life often takes all its time waiting for a chance at a big job.

It is better to be regarded as a prude than to rot as a mental garbage can.

Where a man's life does not reach his preaching cannot live.

People who think they were born to regulate the world are always afraid they will die from being overrighteous.

Cynicism is a pain due to attempting to eat all life's fruits too early in the season.

Half of the business of lifting people up is a matter of cheering them up.

The prayer that rises in the heart always works a way out to the feet and the fingers.

things cannot destroy the love. Love is like the laws of nature; you may break them, but they do not change; you may defy them, but they work right on; you may use them and may trust them un-
IV. The Immortal Three.—Va-
13. And now, in conclusion, abideth faith, hope, charity.

Faith Abideth. We shall never cease to trust in God, for our souls can no more live in heaven than they can here, without divine help and influence which come from trusting his as Governor, Helper, and Friend. Faith will only be stronger, more complete, in heaven than here.

Hope Abideth. For the more we gain the larger our vision of things to hope for. The more we gain our ideal, the more glorious the ideal to be gained. And this through eternal ages. We do not cease growing, developing, by going to heaven.

Love the Greatest of All. But the greatest of these is charity. Love. (1) It is greatest in its nature, noblest, deepest, happiest, most pervasive, most heavenly. (2) It brings us closest to God, makes us partakers of his nature, his children and heirs. (3) It is the one thing without which faith and hope are of little avail. (4) It is the most powerful, exerts the widest influence for good, is the strongest motive for the upbuilding of character. (5) It is universal. Every person, of every degree, may have this love. More than all other things together it makes those that have it "free and equal." (6) With faith and hope, love is eternal. The longer one lives, the more love he can have. It will expand and grow forever and ever, in increasing blessedness and glory.

WHAT - RABBITS COST AUSTRALIA.

The rabbit is an expensive little animal. A return has just been presented to the Parliament of Queensland showing how much the destruction of the pest has cost that State. The figure is a tidy one—£1,252,591. Until the early '80s there were no rabbits in Australia. Then some malignant fate prompted a squatter to import a few for sporting purposes. These became the progenitors of countless millions, and the "rabbit plague" brought about the ruin of thousands of farmers. The prize of £5,000 for an effective exterminator has never been won. Among those who had a shot for it was M. Pasteur.

WHY NOT THE AUTOMOBILE?

"So you're going away for a couple of weeks, are you?" said the neighbor very graciously.

"Yes," answered the man. "I think we'll be gone that long."

"Good," answered the neighbor. "Let us take your lawn mower and your garden hose till you get back, will you?"

CAUSE AND EFFECT.

Helen—"Of course he clasped you in his arms when the boat upset?"

Hazel—"No; just the opposite."

Helen—"Just the opposite? What do you mean?"

Hazel—"Why, the boat upset when he clasped me in his arms."

He who misses the spirit of the law always makes most of the letter.

OSAKA WAS FIRE SWEPT

JAPANESE CITY IS VERY MUCH UP TO DATE.

It is Cut and Crosscut With Canals Over Which are Many Bridges.

Osaka, the wealthy ancient city, centre of Japan's commerce, whose foreign import and export trade represents no less than \$200,000 a year and its inland and coasting trade an immense amount, lost tremendously as a result of the fire which cables say destroyed four square miles of the city. Of the 13,000 buildings reported destroyed many will be doubtless mud and bamboo, a few mats and shojis probably worth scarce a couple of hundred dollars; but Osaka also contains a great number of modern buildings of Western style, as well as castles, temples, bridges and historic structures, storehouses containing valuable merchandise and godowns with treasures of art, and the loss will run into the millions.

The city lies on the banks of the Yodogawa, the river draining Lake Biwa, and is more than 2,500 years old, one of the most ancient of Japan's ancient cities. Its great castle, one of the most striking of the city's structures, built by Hideyoshi as his seat of government in 1583, is the strongest of all Japan's castles and was the scene of many stirring events, not the least of which was the memorable siege by the Shogun Iyeyasu at the close of the great Osaka campaign of 1615. The city is built on either bank of the wide river and on Naka-no-shima, the island in the centre of the stream.

OSAKA MAKES MERRY

Canals cut and crosscut the city until the visitor is reminded more of Holland than Japan. Three great bridges cross the river, the Temma-bashi, Tenjin-bashi and Naniwa-bashi. The principal thoroughfare is the Shinsai-bashi-suji, with its fine shops, theatres and bustling aspect; it is one of the most interesting streets not only of Osaka but of Japan. In summer it is full of color, vari-colored curtains being stretched across to shade the shopkeepers from the sun, and with the bright hues of the ultramarine shop blinds with their big glaring white signs, the gay colors of the clothing of the pedestrians and the crush of ricksha coolies, etc., there is a warmth of color that is strikingly Oriental.

The general aspect of the city seen from a distance is that of a factory city. Since 1890 mill after mill has followed in quick succession and there was a forest of factory chimneys when the writer was last in Osaka. Centuries before Europe knew of Japan Osaka was the great financial and commercial centre of the empire, and it is that still. Through all the feudal era the merchants of Osaka, despised though they were by the samurai, were the bankers and creditors of the Japanese princes, and it was they who gave the daimyos gold and silver for their tribute of rice, and in the fireproof godowns of Osaka was kept the national store of rice, cotton and silk and the great captains secured the money for their wars from the despised merchants of Osaka. Count Okuma in a recent

goodness knows how many lesser ones. According to ancient custom, the various trades and industries congregate on particular streets, each trade to its street; even the theatres have their street and the fortune tellers theirs. The central part of the city has many fine buildings. The city hall is a classical Western structure with granite columns, and the post office, mint, arsenal, steamship offices—particularly the fine stone structure of the Osaka Shosen kaisha—mills, breweries, etc., are all housed in solid buildings of Western architecture. The foreign concession, dating from prior to the civil war, when the foreigners fled to Kobe to take protection under the guns of the warships, there, is also thick with Western styled buildings now occupied by Japanese, for the foreign settlement was moved to Kobe many years ago. There are many big newspaper plants, the Osaka Mainichi and Osaka Asahi being the most influential of all Japanese newspapers and having far greater circulation than the Tokio papers.

Of the structures of destroyed Osaka the great castle is the most interesting of all. It is built of stone, with bulwarks and battlements, crenelated skyline, with loopholes for the old time musketeers and bowmen with their arrows, passages from which fighting men hurled stones upon their assailants, with walls yards in thickness and a great parapet and moat, with bridges and great gates. Outside the present fortress there was formerly a second wall and parapet and deep, wide moat, but this wall has been razed and the moat filled. The destruction of this was made a condition of peace when the Shogun Iyeyasu captured the castle after the siege which closed the great Osaka campaign in 1615. There was a great palace, built by Hideyoshi within the castle, but during the civil war which preceded the restoration of the present Emperor in 1868 the buildings within the castle were set on fire by a train laid by the samurai of the Tokugawa Shogun before their final retreat and were completely destroyed within a few hours, only some of the small turrets on the walls remaining. The castle now serves as the headquarters of the Osaka garrison.

THE TEMPLES OF OSAKA

were famous in Japan, particularly the Tonneji, which occupies a vast extent of ground in the southeast section of the city. It was founded 600 A.D. and has fallen into decay many times and been renovated at the expense of the ruler. The sensation received on passing from the bright, narrow, busy streets of shops to the mouldering courts of the Tonneji is indescribable. The builders and renovators have always followed the ancient plan, and the suggestion is of long gone centuries. The neutral tones of the old timbers, the fading spectral grays and yellows of the wall surfaces, eccentricities of disjointing and extraordinary carvings under the eaves, of waves and clouds and demons, once splendid with lacquer and gold, now time whitened and smoke-tinted, indicate the age and decay. The five stried pagoda, now almost a ruin, and the moss grown stone flags of the quadrangular court surrounded by an open cloister, the Buddhist school and iris lined pond with its tortoises, the statues, stone lanterns, lions and enormous temple drum where athletic young bachelors beat rhyth-

ADVENTURE WITH A LION

A TERRIFYING EXPERIENCE IN AFRICA.

Mr. Harry Williams, the Well-Known Explorer, Nearly Lost His Life.

A thrilling account of an adventure which Mr. Harry Williams, the well-known explorer, had on the coast of Africa with a lion is graphically told in a letter which he wrote from Nairobi. The pages of fiction hardly contain its equal. "Mr. Selous and I had joined Mr. MacMillan," says Mr. Williams, "but on June 8 I was out alone, having only my two gun-bearers with me, when I saw a lion on the right, about 300 yards away. He was prowling along, and apparently did not notice me, but I could see by the swish of his tail that he was an angry beast. I put up my hand as a signal to my head gun-bearer to come up with a spare rifle, and together we worked closer and closer to the lion. The beast seemed to have no intention of stopping, so I struck one hand on the back of the other.

WOUNDED IN THE FLANK.

"The lion stopped and faced me, probably revolving the question of attack, whilst I, for my part, cogitated as to whether I should shoot or endeavor to get a bit closer. The lion seemed to decide upon retreat, for he turned suddenly and trotted away. I fired both barrels of my 450 at him, one shot reaching him in the flank. It was only a slight flesh wound, but it paralyzed him for the moment, and he sat down on his haunches like a dog. After a few minutes he got up and went into a bit of open bush.

CAME AT TERRIFYING PACE

"Not knowing what state the brute might be in, I made for a big open patch on my left front, hoping to get a better sight of him. The lion, however, had been watching me from his retreat, and at 200 yards distance he sprang out of the bush and came straight for me at a terrifying pace. I waited until he was within 60 yards, and then let him have both barrels. One shot missed him, but the other lodged in the fleshy part of his shoulder. The only effect was to infuriate him more than ever, and I now thought myself a dead man, for there was no time to reload, and the gun-bearer was not actually in reach with the other rifle. I turned and made for a bush on my right rear, hoping the beast would rush past me and give me time to reload; but it was hopeless, and turning sharply round, I stood my ground.

IN THE LION'S JAWS.

"It was a terrifying sight—the brute's jaws already open to seize me by the left shoulder and breast—but with the courage born of despair I raised my rifle in both hands and struck him across the side of the head. Almost simultaneously he ducked and seized me by the right leg, shaking me from side to side as though I had been a rat. There is no need to describe what I felt at this moment. Suffice it to say that my gun-bearer—the plucky creature, black or white, that I have ever read of—came up whilst

HOW WIRE IS DRAWN.

Securing Length and Firmness—Preventing Brittleness.

Bars of metal four inches square are heated and passed while hot and plastic through rapidly revolving rolls, reducing them to wire rods which vary from one-quarter of an inch to an inch or more in diameter, depending upon the finished size of wire wanted.

These rods, which are formed into coils as they pass through the rolls, are dipped in acid baths to remove loose scale and provide a lubricant for drawing. Drawing consists of pulling rods while cold through holes of gradually decreasing diameter drilled in steel plates. During this process the particles of metal become elongated and strained, making the wire harder and more brittle. To restore it to a proper temper it is necessary to heat or anneal it.

When a fine diameter is required there must be repeated annealings and drawings. This may be done until the bar, which originally was four inches square and four feet long, becomes reduced to a diameter of a single thousandth of an inch and extended 13,000 miles in length. Before so fine a size is reached the wire will cut into the steel of the die plate, so the usual die plates must be discarded and the drawing continued through holes drilled in diamonds, the diameter of these diamond dies decreasing by fractional parts of a thousandth of an inch. This wire affords a striking illustration of a material made more valuable by the application of labor.

From the time the bar of metal enters the furnace nothing is added to it. All the work is done with one article, which is passed through rolls and drawn through die plates until it is finished. The wire is made from an extra high grade of steel worth in the bar six cents a pound, which is much above the price of the greater bulk of steel. In the finished wire the value is increased from six cents to \$50 a pound.

Wire for fencing and the common grades of so-called market wire do not involve a high labor cost and sell at a small advance above the price of the metal bar. Other wires drawn for more exacting purposes sell at higher prices. Wire one one-thousandth of an inch in diameter is of course exceptional, being prepared for delicate electrical tests of such importance that it is deemed advisable to go to great expense to make it exactly the required size.

BONUS FOR CHILDREN.

Two French Savants Propose a Scheme.

The grave problem presented by a declining birth rate is again distressing France, which is particularly engaged at this moment in weighing the merits claimed for a plan proposed by Prof. Charles Richet, of the Academy of Medicine and M. Leroy-Beaulieu. The scheme proposes a system of bonuses for children, the bonus growing as the number of children in one family grows; that is, while the parents get nothing in consideration of the first child, they get 500f. for the second, 1,000 for the third, and so on.

Prof. Richet believes that births will be increased annually by 750,-

who gave the daimies gold and silver for their tribute of rice, and in the fireproof godowns of Osaka was kept the national store of rice, cotton and silk and the great captains secured the money for their wars from the despised merchants of Osaka. Count Okuma in a recent speech said: "Osaka is financially, industrially and commercially superior to Tokio." Kobe, known far as a great port, is really with Hyogo and Sakai an outport of the burned city. Jealous of Kobe's growth Osaka is engaged in a reclamation and harbor scheme to cost \$16,000,000, it being hoped that

THE GREAT LINERS

and big freighters which draw too much water to go now to Osaka across the bay will be attracted there when facilities are provided. Coasters come now in fleets, for Osaka is the greatest entrepot of Japan's commerce, and the junks come in great flotillas until their masts look like forests.

The street song of the Osaka coolie says: "Every day to Osaka come a thousand ships."

An idea of the commercial importance of the city is obtained when it is stated that there are more than 400 guilds in Osaka. The cotton mills load steamships for the millions of India. Most of its streets are narrow, although there are some wide thoroughfares. There are streets of three story houses and streets of two story houses, but there are square miles of houses one story high, flimsy places of mud, wattle and bamboo, with paper sides and mat floors. The great mass of the city is an agglomeration of low wooden buildings with tiled roofs. All the streets are interesting, brighter, qainter than Tokio, and the city as a whole is more picturesque.

It has been termed the Venice of Japan, for it is traversed in all directions by canals, besides being separated into several large portions by the branching of the Yodogawa. Anything more in the shape of a street vista than the view looking down one of these waterways can scarcely be found in Japan. Still as a mirror surface, the canal flows between high stone embankments supporting the houses—houses of two or three stories, all sparred out from the stone work so that their facades bodily overhang the water. They are huddled together in a way suggesting pressure from behind, and this appearance of squeezing and crowding is strengthened by the absence of regularity in design, no house being exactly like another, but all having an indefinable far Eastern queeriness, a sort of racial character. They push out queer little galleries with balustrades, glassless windows with elish balconies under them and rooflets over them like eyebrows; tiers of tiled and tiled wanings, and great eaves which, in certain hours, throw shadows down to the foundation. As most of the timber work is dark, either with age or staining, the shadows look deeper than they really are. It is a picture for an artist, this scene from a bridge across one of Osaka's canals, with the cargo boats and boats yoloed by peasants with straw hat and straw coat, like peasants of long forgotten picture books.

IT IS A CITY OF BRIDGES.

No other Japanese city has so many. Wards are named after bridges, distances marked by them. There are 189 principal ones and

may. The five tried pagoda, now almost a ruin, and the moss grown stone flags of the quadrangular court surrounded by an open cloister, the Buddhist school and iris lined pond with its tortoises, the statues, stone lanterns, lions and enormous temple drum where athletic young bonzes beat rhythmic rolls—all seem as from a past age, with only the booths for the sale of toys and oddities, the resting places where the musmus sell tea, cake and the ever-present "Beer-u" of the present.

WEDDING ANNIVERSARIES

Symbols For Each, from Cotton to Diamond.

Just why certain years were chosen for celebrating the anniversary and others were skipped, or what law dictated that certain features should belong to each celebration is not exactly known.

It is surmised that cotton is chosen as the symbol of the first anniversary, because gifts of cotton stuffs for baby clothes may be very appropriate. On the same principle, leather symbolizes the third anniversary, because baby will be learning to walk by then and will need shoes—which would appear to be celebrating baby more than mother and father. However, as the years roll on and one happy anniversary treads on another's heels the symbols grow precious until the twenty-fifth year is reached, and this is commemorated with gifts of silver. Another twenty-five years and the silver becomes gold. Not many couples live to celebrate their seventy-fifth anniversary, the day of diamonds, which seem to be rather a gaastly selection with which to honor this unusual occasion.

First year, cotton; second year, paper; third year, leather; fifth year, wooden; seventh year, woolen; tenth year, tin; twelfth year, silk and fine linen; fifteenth year, crystals; twentieth year, china; twenty-fifth year, silver; thirtieth, pearl; fortieth, ruby; fiftieth, golden; seventy-fifth, diamond.

QUEEN VICTORIA OF SPAIN.

Despite Her Leaning to English Ideals, is Popular.

Spaniards are beginning to realize that Victoria is made of stronger stuff than her husband, and, despite her open leaning to English ideas, she continues to gain in popularity.

It is known she attends bullfights only as a concession to public wish and national custom, and it would excite no astonishment were she to announce her absence from all bullfights in the future.

Against determined opposition she has effected a revision of the rules of the Spanish court, and has introduced a system which makes for the liberality of the English court, in which she was raised and from which Alfonso carried her off a bride less than three years ago.

Old-fashioned Spaniards profess to be shocked by the reforms the young queen has wrought, but just the same they have been unable to withhold admiration for her strength of will.

It has taken brief time, in truth, to mark Victoria as the most authoritative of the women sharing as consorts the thrones of the old world.

he ducked and seized me by the right leg, shaking me from side to side as though I had been a rat. There is no need to describe what I felt at this moment. Suffice it to say that my gun-bearer—the luckiest creature, black or white, that I have ever read of—came up whilst the lion was actually mauling me, shoved the rifle he carried down to me and asked me how to turn the safety catch. I had sufficient presence of mind to be able to explain in a second, and the gun-bearer fired. The lion left me and rushed into a bush five yards away, giving me time to put two cartridges in my rifle whilst still on the ground.

"Raising myself to fire, I saw that the lion was in the act of springing. I fired off both barrels from my hip at his head, the 'boy' firing at the same time, and the brute rolled over dead. I fell back again, and for a few moments hant swooned, for I had lost a lot of blood; but as soon as the second gun-bearer had come up (no gun with him), I sent him off to find camp, and bring back some men to carry me in. With some dressing which I had in my cartridge bag I tried to staunch the bleeding, but could do very little in this way. The muscles were torn open, an artery had burst, and the wounds were everywhere so deep. For an hour I lay there, and then half the camp turned up, and I was carried in on a bed. I shall never forget the agony of that journey. On reaching camp Mr. Selous and Mr. MacMillan dressed the wounds as well as they could, but that night my temperature was over 105.

BLOOD WAS DRAINING AWAY.

"On the afternoon of the next day—the 6th—I left camp with a man—Judd—in charge of me, and, after three days' travel by hand portage, I got to Lindrane, on the railway, and arrived at Nairobi on the 14th. My leg seemed to be bursting all the time, and the blood was draining away. I would have given anything for some morphia. On being brought into hospital, however, I experienced all the ease and comfort which a first-class doctor and skilful nursing were able to afford."

LIFE 5,000 YEARS AGO.

Objects Found in the Tomb of a Child.

A small exhibition, illustrative of the art and ceremonial observances of the Egyptians and of life 5,000 years before the birth of Christ has been opened at King's College, Strand, England. The exhibits are the result of last year's excavations by Professor Neville, of Geneva, and Messrs. E. R. Ayrton and L. Loat, officers deputed by the Egypt Exploration Fund to work last winter at Abydos, 400 miles south of Cairo, a place specially sacred because the head of the god Osiris was buried there.

The "finds" relate to the sixth dynasty (3,500 B.C.), the eighteenth dynasty (1,500 B.C.), and the first of the great Egyptian houses (4,700 B.C.). Among them are the objects found in the tomb of a child dating back some 5,000 years. These include the slate palette used for grinding eye paint, a copper bracelet which a child wore on wrist, and small glazed beads, and a cornelian pendant which adorned its neck.

number of children in one family grows; that is, while the parents get nothing in consideration of the first child, they get 500f. for the second, 1,000 for the third, and so on.

Prof. Richet believes that births will be increased annually by 750,000 or 1,000,000 at the cost to the State of 30,000,000f. yearly. This expenditure is to be met by death duties. They plan laying a tax of 50 per cent. on all collateral bequests and confiscating half the estate in case there is only one child. M. Leroy-Beaulieu further would reduce the salaries of unmarried employees of the State as well as of those with only one child, or with none five years after marriage.

Naturally the proposition has aroused warm opposition. It is asked whether the class which would be reached by such an offer is one worthy to be the parents of future generations. There are not lacking those who affirm that the prosperity of France rests on the principle of the small family, and who foresee revolution, chaos and national poverty if large families become general.

AT THE CLOVE HARVEST.

Trees are Beaten with Bamboo Sticks Until Fruit Falls.

Cloves are not cultivated in many of the tropical regions of the earth. A clove tree begins to bear at the age of ten years and continues until it reaches the age of seventy-five years. There are two crops a year, one in June and one in December. The tree is an evergreen and grows from forty to fifty feet high, with large oblong leaves and crimson flowers at the end of small branches in clusters of from ten to twenty. The tree belongs to the same botanical order as the guava. The cloves, which are the undeveloped buds, are at first white, then light green and at the time of gathering bright red. Pieces of white cloth are spread under the trees at harvesting time, and the branches are beaten gently with bamboo sticks until the cloves drop. They are dried in the sun, being tossed about daily until they attain the rich dark color which proclaims them ready for shipment.

ANIMAL LEARNING.

Dr. T. Zell, a German naturalist, has collected many instances to prove that animals learn by experience, and thus become wiser than their uninstructed parents. Game animals of all kinds, he avers, have learned the range of modern rifles. Geryhounds quickly learn to let rabbits alone, and foxhounds pay no attention to either rabbits or hares. Killer whales and gulls follow whaling-vessels, just as vultures follow an army. Crows begin to accompany the chamois-hunter as soon as they have seen the result of his first successful shot, and rough-legged buzzards follow the sportsman after winged game. The number of birds that kill or injure themselves by flying against telegraph-wires is much smaller than it used to be. Doctor Zell also refers to the fact that birds and quadrupeds have learned to disregard passing railway-trains, horses quickly cease to be frightened by automobiles. His instances of the intelligent selection exercised by sheep-dogs are familiar to all.

KINGS GO HOUSE-HUNTING

KING EDWARD POSSESSES EIGHT PALACES.

Most Royalties Have More Homes Than They Can Possibly Live In.

There is talk of the King acquiring a residence at Worting. The place in question is Beach House, the property of Major Eustace Loder, and is famous for its beautiful grounds, says Pearson's Weekly.

For the monarch of the greatest Empire on earth our King has comparatively few homes. Nominally he possesses eight palaces, namely Buckingham Palace, Windsor Castle, St. James's Palace, Kensington Palace, Hampton Court, Sandringham, Balmoral, and Holyrood. But practically all his time is spent in only three of these homes.

He has another residence, a comparatively small one, in the Isle of Wight, Barton Manor, which is renowned for its beautiful gardens. When this place first came into his possession it was small and, comparatively speaking, inconvenient. Extensive alterations were completed about a year ago, and in future His Majesty will make the place his headquarters during Cowes Week.

KING EDWARD'S FAVORITE.

Of all King Edward's residences, Sandringham is his favorite. Small wonder, for the place was purchased specially for him, and he has practically made it from the beginning.

Those who are old enough will remember what a lot of talk there was about the purchase of Sandringham, or Sand Dersingham, as it was originally called. It was openly said that the place was a poor investment and that it would never have been selected but for the representations of Lord Palmerston, to whose wife's son it belonged.

Werrington Park, in Cornwall, was first thought of, and the Prince—as he was then—is believed to have preferred a Cornish to a Norfolk residence.

Osborne, which was left to the King by his mother, he never was fond of. Still, it was most generous of His Majesty to make a gift of the palace to the nation, for he might have sold it for a very large sum. White Lodge, the other Isle of Wight house, which came to him at the same time, he did dispose of.

For every home which the King owns the Kaiser has more than half-a-dozen. At his accession, he came in for about forty-five palaces, castles, and hunting boxes in various parts of his dominions. This number he has increased by purchase or by legacies to fifty-four. One of his latest acquisitions was the celebrated hunting lodge of Damsmuehle, a lovely place on a lake in Brandenburg. Here is some of the finest shooting in Europe, and His Imperial Majesty paid \$500,000 for the place.

Six years ago a charming villa at Arco, in the Tyrol, came to the Kaiser by the will of Herr Wilhelm Hildebrand, of Goerlitz.

CZAR HOLDS THE RECORD.

This gentleman also left his sov-

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

Treasure Vaults as Near Impregnable as Possible.

The question as to whether the treasure vaults of the Bank of England are strong enough to resist explosives dropped upon them from airships, which was raised by a shareholder at a recent meeting, is an interesting one in view of the fact that bullion worth £40,000,000 is kept there.

And the bullion, of course, constitutes only a portion of the wealth of the Old Lady of Threadneedle Street. Jewels, plate, and similar costly articles to the aggregate value of considerably over £100,000,000 are regularly stored for the convenience of customers.

Is this treasure—the greatest, probably, that has ever been gathered together in one place—safe? Mr. E. Newby, the shareholder in question, thinks not. Putting aside altogether the hypothetical danger from future airships, to which he drew attention, he points out that tube railways have been constructed in close proximity to where some, at all events, of the subterranean strong-rooms are supposed to be situated. The inference is obvious.

Against this, however, must be placed the undoubted fact that to tunnel into one of them would be a very big job indeed for anybody to tackle. For one thing, no outsider knows the actual position of the principal treasure vaults.

The bullion room into which ordinary visitors to the Bank are conducted is more for show than use, and usually contains only about £2,000,000 worth of bar gold. It is, in fact, little more than a white-washed cellar, and the domed roof is not even thick enough to entirely shut out the sounds of the footsteps of the people immediately overhead.

Deep down below this, however, are the real treasure vaults, the innermost and largest of which is a veritable Aladdin's Cave. It is as near impregnable as possible. That is to say, very heavy charges of some high explosive, such as dynamite, for example, would be necessary to shatter it. While it can only be opened in the ordinary way by the mutual co-operation of the governor, the deputy-governor, and the chief cashier, each of whom has a different key.

IN THE EARLY DAYS.

Absurd Arguments Advanced Against Railway.

Very extraordinary are the prejudices with which human nature obstructs progress. Hardly an invention of importance has come into use without a struggle against the wilful blindness of unreasonable people. In an article in Pearson's Magazine one may learn of the ridiculous yet virulent attacks made on the railway when in its infancy.

The mere rumor of the approach of a railway within a dozen miles of a district was for a long time enough to cause a shower of adverse petitions to rain upon Parliament.

Public subscriptions would be opened to help on the opposition in much the same way as to-day good citizens of some ancient haunt of peace are up in arms against any proposals connected with electric tramways. Household-ers were told that their homes were in dan-

MONKEY ENDS HIS LIFE PUT AWAY TO ST. HELENA

PINED AWAY AFTER THE DEATH OF ITS MASTER.

Watched in Window for the Man Who Never Came—Would Not Touch Food.

Grief over the death of Dr. Monro S. Leech, of Chicago, caused the suicide of the physician's pet monkey, which refused to touch food after its master died.

Three years ago Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hartman of Irving Park made Dr. Leech a present of a baby monkey. The serious-faced animal grew and prospered under the care of the physician and his family. While it was friendly with Mrs. Leech and Miss Anna, the only daughter, Monk, as it was called, gave most of its affection to the physician.

When Dr. Leech finally was taken ill, Monk took up its post at the sick bed and refused to leave. On the day the physician died it is declared by members of the family, the animal whimpered like a child. At the funeral Monk was permitted to look for the last time on the face of its dead master. With shrill,

ALMOST HUMAN CRIES,

it clung to the casket and strong hands were necessary to pull it away.

All efforts to comfort and console Monk were useless. The night following the funeral the cries of the monkey were heard by several neighbors in the block.

When several days had passed and the monkey had not eaten, Mrs. Leech and her daughter realized that the little animal was slowly taking its life. They called several friends of the family, but none of them could induce Monk to take nourishment. They even attempted to force food down its throat, but it was much like the saying that "you can lead a horse to water, but you can't make him drink."

"Doctor always used to come home at 4 o'clock in the afternoon," said Mrs. Leech, "and Monk was always at the front window watching for him. It seemed as if the little fellow could tell time the same as a human being. The last thing Monk did was to crawl feebly to the front room and take its old position before the window. It died there, and if I ever saw a look of intelligence it was in that little monkey's eyes as it gazed longingly out of the window."

"After the doctor's death we had to remove all of his pictures from the rooms because of Monk. Whenever it would see a photograph it would seize it in its arms and cry and

SOB LIKE A LITTLE CHILD.

When we went to take it away Monk would fight desperately for its possession.

"Whether anyone believes it or not, we know and our friends know Monk committed suicide because the love in its animal heart was so great that it could not bear to live without its master. It seemed to know Dr. Leech was going to die for several days before my husband's death. It would climb up on the bed and hold its ear down to the doctor's mouth to listen for the breathing."

DINIZULU WAS THE WHITE MAN'S BURDEN.

This Gentleman Kept South Africa Continually in a State of Unrest.

The whole of South Africa breathed a sigh of relief when it was known that Dinizulu, prince of the royal Zulu line, had been sentenced to four years' imprisonment.

For the last twenty-five years—with an interval of eight years during which he was "put away" to St. Helena as a carefully-looked-after guest of the British Government—he has been a thorn in the flesh of the South African authorities.

He first appeared on the scene at the death of his father, Cetewayo, who himself helped to whiten the hair of our statesmen. This Cetewayo was in the custody of the British, awaiting the occasion to answer for his misdeeds, when (according to the official version) he died of heart disease.

The unofficial version goes that one of the chief's numerous enemies managed to obtain access to him, and Cetewayo's sudden death was the result of this visit.

Dinizulu was sixteen years at the time, and he had been carefully educated under the care of Cetewayo's Prime Minister, a gentleman rejoicing in the name of Mnyamane. After a vain attempt to succeed his father, Dinizulu appealed for help to the Boers.

CROWNED HIM KING.

With the help of these he was able to crush opposition, and the Boers crowned him king in May, 1884. As payment for their services the Boers demanded to be presented with about eight thousand square miles of territory, a demand that practically meant the dismemberment of Zululand. Dinizulu haggled over the bargain, but in the end he had to give way.

To prevent the Boers grabbing the whole place, we took Dinizulu and his warriors under one wing, but in the following year there was another row. Dinizulu rebelled, was captured, tried, convicted of high treason, sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, and banished to St. Helena.

He accepted the inevitable with fatalistic calm, and settled down on the famous island to make the best of a bad job. He wore European dress, copied the manners of the English people around him, and set to work to learn English. This last was the most difficult task, and in despair he asked his teacher what they did in England when a scholar did not make progress with his studies.

"Oh, we make them stand on a form," he was told. Soon after his teacher saw Dinizulu gravely mount a chair and stand there patiently for some time, apparently in the hope that wisdom would descend upon him.

HIS PET HOBBY.

While on the island he made a hobby of collecting liqueur-glasses, and also—not unconnected with it, perhaps—he developed an epicurean taste for gin!

His greatest wish was to see London; his greatest fear was that

paid \$500,000 for the place. Six years ago a charming villa at Arco, in the Tyrol, came to the Kaiser by the will of Herr Wilhelm Hindebrand, of Goerlitz.

CZAR HOLDS THE RECORD.

This gentleman also left his sovereign the comfortable sum of \$750,000 with which to keep up the place. Kaiser Wilhelm is supposed to have secretly purchased the island of Pilschwerder, situated in a large lake a few miles west of Berlin, and contemplates building there. The idea is that the place should be made a sort of island fortress, where its owner could take refuge in case of a rising among his not very loyal citizens of Berlin.

The Czar holds the record as palace owner. He probably could not tell you at a moment's notice quite how many dwellings call him master. They probably number ninety-three. Thirty-five thousand servants are their principal inhabitants, and of them all there are only thirty-two upon which their Royal master has so much as set eyes.

The Czar is more fortunate than his Royal brother of Italy. His civil list being the largest in the world, he can afford to keep up all these stately homes. When the present King of Italy came to the throne, he found that his fifteen palaces and country houses swallowed two-thirds of his \$3,500,000.

He therefore proceeded to put up for sale more than half his houses. The palaces at Genoa, Milan, and Palermo, together with half-a-dozen great country houses, were all disposed of. Even now he has left four great palaces, the Quirinal at Rome, and the palaces at Turin, Venice, and Naples. He also keeps the splendid model farm which his father purchased at Monza, near Milan.

ANCIENT BANQUETS.

All the banquets and larks of London and New York in a year would not cost as much as a single feast give by Nero or Lucullus. Did not Cleopatra give a city of 35,000 inhabitants to the chef who cooked a meal that pleased Mark Antony. Even Henry VIII presented a manor to the cook who prepared him a pleasing dish. Caesar, during one of his feasts, while under the influence of wine, gave Eutychus, his charioteer, a tip amounting to \$80,000. This is the largest money tip on record. He fed his charger on barley mixed with wine in a golden vase. One of his suppers cost nearly half a million dollars. An entire table setting of our present-day millionaires would scarcely amount to the value of one of the tiny and fragile murrhine wine cups of Rome.

ORIGIN OF BEAUTY.

Beauty and dignity are built from within, and the qualities thus produced are warranted to wear. Even homely features are transfigured by a noble soul, while the beauty from which soul is absent is but a joyless mask. For whatever may be said to the contrary, we are spiritual beings. The garb of flesh that the spirit for a time wears is modified and affected for the better or for the worse. The face becomes more and more, the longer we live, the reflex and the indication of the inner self.

Public subscriptions would be opened to help on the opposition in much the same way as to-day good citizens of some ancient haunt of peace are up in arms against any proposals connected with electric tramways. Householders were told that their homes were in danger of being burnt down by sparks from the steam engines. Farmers were assured that their hens would not lay eggs, or their cows give milk, if trains were allowed to go rattling about the country; and so to their game birds, it was said they would fall dead to the ground if they attempted to fly through an atmosphere poisoned by the engines' exhalations. Prospective passengers were gravely advised that they would not be able to breathe in a train travelling at twelve miles an hour.

SUPERSTITIONS OF SINGERS

Caruso's Observations of the Ways of Prima Donnas.

"We of the opera," writes Caruso in the Gentlewoman, "are often inclined to be superstitious. One woman, a distinguished and most intelligent artist, crosses herself repeatedly before taking her cue, and a prima donna who is a favorite on two continents and who is always escorted to the theatre by her mother invariably goes through the very solemn ceremony of kissing her mother good-bye and receiving her blessing before going on to sing. The young woman feels that she could not possibly sing a note if the mother's eyes were not on her every moment from the wings.

"Another famous singer wears a small bracelet that was given to her when an infant by Gounod. She has grown somewhat stout of late years and the hoop of gold has been re-enforced so often that there is hardly any of the great composer's original gift left. Still, she feels that it is a charm which has made her success, and whether she sings the part of a lowly peasant or a princess the bracelet is always visible.

"These little customs are not confined to the women singers either, for the men are equally fond of observing some little tradition to cheer them in their performance."

A TIP ABOUT EAR-TIPS.

It is a good sign for a horse to carry one ear forward and the other backward when on a journey, because this stretching of his ears in contrary directions shows that he is keenly alive to everything that is going on around him, while it also shows that he is not fatigued. Few horses sleep without pointing their ears in this way, so that they may receive notice of the approach of objects in every direction. When horses or mules march in company at night, those in the front direct their ears forward, those in the rear direct them backward, and those in the centre turn them laterally, or across. The whole troop, indeed, seems actuated by one common feeling—namely, safety of all concerned.

A loafer may make a hit with some people, but he doesn't get paid for it.

During the courtship a young man usually thinks the girl in the case is an angel, but after marriage she sheds her wings.

so great that it could not bear to live without its master. It seemed to know Dr. Leech was going to die for several days before my husband's death. It would climb up on the bed and hold its ear down to the doctor's mouth to listen for the breathing."

Monk's attributes in life were a loving and affectionate disposition and a passion for bathing. It insisted on having a bath every morning, and if anyone forgot it the pet would go down to the basement of the house and turn on the water itself. It also had a rubber doll that it bathed until most of the rubber came off. It had a table of its own, ate with a knife, fork and spoon, and otherwise conducted itself as a well educated monkey.

As monkeys are not permitted to be buried in cemeteries, the body of Monk was interred in a little patch of woods south of Chicago. A regular coffin was used, with silver trimmings and flowers and the family declares that the grave always shall be well cared for.

BRAINS AND HOUSEKEEPING.

Housework Need Not Degenerate Into Drudgery.

As a receipt for a happy home there is none better than brains and good housekeeping. The more a woman knows the more easily she achieves. Housework undirected by brains spells drudgery. The housewife with brains knows the value of system, of disregarding traditions if they mean a waste of higher powers, of making life more simple if following the fashion means strained purse.

The brain shows the utility of scrubbing, stitching and dusting as home making qualities, while the other half will never let culture run rampant while stockings are undarned and meals are helter skelter.

A woman was once asked to define her ideal housekeeping. "It is that," she said, "where the woman keeps the house and not the house the woman. Houses have a way of not only keeping the woman, but binding her with chains impossible to break unless brains form more than half the mixture used in that house's running."

REAL TRAGEDY ON STAGE.

Russian Actor Shoots Two Players, and Then Himself.

A terrible tragedy was witnessed at the National Theatre in Saratoff, Russia, recently.

In the third act of the play, which was being given, the heroine is shot by a rejected suitor and dies in the arms of her sweetheart, who arrives on the scene soon afterwards. On a recent night, to the astonishment of the audience, M. Tashnakoff, who was acting the villain, made no attempt to shoot the girl, but put a bullet through the heart of her lover, who was waiting for his cue to appear, then shot the girl, and finally turned the revolver against himself and fired.

Several women in the audience fainted, and a great many other spectators sustained injuries in the panic which ensued while endeavoring to force their way out of the theatre.

The motive of the crime appears to have been jealousy, the actors having really represented the parts they played.

While on the island he made a hobby of collecting liqueur-glasses, and also—not unconnected with it, perhaps—he developed an epicurean taste for gin!

His greatest wish was to see London; his greatest fear was that following, it may be, in his father's footsteps—he would be poisoned. But neither the wish nor the fear came to pass, and after eight years' exile he was permitted to return to Africa.

He was given a residence and a salary of \$2,500 a year; but after a year of two he became restless again, and troubles gathered thick.

He was suspected of complicity in three Zulu rebellions. The Government stood the first two, but their patience gave out with disturbances threatened in 1907.

The Government summoned him to surrender himself, and he said he would if they sent a conveyance for him. A mule cart was accordingly dispatched and in due course Dinizulu arrived, the whole of him—for he has grown enormously fat.

His trial dragged on for months, and it is said to have cost the Crown no less than \$50,000. South Africa is asking if there is any chance of getting him to settle down in a respectable old age, or if there is more trouble to follow.

WHAT WOMEN INVENT.

Safety Razors Among the Things to be Exhibited in London.

What was the inspiration of the five English women who during the last year felt that their inventive powers were put to their best use in inventing safety razors? At all events, five such appliances will be exhibited of inventions by women. The inventive spirit of English women seems well developed. There are on an average every year about fifteen hundred new contrivances patented. The greater number of these are naturally enough intended for the use of their own sex, although there are such occasional exceptions.

Other recent forms of their inventive skill when it soared far beyond the needs of mere women were shown in an automobile, a steam engine and a flying machine. Of sterner stuff than most of their sex even in the country of militant suffragettes were the inventors who applied to patent their methods of strengthening the sides of ships in their powers of resistance and the new kind of invisible shield to be worn in war. Yet these superwomen were rare among the whole number, most of whom devoted themselves to such characteristic inventions as new kinds of hats for women and children, a method of washing furs, an apparatus to kill chickens painlessly, new fangled clothes for dogs and similar evolutions of feminine necessities. This exhibition a contrast to that which will soon be opened in Paris, dedicated to proving the social misery of women through their legal and social inferiority to man. It is prophesied that the most stubborn opponent of woman suffrage will be convinced by this eloquent collection of documents, pictures and other evidence.

UNCLE EZRA SAYS.

"They's so many people takin' the rest cure that the rest uv us hev to keep cured all the while."

Does not Color the Hair

Ingredients of Ayer's Hair Vigor

Sulphur. Destroys germs that cause dandruff and falling hair. Cures rashes and eruptions of scalp. Glycerin. Soothing, healing. Food to the hair-bulbs. Quinin. A strong tonic, antiseptic, stimulant. Sodium Chlorid. Cleansing, quiets irritation of scalp. Capsicum. Increases activity of glands. Sarsaparilla. Stimulant, tonic. Domestic remedy of high merit. Alcohol. Stimulant, antiseptic. Water. Perfume.

Show this formula to your doctor. Ask him if there is a single injurious ingredient. Ask him if he thinks Ayer's Hair Vigor, as made from this formula, is the best preparation you could use for falling hair, or for dandruff. Let him decide. He knows.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

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A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
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THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

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FOR CAMPERS.

Dont's that may save many thousand dollars.

1. Don't, when in the woods, throw down a lighted match, cigar, stub or other flaming subject: make sure that the flame has been thoroughly extinguished before throwing it away.
2. Don't build your campfire larger than is necessary.
3. Don't under any circumstances leave your fire unguarded, even for a comparatively short time, see that it is dead out before you go away.
4. Don't build your fire in leaves, rotten wood or other inflammable material.
5. Don't build your fire against a large or hollow log, where it is hard to be sure when it has been entirely put out.

To these "dont's" it may be added that in windy weather or in a dangerous place, it is well to confine the fire in a hole dug clean down to the mineral soil. A fire may smoulder in the humus, or "duff" for days, only waiting for a strong breeze to fan it into a flame that may burn over miles of timber.

Summer tourists and campers unfortunately have a bad reputation among owners of timber as being often a cause of fires. Such fires could be prevented, almost without exception, by a little extra care on the part of the campers, who have been the unintentional cause of much forest destruction, and who have just as real an interest in the preservation of the forests as the owners of the timber themselves. The rules given above are the result of long experience and observation on the part of many woodsmen and lumbermen as to the origin of fires from this cause, and are earnestly commended to the attention of campers, sportsmen and others.

HOW TO WIN.

Determination and Unity of Purpose Will Work Wonders.

Once you have chosen your occupation or profession hold fast thereto. Let nothing allure you from the main traveled road. Having chosen, hold like steel. Make everything feed into the main current of your life. Even modest talents, organized and unified, have conquered great distinction and worldwide success. History is full of illustrations of the unifying power of a great purpose. Witness the poor child Hastings looking at a distant manor house that once had belonged to his father. The determination to win back that estate before he died lent power and momentum and produced Lord Hastings. Witness the influence of purpose upon that little Scotch boy, out upon a holiday on the banks of the Clyde, with three precious coppers as his entire possession. He determined to build a house on the hilltop overlooking the river

RESULTS OF CO-OPERATIVE EXPERIMENTS WITH AUTUMN SOWN CROPS.

Four hundred and ten farmers throughout Ontario conducted experiments with autumn sown crops during the past year. Reports have been received from thirty-six of the counties of the Province. Those counties which furnished the greatest number of good reports of successfully conducted experiments were Middlesex, Huron, Brant, Norfolk and Muskoka. The experimenters deserve much credit for the good work which they have done, not only for themselves but for the farmers generally. Average results of the carefully conducted co-operative experiments with autumn sown crops are here presented in a very concise form.

Winter Wheat—Four varieties of winter wheat were distributed last autumn to those farmers who wished to test some of the leading varieties on their own farms. The average yields per acre of straw and of grain are as follows: Imperial Amber 1.4 tons, 24.1 bus.; Abundance, 1.3 tons, 23.9 bus.; Bulgarian, 1.2 tons, 21.9 bus.; and Nigger, 1.4 tons, 21.9 bus.

The Imperial Amber gave the greatest yield per acre in the co-operative experiments throughout Ontario in 1907 and in 1908, as well as in 1909. It also came first in popularity with the experimenters in each of these years. The Imperial Amber will again be distributed throughout Ontario this autumn as one of the varieties for co-operative experiments. We distributed the Dawson's Golden Chaff for co-operative experiments throughout Ontario in each of twelve years, but not within the last three years. According to extensive inquiries which we have made this year, the Dawson's Golden Chaff is still the most popular and the most extensively grown variety of winter wheat in the Province.

Winter Rye—The average yield of grain per acre of each of three varieties of winter rye, distributed in the autumn of 1908, is as follows: Mammoth White, 28.1; Common, 22.1; and Washington 19.6. In the experiments throughout Ontario, the Mammoth White surpassed the Common rye by an average of 5 bushels per acre in 1907, 5.4 bushels per acre in 1908, and 6 bushels per acre in 1909.

Fertilizers with Winter Wheat—In the co-operative experiments with different fertilizers applied to winter wheat, the average yields of grain per acre for five years are as follows: Mixed Fertilizer, 25.2 bus.; Nitrate of soda, 23.8 bus.; Murate of Potash, 22.9 bus.; and Superphosphate, 22.7 bus. The unfertilized land gave an average of 19.9 bus. per acre. The Superphosphate was applied at the rate of 320 pounds and the Murate of Potash and the Nitrate of Soda each 160 pounds per acre. The Mixed Fertilizers here mentioned. The usual cost of the fertilizers as used in this experiment is between four and five dollars per acre.

Fodder Crops—In each of six years, the seed of Hairy Vetches and of Winter Rye has been distributed throughout Ontario for co-operative experiments in testing these crops for fodder purposes. In the average of six years' experiments, the Hairy Vetches produced slightly the largest yield of green fodder per acre, but in 1909 the largest yield was produced by the Winter Rye.

Distribution of Material for Experiments in 1909.

As long as the supply lasts, material will be distributed free of charge in the order in which the applications are received from Ontario farmers wishing to experiment and to report the results of any one on the following

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alix Sassa -
Rochelle Salt -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
St. Catharine's Salt -
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and **LOSS OF SLEEP.**

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35 Doses - 35 CENTS

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Actors Under King William III.

How summarily actors and managers were dealt with in the days of King William III. is shown by the petition of Alexander Davenant and others, dated Dec. 19, 1691, which has been found among the historical documents of the house of lords. These

Significantly actors and managers were dealt with in the days of King William III. is shown by the petition of Alexander Davenant and others, dated Dec. 10, 1691, which has been found among the historical documents of the house of lords. These "sharers and adventurers in the playhouse"—this seems to have reference to the Dorset Garden theater in Whitefriars—set forth that Lord Longueville, having complained of being assaulted, together with his servants, by the guard at this famous playhouse in the course of what seems to have been a rather serious fracas, the king had given orders at the desire of the peers that no soldiers should be on duty there for the future and that the players should be "suspended from acting till they had begged pardon for the affront."

The house had also, it appears, vindicated its dignity, thus outraged in the person of one of its members, by ordering a sergeant and a soldier to be sent to the gatehouse at Whitehall, then used as a prison. The petitioners having humbly solicited the "removal of the suspension upon them" and promised to "do their best to prevent the like miscarriage for the future," it is officially noted that "the suspension on the players was removed" and that "on Dec. 20 the sergeant and soldier were on petition released."—London Standard.

Not an Affair of the Heart.

They stood at her door, and there seemed to be some constraint between them.

He was a trifle older than she, and she had the advantage of him in looks too.

In his eyes there was supplication, and in hers there were disdain, scorn, rejection.

"If I might"—he began.

"No, sir," she interrupted. "It is totally unnecessary."

"But"—

"I do not wish to hear you."

"One word."

"Not one, sir."

"Well, if you won't"—

"I want nothing you can offer me."

"Not I"—

"Once for all, I tell you I want no time here today."

She shut the door and went in, and the peddler went on to the next house.

Defiant of Fashion.

"Those people don't seem to care what the world thinks of them," said the fashionable woman.

"How do you know?"

"They still play progressive euchre and croquet."—Washington Star.

A Bad Hole to Get Into.

A gentleman was going round a strange golf course with a local caddy, and after playing part of the way he pointed to a rather high wall and inquired, "Is there a hole over there?" "Yes, sir," replied the caddy solemnly; "there's the cemetery over there. Don't put yourself into a hole there if you can help it."—London Scraps.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular free.

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Sold by Druggists 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

cluded Lord Hastings. Witness the influence of purpose upon that little Scotch boy, out upon a holiday on the banks of the Clyde, with three precious coppers as his entire possession. He determined to build a house on the hilltop overlooking the river and forty years later moved into the castle, from which he looked down upon twenty ocean steamers he had built. Witness the purpose of William the Silent, filling all the days and nights for the hero struggling to deliver brave little Holland from Spain. Witness Milton's vow to write a poem that the world would not willingly let die and who therefore lived an epic life. Witness Paul's resolution to do one thing and one thing alone and who, with that unit purpose, achieved democracy for all subsequent peoples and centuries. Aimlessness will make your life like a sand heap.—Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis.

FULL OF HUMAN INTEREST.

Landscapes of the Dutch Painters of the Seventeenth Century.

The Dutch painters of the seventeenth century were as little concerned with poetic feeling as with idealism. They used their eyes and painted what they saw, but neither their imaginations nor their feelings were touched. While most modern painters interpret how the scene has affected themselves, the Dutch looked at it as something entirely outside themselves.

Otherwise the Dutch landscapes present us pictures of a pleasant workaday world or of the quiet evenings that follow after the labors of the day—never a hint of disturbance, though war and rumors of war were constant; instead, the perpetual suggestion of prosperous peace and thrifty comfort, for they abound with the evidences of busy humanity. Not only is nature brought into touch with human life by the little figures, so charmingly life-like, which animate the scene, but everywhere are the results of man's handiwork seen in little things as well as big—in the trimly kept fruit trees of a laborer's garden plot no less than in the handsome facade of a rich burgher's town house. There is no country in the world where the influence of man is so minutely imprinted upon every foot of ground, and as these artists were eager to represent the things they saw no landscapes are so full of human interest as theirs.—Charles H. Coffin in St. Nicholas.

Her Home.

Some years ago, when a part of the Japanese imperial palace was burned at Tokyo, the empress was forced to flee to one of the old daimio houses near by. It was not at all comfortable, and, as the story goes, her majesty, appreciating that her subjects would be much concerned at her living in such a mean place, sat down and wrote them a little poem in which she denied that she had changed her residence. The poem, which was in the best Japanese language, stated that her majesty's home had always been in the hearts of the people and that neither the flames nor the cold could ever drive her from that dear abode.

When Youth Wanes.

Old age has many definitions, and middle age more. But you may take it that you are not really an old man so long as you take an interest in your personal appearance. There is, not a nurse who does not know the sign of convalescence—when the patient wants to be shaved and put a good appearance in this world. And so long as the man of sixty can take an interest in the latest tie—and tie it—he is preserving his youth.—London Chronicle.

materials in 1909.

As long as the supply lasts, material will be distributed free of charge in the order in which the applications are received from Ontario farmers wishing to experiment and to report the results of any one on the following tests: 1, three varieties of Winter Wheat; 2, two varieties of Winter Rye; 3, five Fertilizers with Winter Wheat; 4, Autumn and Spring Applications of Nitrate of Soda and Common Salt with Winter Wheat; 5, Winter Emmer and Winter Barley; 6, Hairy Vetches and Winter Rye as Fodder Crops. The size of each plot is to be one rod wide by two rods long. Material for numbers 3 and 4 will be sent by express and that for the others by mail.

C. A. ZAVITZ.

C.A.C. Guelph, Ont., Aug. 18th, 1909.

Almost Disbelieved Her Eyes.

"Among the memories of my boyhood," said a New York man, "there is one odd episode that is particularly vivid. It is a conversation that I overheard one morning as I walked toward the Boston high school between two women.

"The women were talking about babies—their size, weight, health, and so forth.

"Why, when I was a week old," said the first woman, "I was such a little baby that they put me in a quart pot and put the lid on over me."

"The other woman was amazed and horrified. 'And did you live?' she asked.

"They say I did," her friend answered.

"Well, well, well," exclaimed the second woman. And she glanced at the other almost doubtfully."

In the Wrong Place.

A one legged Welsh orator named Jones was, pretty successful in bantering an Irishman, when the latter asked him:

"How did you come to lose your leg?"

"Well," said Jones, "on examining my pedigree and looking up my descent I found there was some Irish blood in me, and, becoming convinced that it was settled in the left leg, I had it cut off at once."

"By the powers," said Pat, "it would have been a very good thing if it had only settled in your head!"—London Mail.

He Had a Reason.

"I notice you are very cautious in what you say about people."

"Yes."

"Why is this?"

"Well, I ain't prominent enough to claim I was misquoted."

Time Wasted.

Boston Lady—Did you learn anything at the Woman's club? New York Lady—Absolutely nothing. Wish I hadn't gone. I had seen all the gowns before.—New York Life.

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BUSINESS METHODS.

The Necessity of Advertising and the
Efficiency of Salesmen.

A man may have several carloads of ability. He may have brains and ideas and other desirable things. But all the ideas ever "ideated" will not avail to raise a man who neglects that all important item of advertising. You simply must get attention. Of course you can get attention by firing off a revolver during office hours or you can do it by wearing loud clothes and proclaiming your kinship in the sporting fraternity. But most men who have risen from the ranks have carefully neglected to use methods of this kind.

Every office man must act as his own salesman. He must first prepare himself by increasing his efficiency. He must be able to do the work for which he is hired. Not only should he do that for which he is hired, but he must do that work better than it ever was done before. When that item has been attended to it is then time to look about for more work.

The wise employee will keep his eye

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. H. H. H. H.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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MR. THOMPSON'S MODEL.

The Way She Came to Get a Permanent Engagement.

By ALICE R. WETMORE.
[Copyright, 1909, by Associated Literary Press.]

"Where are you, Bill?" came a lazy drawl from the tiny anteroom, which Thompson designated the office.

"Here," replied that gentleman as distinctly as a mouthful of brushes would permit. "It's only Carter," he explained to his model. "Or perhaps you'd rather?"

"Oh, let him come in by all means," replied the girl. "I'd rather like to see him."

A long, clean limbed young fellow lounged in, halted apathetically for a moment behind Thompson's canvas and then sunk lazily into a pile of cushions on the floor.

The girl on the model stand scrutinized him closely and made up her mind that he was the most typically lazy man she had ever seen. His voice, his walk, his carriage, had an absolute lack of effort that was positively fascinating, and to complete the impression his long, lean face was absolutely devoid of expression.

Suddenly, however, he gazed intently and with a semblance of awakened interest at the model. The pose was rather striking. A heavy black velvet gown accentuated that peculiar transparency of coloring which accompanies a certain deep rich shade of auburn hair. A dull green background reconciled the brilliant coloring of the upper part of the picture to the dusky mysteries of the lower canvas. The pose of the figure was saved from insolvency only by the winsomeness of the face.

Carter pulled lazily at his pipe and continued to gaze at the girl with half closed critical eyes. "Nice color," he finally asserted. "By Jove, that's a wonderful pose!" with a sudden burst of enthusiasm that startled the girl. "Are you engaged after you finish with Thompson?"

The other artist opened his mouth; then, with a quiet smile, closed it again. The girl smiled, too, a little smile that curled her upper lip delicately.

"No, sir; I'm not engaged next week," she replied quietly.

"Can you come to me for a two weeks' pose then, in the mornings?"

Thompson looked dubiously at the girl. "Yes, sir, I'll come," she said.

The next Monday the model presented herself at John Carter's studio. He scarcely looked up as he greeted her.

"Oh, is that you, Miss— Do you know, I forgot to ask your name," he drawled.

"Parks," the girl supplied smilingly.

The gown he gave her was also black. He had hung heavy stuffs around and above the model stand until the black gown and the background mingled darkly and the white face and auburn hair fairly jumped from the gloom in a single, startling note of color.

Carter set to work with a feverish energy which quite transformed him. He tried first one pose, then another, in such rapid succession that the girl was positively bewildered.

When he had at last found one that pleased him he drawled apologetically, with a slow, winning smile, "I'm rather a hard fellow to get started, Miss Parks, but I won't give you much

which met Carter's held a look which even he could not mistake. The man brushed his hand across his eyes in a quick, desperate little gesture. He seemed to have brushed the old nonchalance away. He was fairly transformed.

"Want you?" he gasped. "Want you? Don't you know I want you more than anything in the world?"

"But you don't understand," the girl began finally in a voice that was somewhat smothered by Carter's broad shoulder. "There are reasons," she continued, with dignity, "why I cannot marry you."

"I am all ears," avowed Carter solemnly, "but you won't mind if I say right now that the reasons won't make a particle of difference, will you?"

"Oh, but they will. I've been deceiving you," she confessed haltingly.

"Go on," commanded Carter more soberly. All kinds of dreadful possibilities loomed up before him.

"You'll never love me when you know," she continued, with visible effort. "I—I'm not a model at all. I'm Billy Thompson's cousin," she rushed on, "and when you came in and thought I was a professional I wouldn't let Billy tell you, and—I thought it would be such a good joke, because Billy had told me how you never cared for girls or—anything, and"—

"You there, Jim?" interrupted a familiar voice from the hall. The girl fled to the model stand and took her pose. Carter dabbed lazily and with perfect composure at his canvas.

Billy strolled in, an amused look in his eyes. "Nice model," he remarked. "Can I engage you for next week, my pretty maid?"

Carter turned about lazily and regarded his friend.

"I'm afraid not, Billy," he drawled. "You see, your cousin has a permanent engagement with me."

How to Patch a Canoe.

There are several different "home-made" methods by which to repair a crack or leak in a canoe. Perhaps the most permanent is varnish or shellac and silk. Put a little varnish over the crack, place a small silk patch over the varnish, letting it dry, then varnish or shellac over the silk. Two coats will be sufficient. If it is a varnished canoe, use white silk, and the patch can hardly be detected, the silk being transparent. This may be put on both inside and outside if necessary. White lead and varnish mixed well and put in the crack is also a good permanent repair. If on a cruise in the woods and without the necessary articles to make a permanent repair, get a little spruce gum off the trees, heat and add a little grease and put over the crack. The grease has a tendency to keep the gum from getting very hard, and it will not break so easily. The silk and shellac repair is the usual remedy for a puncture in a canvas covered canoe.—Recreation.

The Dogs of Turkey.

In the matter of kindness to animals it is said that the Turk cannot be surpassed. Thus at Stamboul the wandering dogs are treated with great gentleness, and when puppies come into the world they are lodged with their mother at the side of the street in improvised kennels made out of old boxes lined with straw and bits of carpet. And frequently when a young Turk happens to be flush of money he goes to the nearest baker's shop and buys a quantity of bread, which he distributes among the dogs of the quarter, who testify their gratitude by jumping up at him with muddy paws and sniffing muzzles.



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compels everyone when suffering with headaches, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculists charges you we do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

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DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

Exhibition Dates.

Brockville, Sept. 7th, 8th, 9th.

Madoc, Sept. 13th, 14th.

Napanee, Sept. 14th, 15th.

Odessa, Oct. 1st.

Roblin's Mills, Oct. 1st, 2nd.

Shannonville, Sept. 25th.

Tweed, Sept. 29th, 30th.

Wolfe Island, Sept. 21st, 22nd.

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SOLICITED.
GRANGE BLOCK, John Street,
NEE, ONT.

on the job ahead or, better still, will
 look at a job which does not exist, but
 which should exist for the good of the
 business. The next step is to think
 out a selling talk that will get the at-
 tention, arouse the interest, create a
 desire and bring about in the mind of
 the employer a desire to do what the
 live employee desires him to do.—Book
 keeper.

His Transformation.
 Little Harold, aged six, felt very
 proud when he donned his first pair
 of trousers. Taking his three-year-old
 brother behind the door, he was over-
 heard to say, "Willie, Willie, do you
 remember me?"—Delineator.

all is not false which at first seems
 to be so.
CASTORIA
 For Infants and Children.
 The Kind You Have Always Bought
 Bears the
 Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In such succession that the girl
 was positively bewildered.
 When he had at last found one that
 pleased him, he drawled apologetical-
 ly, with a slow, winning smile, "I'm
 rather a hard fellow to get started,
 Miss Parks, but I won't give you much
 trouble once we're off."
 The girl watched the man with fas-
 cinated eyes. He worked with the
 precision and energy of a splendid ma-
 chine. His face shone with positive
 inspiration.
 As for Carter himself, he was bliss-
 fully happy. With the true artist's
 sensitiveness he felt the absence of the
 usual clash between the half-hearted,
 prosaic models and the ideals he strug-
 gled to embody by their aid. The at-
 mosphere lacked a single inharmonious
 element, for the girl seemed to throw
 her whole personality into the work.
 At last he emerged from his trance
 sufficiently to observe that a white line
 had appeared around the girl's com-
 pressed lips and that she wavered as
 she stood.
 "It must be time to rest," he ob-
 served. "Why," as he glanced at the
 clock, "you've been posing for nearly
 an hour. Why didn't you rest?" he
 demanded reproachfully.
 The girl sank into a chair with an
 amused gleam in her eyes. "I never
 saw anybody so completely lost," she
 said. "I couldn't bear to disturb you."
 The next morning he found himself
 awaiting with unmistakable im-
 patience the arrival of his model, and
 when at last she did stand before him
 with a smiling "Good morning" on her
 lips he regarded the girl with an artist's
 satisfaction.
 She was charming in her dark street
 gown. Her face was flushed and her
 eyes bright with the exhilaration of an
 autumn morning, and Carter was
 strongly tempted to put away serious
 work and make a study of her as she
 stood. He banished the idea, however,
 and soon they were at work on the
 "masterpiece." He refused to believe
 it when the noon whistle insisted that
 it was 12 o'clock and Miss Parks de-
 parted.
 The afternoon was unprecedentedly
 long. He felt strangely disinclined to
 work and finally put aside the canvas
 and brought out some unfinished
 sketches. He worked on these until he
 discovered that he had converted five
 different heads into unmistakable like-
 nesses of Miss Parks. Then he mut-
 tered something beneath his breath
 and gave up in despair.
 At the end of the last day but one
 of the two weeks Carter realized that
 the central figure of his canvas was
 completed, and the realization brought
 a poignant feeling of regret. The rea-
 son for it came when it suddenly
 flashed upon him that tomorrow was
 Miss Parks' last day. And then it was
 that Carter made a discovery that a
 less inexperienced man would have
 made long before. It came with such
 a shock that he was fairly stunned.
 He, John Carter, the most unimpre-
 sionist of men, in love with his model!
 When Miss Parks appeared the next
 day he greeted her with his usual
 cheerful "Good morning," but not an-
 other word was spoken until she had
 taken the old familiar pose—for the
 last time, he said to himself, with a
 pang.
 There was a strange restraint of
 which both were aware. At last,
 "This is the last day of the pose," the
 girl ventured. Carter worked furiously.
 "Yes," he answered shortly. An-
 other pause. "Then you won't want
 me any more?" The girl's voice strove
 hard to be commonplace.
 Carter threw down his palette in de-
 spair. The girl kept her pose bravely,
 her pretty head tilted, but the eyes

Turk happens to be dush of money he
 goes to the nearest baker's shop and
 buys a quantity of bread, which he
 distributes among the dogs of the
 quarter, who testify their gratitude by
 jumping up at him with muddy paws
 and sniffing muzzles.

Madoc, Sept. 13th, 14th.
 Napanee, Sept. 11th, 15th.
 Odessa, Oct. 1st.
 Roblin's Mills, Oct. 1st, 2nd.
 Shannonsville, Sept. 25th.
 Tweed, Sept. 29th, 30th.
 Wolfe Island, Sept. 21st, 22nd.

CANADIAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION

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August 28th - 1909 - September 13th

Greatest Live Stock Exhibit on the Continent.
in active operation.

Forty industries

ADMIRAL LORD CHARLES BERESFORD
 will officiate at opening ceremonies on Tuesday, August 31st.

MILITARY YEAR AT THE FAIR
 Model Camp—Victoria Cross and Wrestling on Horseback Competitions be-
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Dreadnoughts
in
Naval Battle

GREAT DOUBLE BILL OF FIREWORKS
THE SIEGE OF KANDAHAR
BATTLE OF THE NORTH SEA

1000 Men
in
Uniform

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 For all information write Manager J. O. ORR, City Hall, Toronto.

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Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)
 Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could
 not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mrs. E. R. McBRIDE, Napanee, Ont.
 My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would
 die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin
 Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby im-
 proved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the
 same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best
 medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these
 Tablets.—Mrs. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.
 We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not
 offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package.
 Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee.
 All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

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 When writing please mention this paper.

LANCASTER, ONT. CARRIED BY "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

These Wonderful Fruit Juice Tablets
Are Winning Friends on Every Side.



Lancaster, Ont., Sept. 16, 1908
I was a martyr for many years to that distressing complaint, chronic Constipation. I tried many kinds of pills and medicines without benefit and consulted physicians, but nothing did me any real good. Then I began to take "Fruit-a-tives," and these wonderful little fruit tablets entirely cured me.

At first, I took five tablets a day, but now I take only one tablet every two days. I am now entirely well, and thanks to "Fruit-a-tives," I give you permission to publish this testimonial.

(Madame) Zenophile Bonneville.
This is only one more link in the chain of proof that "Fruit-a-tives" never fail to cure Constipation or non-action of the bowels. 50c a box, or 6 for \$2.50, or trial box 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

AGENTS WANTED

To canvas your own
Neighborhood.

Make Home Money

in your spare time.

For particulars apply

BOX 622, NAPANEE.

County of Lennox and Addington

Treasurer's Sale of Lands for Taxes.

COUNTY OF LENNOX & ADDINGTON, BY VIRTUE OF A WARRANT under the hand of the Warden and the Seal of the County of Lennox and Addington, bearing date the 20th day of July, 1909, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands mentioned in the following list for arrears of taxes due thereon and the costs as therein set forth.

I hereby give notice that unless the said arrears and costs are sooner paid shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the taxes and costs, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, by Public Auction on THURSDAY, THE (FOURTH) 4th DAY OF NOVEMBER (AND THE FOLLOWING DAY IF NECESSARY) in the present year 1909, beginning at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, in compliance with the provisions of the Assessment Act.

The public will please remember that this is a Strictly Cash Sale. Private cheques will not be taken in settlement of purchase unless accepted by the bank on which they are drawn.

MAN'S ENEMIES.

The Small Foes Are the Most Deadly and Destructive.

In one of Herbert Wells' brilliant stories the terribly scientific and practically invincible Martians who have invaded the earth and conquered England are stopped in the midst of their victories and utterly destroyed by the attacks of microscopic foes. Infinitely small organisms, germs of diseases to which man has become in some degree immune, slay the wonderful warriors of a planet never invaded by these earth foes. What the greatest battleships and the heaviest guns could not do the unseen and unknown living seeds of death accomplish.

More clearly every day the world understands that in the life and affairs of mankind the most deadly and destructive foes are extremely small. All of the fierce mammals and poisonous serpents of Africa do not kill as many human beings in ten years as the tsetse fly slays in one. The tigers and cobras of India kill their thousands every year, but the rats which spread the germs of the bubonic plague destroy their tens of thousands. In this country the common housefly undoubtedly causes more deaths than all the venomous snakes, wild beasts, mad dogs, runaway horses and ill tempered bulls ten times over. The actual proportion is probably much higher than ten to one.

MAN AND MONKEY.

Difference Between the Human and Animal Method of Thought.

The difference between the animal and the human idea of what constitutes "knowing" comes out nicely in a piece of work done at Clark university—A. J. Kinnman's study of rhesus monkeys, the Bandar-log of the "Jungle Book."

The monkey, following the usual procedure, learned to get his food from a box, the lid of which fastened with a key. The key, however, could not be withdrawn from the lock. After the monkey had become familiar with the device and could operate it as readily as a man could do the experimenter took the key out of the lock and laid it on the floor in front of the box. The monkey picked up the key, played with it, but made no attempt to use it. Then the experimenter took up the key, and, fifty times in succession, with the monkey two feet away watching every motion, he unlocked the box. The monkey would have starved before he imitated that simple act. He had learned to open the box by making certain movements. He had no idea of the key as an instrument in the process. We sometimes think instruments and means and causes. The animal thinks largely motions.

BY-LAW No.

A BY-LAW TO RAISE BY WAY OF
LOAN THE SUM OF \$18,000.

Passed 1909.

Whereas the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington have resolved to raise by way of loan the sum of \$18,000 to cover the expenditure on County Roads during the current year.

And Whereas in order thereto, it will be necessary to issue a debenture of the said Corporation as hereinafter provided for the sum of \$18,000 (which is the amount of the debt intended to be created by this By-Law.)

And Whereas it is desirable to make the principal of said debt and interest repayable by yearly sums during the period of twenty years being the currency of the said debenture, said yearly sums being of such respective amounts that the aggregate amount payable in each and every year for principal and interest shall be as nearly as possible equal to the amount so payable in each of the other nineteen years of said period as shown in Schedule "A" hereto annexed.

And Whereas the total amount required by "The Municipal Act" to be raised annually by special rate for paying the said debt and interest as hereinafter provided is \$1383.66.

And Whereas the amount of the whole ratable property of the said Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington, irrespective of any future increase in the same, according to the last Revised and equalized Assessment Rolls of the County is \$8,457,026

And Whereas the amount of the existing debenture debt of said County of Lennox and Addington is \$48,300.00 whereof no part of principal or interest is in arrear.

And Whereas the said Corporation has not raised by By-Law or By-Laws for contracting debts or loans any sum of money over and above the sum required for the County's ordinary expenditure since the 6th day of June, A. D., 1908.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington, enacts as follows:

1. That for the purpose of raising the sum of \$18,000 as aforesaid, a debenture of the said County of Lennox and Addington amounting to the sum of \$18,000 shall be issued on the day of 19 which said debenture shall be dated on the date of the issue thereof and shall be payable within twenty years thereafter, namely in the sums of \$1383.66 in each and every year and shall be payable on the day of in each of the years from 1910 to 1929, inclusive, at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation at the Town of Napanee in the County of Lennox and Addington.

2. The said debenture shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1/2 per centum per annum, payable yearly on the day of in each and every year during the currency thereof and shall have attached thereto coupons for the payment of then said interest and installment of principal and the said debenture and coupons shall be signed by the Warden and countersigned by the Treasurer and Clerk of the said Corporation and the Clerk shall attach thereto the corporate seal of the said County.

3. That during the currency of the said debenture there shall be raised annually by special rate on all the ratable property of the County of Lennox and Addington, the sum of \$1383.66 for the purpose of paying the amount due in each of the said years for principal and interest in respect of said debenture as shown in Schedule "A" hereto annexed.

4. That the said debenture shall be issued and negotiated by and under the supervision of the Finance Committee of the Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington and the said Council does hereby authorize and depute on its behalf the said Committee to issue and negotiate the sale of the said debenture under the provisions of the By-Law.

5. That the funds derived from the negotiation and sale of the said debenture shall be deposited in an agency of a chartered Bank at Napanee, to the credit of the said corporation.

6. That this By-Law shall come into force and take effect upon, from and after the full passing hereof and shall remain in full force and effect until the debenture is

ANNE'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

A Call That Made Her Sure About
Her Own Heart.

By EMILY HODGES.

[Copyright, 1909, by Associated Literary Press.]

"You're very foolish and very headstrong, Maisie, and you're going to be sorry some day," Anne said severely.

She was sitting before the glass, putting cold cream on her face, and Maisie was watching her from the bed.

It was to pretty Maisie a very funny performance—Anne's nightly comforting of her complexion with cold cream. She wondered if she would do the same when she was thirty-six and unmarried. But she would not be unmarried at thirty-six. Of course not. There was Dick, and she was determined to marry Dick, no matter what Anne or Aunt Hannah said. It was about Dick that Anne was talking now.

"You know as well as I do," Anne went on, "that you are too young even to think of marrying, and, anyway, Dick Launt isn't a person you should consider for one moment." Anne closed the cold cream box, with a sigh. "When you do marry I want you to have some one who is worthy of you."

"Is that the reason you've never married?" Maisie asked innocently.

Anne flushed under the cold cream. "That was the reason," she returned steadily.

"Haven't you ever been sorry?" Maisie persisted. She wished Anne had not hidden her face by turning out the gas—the voice, Anne's voice, told so little.

"I—I don't know that I have been. Good night, dear." And Maisie had nothing to do but answer obediently. "Good night, Anne."

But long after Maisie was asleep Anne lay awake thinking.

Sixteen years—what a long time that was! She was twenty that summer, just out of school, and she had a pink dress aloft with ruffles. One day when she had been wearing that dress she had met Dwight Marshall. He was a good deal like Dick Launt—big, clear-eyed, ready to laugh. Like Dick, too, he was a plain working-man and had come from a long way off to find work in Hassell. It did not take Dwight long to fall in love with the pink dress and her, and it did not take her long to see it. He was her first beau, and straightway the world was made over for her.

But her mother was watch and ward. She had had to make many sacrifices in order to educate Anne, and she was worthy of the best. Mrs. Hall did not by any means consider Dwight Marshall the best, and she was determined that he should not have Anne. She appealed to Anne's pride and reason and after a time had the satisfaction of seeing her arguments prevail. Anne gave up her lover. He was hurt, disappointed, bitterly angry.

"This is your mother's doings," he said.

"No," Anne lied proudly; "it's mine. You aren't good enough for me."

"You'll be sorry for this some day," he returned. And that was his last word to her. She had never seen or heard from him since. She probably never would again. And now here was Maisie in the same boat in which she herself had been. But Maisie's heart would not be broken. Hers had not been. There had been times, in

with a kiss.
"Why, Anne, you look real pretty," Maisie said, yawning. "But your hair is mussed up awfully."

"Maisie," Anne said solemnly, sitting down upon the edge of the bed and taking hold of Maisie's hand in a most unusual way—"Maisie, I want to tell you something. I've been a fool for years and never found it out until tonight. And I don't mean you shall be the same kind of fool. That man who came tonight was the one I might have married sixteen years ago—and didn't. But I'm going to marry him now."

"And—and, Maisie, I've been talking to mother, and you can have Dick any time you are ready. Dick's all right. He—Dwight knows him; they come from the same place."

"I thought I could forget," Anne went on gently after Maisie's ecstasy of surprise and joy had somewhat subsided, "and I've tried hard for sixteen years, but when you really love there's no forgetting in this world. I've been loving Dwight right straight along, and the minute I saw him tonight I knew it. I've missed a good many years of happiness, and I meant to make you miss a good many years of happiness in the same way. It wasn't because I was wicked, dear, but because I didn't know. I do know now."

Maisie smiled wisely.

"I knew all the while," she said.

Peculiarities of Crime.

One of the strangest peculiarities of human nature is its inclination to imitate the misdeeds of others. Crime is epidemic. A particularly dreadful murder, the details of which are set forth in all the newspapers, often has the effect of inducing similar crimes. One of the reasons and probably the chief reason why public execution were abolished in England was that instead of acting as a deterrent the execution had the contrary effect of inciting to murder.

Some years ago a woman of Geneva, named Lombardi, killed her four children. She admitted that she had been reading of a woman who killed her husband, and the very circumstance account had made her wish to imitate the crime, but as her husband was dead she killed the children. This is only one instance out of hundreds which have come to our notice.

The infectious nature of self murder receives a striking testimony in the following incident: Dr. Oppenheim of Hamburg had to examine the body of a man who had cut his throat and had died after some days of suffering. The medico told his assistant that death would have been immediate if the man had made the cut in a way which he illustrated, and he was startled two days later to learn that his assistant had attempted to commit suicide by lacerating himself in that very manner. The man admitted that he had never thought of suicide until the day of the examination and the doctor's remark.—London Globe.

Crawford's Care as a Writer.

Mr. F. Marion Crawford, we are told once agreed to write for the London Sphere a novel with Dante for its hero. "The Harvest of the Sword" was to have been its title. The letter which he wrote to Mr. C. K. Shorter explaining his failure to fulfill his promise testifies to his conscientious care in authorship:

"I can only say that it is in no sense my fault if I cannot give you the book after all at the time appointed and that if I succeed in writing it you of course have the first claim to it for serial publication if you still wish to use it next year. I have worked at the manuscript unremittingly for months. I began it four times. I have done everything to my power."

DESERONTO.

A serious accident occurred to Laura, the small daughter of Mrs. Joseph Larondo. The child was playing in the back yard. An old cupboard fell on her, breaking her right leg and at the same time, Peter, her brother, was badly bruised on the knee.

Herbert Dyer won second prize in Belleville five mile race on Wednesday and also came first in the two mile race.

On Thursday a good deal of damage was done to the dwelling of Mr. Howard on Pearl street by fire.

J. Clarey Ray, dentist, from Chesterville, has opened a parlor here.

On Thursday of last week after a brief illness, death claimed a very highly respected old gentleman, in the person of William Martin, aged seventy-seven years. Deceased was born in Tavistock, England, coming to Belleville. For the past twenty-nine years he resided in Deseronto. On Monday evening he was taken ill, and on Tuesday it was found necessary for him to undergo an operation. In religion he was a member of the Methodist church and in politics a conservative. He is survived by his widow, five sons and seven daughters. The funeral was conducted from his residence on Green street on Saturday morning by the Sons of England, he being a charter member. The service was conducted by Rev. G. H. Copeland, after which the remains were placed in the family plot at Belleville cemetery. Rev. Mr. Campbell, an old friend, conducted the burial service, after which the service of Sons of England, conducted by Rev. T. J. O'Connor-Fenton, was read. The floral tributes were numerous.

Messrs. A. E. and W. G. Wonnacott, of Belleville, are spending a vacation with Mr. and Mrs. H. Wonnacott.

Miss Francis Jamieson, of Haileybury, ss the guest of Miss Anna MacGaughey, "Hill Crest."

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hatch, of Oshtawa, are spending a few weeks with his aunt, Mrs. Samuel Allen.

Mrs. Dr. Geldis and daughter, Miss Naydene, of Arden, are spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Geldis.

Mrs. Edward Costigan, of Toronto, spent Wednesday with friends in town.

Edward Murphy, of Toronto, is spending a few days with H. M. Rathburn.

Miss May Ellis and Mrs. James Fairbairn returned home on Monday, after a pleasant visit with relatives at Bridgeport, Conn.

Charles Martin, of Vernon, B. C. is spending a few weeks with his mother, Rev. H. A. J. Strike and Mrs. Strike, of Campbellford, are spending a few weeks with friends in town.

Mrs. Sidney Groves, of Belleville, spent Wednesday, the guest of Mrs. H. Wonnacott.

Miss Annie Farnham, of Guelph, is spending a vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Farnham.

Albert Martin, of Oswego, Mrs. Alexander Rapson, of Belleville, Mrs. D. Brouson and Mrs. Walter Noyse, of Oswego, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Smith, of Watertown, attended the funeral of their father, the late Wm. Martin.

Thomas Porter, of Gilby, North Dakota, is spending a few weeks with his sister, Mrs. G. E. Clement.

At the home of her daughter, Mrs. G. E. Clement, there passed away an estimable old lady, in the person of Mrs. William Porter, born in Stirling, Scotland, in her eighty-fifth year. She had lived for forty years in Lanark, and for the past seventeen years made her home with her daughter. There was a family of ten children, she being survived by four boys and four girls. She had been confined to her bed for the past seven months with rheumatism. She was a Methodist and was a general favorite with old and young. The funeral was held on Wednesday afternoon, from her daughter's residence, Mill street, being conducted by Rev. G. H. Copeland and Rev. H. A. J. Strike, of Campbellford, after which the remains were placed in the Deseronto cemetery.

EAGLE HILL.

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. William John, Denbigh, was the scene of a pleasing event on Wednesday evening, 11th inst., 1909, when their daughter, Miss Martha R., was united in marriage to Ephraim S. Byers, of Douglas. The young people were assisted by Miss Jane John, sister of the bride, while Adolph Rahm supported the groom. At four o'clock, the strains of the wedding march as played by Mrs. (Dr.) Adams were heard. The bride, looking very charming in a white silk gown, entered the parlor on her father's arm. She carried a shower bouquet of bridal roses and ferns, and wore the groom's gift, a gold bracelet. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. McLean, of Matawacthan, in the presence of one hundred and fifty guests. The groom's gift to the bridesmaid was a gold bracelet, set with amethyst, and to his best man, a handsome gold scarf pin. After congratulations a bountiful wedding supper was served. The evening was pleasantly spent in vocal and instrumental music. The many presents showed the popularity of the young couple. The groom is a promising young farmer. Friday morning the happy young couple left for their new home in Douglas, which the groom had in a readiness for their occupancy.

WILTON.

A sad death occurred here on Friday morning. Bruce, the bright little three-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Orange C. Storms was stricken very suddenly on Tuesday night with spinal meningitis, and despite all that could be done by doctors and nursing, he succumbed to his sufferings on Friday morning. The funeral, Sunday afternoon, in the Presbyterian church, was largely attended. The older sister, Mrs. Grigg, Montreal, was telegraphed for and arrived Thursday afternoon in time to see the little sufferer while still alive. Only six years ago another son, Harold, sixteen years old, died of the same malady in Kingston General Hospital.

Among those from here going to the west on the harvesters' excursion next week are: Mrs. Arthur Davison, Messrs. Cartwright Davison, John Owens, and Stanley Macdonald.

Mrs. R. M. Sproule went to Syracuse, Saturday as Mr. Lapum is very ill.

Mrs. K. N. Storms gave a verandah tea on Wednesday afternoon to a number of her lady friends.

Mrs. Clement Booth and children returned to their home in Rutherford, N. Y., last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Winslow Lewis, Washington, D. C., spent last week at James Lewis' and with friends in Florida.

Mrs. Dr. Ray and children, Deseronto, are visiting Mrs. T. Babcock, Florida.

Mrs. John Snook, Toronto, is visiting her brothers, O. and D. Babcock. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Cramm, Manitowick, were calling on friends last Friday.

Mrs. Rev. Boyce and family returned Friday from a visit of several weeks with relatives near Peterboro.

Paris Green.

Blundell Spence & Co's. pure English Paris Green. Absolutely the best. Every can guaranteed.

M. S. Madole.



MISS E. BOUVARD
**WAS TAKEN SICK
FROM CATCHING COLD
PE-RU-NA RELIEVED.**

MISS ERNESTINE BOUVARD, Duck Lake, Saskatchewan, Can., writes:

"At the close of 1903 I took sick as the result of catching cold. I became very weak and could not do anything."

"I consulted a doctor who had me take various kinds of medicine, but I did not find any relief from my suffering. At the advice of a friend, I wrote to you and you advised me."

"After I had taken two bottles of Peruna there was noticeable improvement. I combined the use of Peruna, Manalin and Lacupia and after taking several bottles of each I find myself entirely cured."

"I can certify that it was through your medicines that I recovered my health. I advise every one who is similarly afflicted to obtain Dr. Hartman's advice and be benefited."

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"For the past four years I was a wretched woman, suffering with severe backaches and other pains, leaving me so weak and weary that it was only with difficulty that I was able to attend to my household duties."

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"All the praise is due to Peruna."

Peruna is not a local remedy, but an internal systemic remedy. It will relieve catarrh in its most obstinate form.

The Fool.

He was a noble lord, and he was in an awful rage with one of his footmen.

"It is intolerable!" he exclaimed.

"Are you a fool, or am I?"

"Oh, my lord," replied James, with humility, anxious to appease the great man, "I am sure you would not keep a servant who was a fool."

The Greatest Inventor.

Teacher—Who is the greatest inventor? Shaggy Haired Pupil—Pat Pending, I guess. I see his name on more inventions than I do any other man's.

A person who talks with equal vivacity on every subject excites no interest in any.—Hartlin.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

MEN—YOU NEED NERVE

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that if I succeed in writing it you will course have the first claim to it for serial publication if you still wish to use it next year. I have worked at the manuscript unremittingly for months. I begin, it four times. I have done everything in my power to write it and have done no other work since Aug. 1, and the result is so utterly unsatisfactory that after allowing the first three chapters to be sent to you I decided to call it and throw up the contract. It is the first time I have ever done such a thing, and I am driven to it by the great difficulties of the subject and not by any neglect. I decline to allow a book so imperfect to go before the public, while feeling that by renewed labor I may succeed in the end. That is my whole and only excuse. Make it public in any way you please, together with the great regret I feel at disappointing you."

Literal Aid.

"So you make your wife do all the carving at dinner?"

"Sure! Isn't it a wife's duty to be a helpmeet?"—Baltimore American.

Taking It Too Literally.

"What do you mean, sir," roared an irate father to a rejected suitor for the hand of his daughter, "by bringing your portmanteau to my house and ordering a room?"

"I'm adopted as one of the family," answered the young man coolly. "Your daughter said she would be a sister to me!"

TUMOR OF YEARS GROWTH

Removed by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Winnipeg, Man.—"Eleven years ago I went to the Victoria Hospital, Montreal, suffering with a growth in the uterus. The doctors said it was a tumor, and could not be removed, and it would cause instant death. They found that other organs were affected and said I could not live more than six months in the condition I was in. After I came home I saw your advertisement in the paper and commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it constantly for two years, and still take it at times, and both my husband and myself claim that it was the means of saving my life. I highly recommend it to suffering women."—Mrs. ORILLA BRADLEY, 284 Johnson Ave., Winnipeg, Manitoba.



One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy—tumor. If you have mysterious pains, inflammation, ulceration or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation, but try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills.

afternoon, from her daughter's residence, Mill street, being conducted by G. H. Copeland and Rev. H. A. J. Strike, of Campbellford, after which the remains were placed in the Deseronto cemetery.

BATH.

(For last week.)

Mrs. Mulville and Mrs. Toole, of Syracuse, N. Y., also Miss Hill, of Stella, visited at A. McCaugherty's, on Wednesday last.

The infant son of E. P. Shephard, who died on Sunday last, was interred in the Methodist cemetery on Tuesday. W. G. Bain and wife, of Hespeler, are spending their holidays with Thos. Bain.

H. D. Wemp and wife, who have been in Gravenhurst for the past two months returned home this week.

Misses Maggie and Marrian Parks, of Rochester, N. Y., are visiting their father, Geo. Parks.

Mrs. Wm. Topliff and daughters are visiting friends in Kingston.

Miss Marie Gilbert, of Toronto, who has been visiting at D. T. Rowse's, has returned home.

Mrs. W. H. Hall and daughters visited with friends in Kingston, on Thursday last.

Miss May Robinson has returned home from her visit with friends in Jones' Falls, Selley's Bay and Kingston.

BABY TALK.

An Infantile Habit That Sometimes Sticks and Breeds Trouble.

Once in awhile a rare stammering case comes to the laboratory where there's nothing the matter with the child—the matter is with his dear mamma. In 1905 Dr. Witmer examined a boy of twelve who talked baby talk—a bright, alert youngster, to all appearances normal. But nobody could understand a word he uttered—except mamma; she understood it all perfectly. "I—aw—ow—ay" was to her ear "I want to go out to play" as plain as anything could be. It was her tender custom to reply likewise, and she took pride in the thought that she had never allowed her Willie to associate with the children on the block. She had encouraged him to be her baby and "kept him from growing up too soon" by prattling to him.

Except for his unintelligible language, the examination did not reveal a defect, physical or mental, in the boy, and Dr. Witmer was forced to the conclusion that the trouble lay in the persistence of an infantile habit of articulation for which the mother was solely responsible. Through sentimentality and overindulgence "she had almost ruined his chances for a useful and possibly successful life." (Psychological clinic, March, 1907.) Months of painstaking, expert labor had to be expended upon him to break up the habit his mother had carefully developed before he could even begin to make himself understood by any one else.—Dr. Witmer of Yale in McClure's Magazine.

MUST MOVE.

Six monuments that are in the way where I intend erecting a new workshop and show room early in the spring. They are imported granite set on granite bases. I will make a cut ten per cent on former price for March and April. I have over thirty monuments on the yard and a few more coming in May and June. Also on hand forty finished marble blocks from \$5.00 to \$80.00. All choice stock to choose from. Come early before we are rushed with spring orders.

V. KOUBER,

Napane.

13-1f

MEN - YOU NEED NERVE



EARLY INDISCRETIONS AND EXCESSES HAVE UNDERMINED YOUR SYSTEM

The nerves control all actions of the body so that anything that debilitates them will weaken all organs of the system. Early Indiscretions and Excesses have ruined thousands of promising young men. Unnatural Drains sap their vigor and vitality and they never develop to a proper condition of manhood. They remain weaklings, mentally, physically and sexually. How you feel? Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, speckle before the eyes with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritable, palpitation of the heart, haphazard, debilitating dreams, sediment in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory, listless, distrustful, lack energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable moods, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, etc.

This is the condition our New Method Treatment is GUARANTEED TO CURE

We have treated Diseases of Men for almost a lifetime and do not have to experiment. Consult us FREE OF CHARGE

and we will tell you whether you are curable or not.

We guarantee curable cases of NERVOUS DEBILITY, VARICOSE VEINS, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, GLEET, BLADDER URINARY AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS

Free Booklet on Diseases of Men. If unable to call write for

QUESTION LIST FOR HOME TREATMENT

Wonderful Nervous System

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 30 Taking effect Oct 10th, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 40	No. 4	No. 6
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Bannockburn	0	...	...	1:40	...
Allans	5	...	...	1:50	...
Queensboro	14	...	...	2:05	...
Bridgewater	14	...	...	2:25	...
Arr Tweed	20	...	...	2:45	...
Lve Tweed	20	6:15	...	3:05	...
Stoco	23	7:05	...	3:15	...
Larkins	27	7:20	...	3:30	...
Maribank	33	7:40	...	3:45	...
Erinsville	37	7:55	...	3:55	...
Tamworth	40	8:10	2:20	4:15	...
Wilson	44	...	...	...	...
Enterprise	46	8:35	2:10	4:35	...
Mudlake Bridge	48	...	...	...	...
Moscow	51	8:57	2:52	4:47	...
Gallbraith	53	...	...	...	...
Arr Yarker	58	8:48	3:05	5:00	...
Lve Yarker	58	...	3:07	5:25	...
Camden East	59	...	3:20	5:38	...
Thomson's Mills	61	...	3:30	...	...
Newburgh	61	...	3:40	5:58	...
Strathcona	62	...	3:55	6:15	...
Arr Napanee	69	...	...	...	...
Lve Napanee	69	...	...	...	...
Arr Deseronto	79	...	...	...	...

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 4	No. 6
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Kingston	0	...	4:00	...
G. T. R. Junction	9	...	4:10	...
Glenvale	10	...	4:20	...
Murvale	14	...	4:30	...
Arr Harrowsmith	19	...	...	...
Lve Sydenham	23	8:10	...	...
Frontenac	22	...	...	...
Arr Yarker	26	8:45	...	...
Lve Yarker	26	9:10	3:07	5:25
Camden East	30	9:21	3:20	5:38
Thomson's Mills	31	...	...	...
Newburgh	32	9:33	3:30	5:45
Strathcona	34	9:42	3:41	5:54
Arr Napanee	40	9:55	3:56	6:15
Lve Napanee	40	...	...	...
Arr Deseronto	49	...	...	...

Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 6
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Deseronto	0	...	7:00	...
Arr Napanee	7	...	7:30	...
Lve Napanee	7	...	7:50	...
Strathcona	15	8:05	8:15	4:10
Newburgh	17	8:15	8:25	4:30
Thomson's Mills	18	...	...	...
Camden East	19	8:30	8:45	5:00
Arr Yarker	23	8:45	1:00	5:14
Lve Yarker	23	8:55	...	5:25
Frontenac	27	...	...	...
Arr Harrowsmith	30	9:10	...	5:30
Lve Sydenham	34	...	...	...
Strathcona	36	9:10	...	...
Murvale	35	...	...	...
Glenvale	35	...	...	...
G. T. R. Junction	47	9:50	...	...
Arr Kingston	49	10:00	...	...

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANE TO DESERONTO and PICTON.

Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Napane	Deseronto	Deseronto	Picton
7:10 a.m.	2:30 a.m.	7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
10:30 "	10:50 "	1:40 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
12:05 p.m.	12:25 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
1:25 "	1:45 "	7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
4:30 "	4:50 "		
6:50 "	7:10 "		
8:15 "	8:35 "		

PICTON TO DESERONTO and NAPANE.

Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Picton	Deseronto	Deseronto	Napane
6:00 a.m.	7:25 a.m.	9:50 a.m.	10:10 a.m.
9:50 a.m.	11:20 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	11:50 a.m.
		12:45 p.m.	1:05 p.m.
		3:15 p.m.	4:05 p.m.
		6:10 "	6:50 "
		7:40 "	8:00 "
		12:40 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
		7:00 "	7:20 "
		7:15 "	7:5 "

Daily. All other rains run daily. Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHBUN, President.

H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent.

MILES McKEOWN, Dispatcher.

with a kiss.

"Why, Anne, you look real pretty," Maisie said, yawning. "But your hair is mussed up awfully."

"Maisie," Anne said solemnly, sitting down upon the edge of the bed and taking hold of Maisie's hand in a most unusual way—"Maisie, I want to tell you something. I've been a fool for years and never found it out until tonight. And I don't mean you shall be the same kind of fool. That man who came tonight was the one I might have married sixteen years ago—and didn't. But I'm going to marry him now."

"And—and, Maisie, I've been talking to mother, and you can have Dick any time you are ready. Dick's all right. He—Dwight knows him; they come from the same place."

"I thought I could forget," Anne went on gently after Maisie's ecstasy of surprise and joy had somewhat subsided, "and I've tried hard for sixteen years, but when you really love there's no forgetting in this world. I've been loving Dwight right straight along, and the minute I saw him to-night I knew it. I've missed a good many years of happiness, and I meant to make you miss a good many years of happiness in the same way. It wasn't because I was wicked, dear, but because I didn't know. I do know now." Maisie smiled wisely.

"I knew all the while," she said.

Peculiarities of Crime.

One of the strangest peculiarities of human nature is its inclination to imitate the misdeeds of others. Crime is epidemic. A particularly dreadful murder, the details of which are set forth in all the newspapers, often has the effect of inducing similar crimes. One of the reasons and probably the chief reason why public execution was abolished in England was that instead of acting as a deterrent the execution had the contrary effect of inciting to murder.

Some years ago a woman of Geneva, named Lombardi, killed her four children. She admitted that she had been reading of a woman who killed her husband, and the very circumstance had made her wish to imitate the crime, but as her husband was dead she killed the children. This is only one instance out of hundreds which have come to our notice.

The infectious nature of self murder receives a striking testimony in the following incident: Dr. Oppenheim of Hamburg had to examine the body of a man who had cut his throat and had died after some days of suffering. The medico told his assistant that death would have been immediate if the man had made the cut in a way which he illustrated, and he was startled two days later to learn that his assistant had attempted to commit suicide by lacerating himself in that very manner. The man admitted that he had never thought of suicide until the day of the examination and the doctor's remark.—London Globe.

Crawford's Care as a Writer.

Mr. F. Marion Crawford, we are told once agreed to write for the London Sphere a novel with Dante for its hero. "The Harvest of the Sword" was to have been its title. The writer which he wrote to Mr. C. K. Shorter explaining his failure to fulfill his promise testifies to his conscientiousness in authorship:

"I can only say that it is in no sense my fault if I cannot give you the book after all at the time appointed and that if I succeed in writing it you of course have the first claim to it for serial publication if you still wish to use it next year. I have worked at the manuscript unremittingly for months. I began four times. I have done everything in my power to

DESERONTO.

A serious accident occurred to Laura, the small daughter of Mrs. Joseph Larondo. The child was playing in the back yard. An old cupboard fell on her, breaking her right leg and at the same time, Peter, her brother, was badly bruised on the knee.

Herbert Dyer won second prize in Belleville five mile race on Wednesday and also came first in the two mile race.

On Thursday a good deal of damage was done to the dwelling of Mr. Howard on Pearl street by fire.

J. Clarey Ray, dentist, from Chester-ville, has opened a parlor here.

On Thursday of last week after a brief illness, death claimed a very highly respected old gentleman, in the person of William Martin, aged seventy-seven years. Deceased was born in Tavistock, England, coming to Belleville. For the past twenty-nine years he resided in Deseronto. On Monday evening he was taken ill, and on Tuesday it was found necessary for him to undergo an operation. In religion he was a member of the Methodist church and in politics a conservative. He is survived by his widow, five sons and seven daughters. The funeral was conducted from his residence on Green street on Saturday morning by the Sons of England, he being a charter member. The service was conducted by Rev. G. H. Copeland, after which the remains were placed in the family plot at Belleville cemetery. Rev. Mr. Campbell, an old friend, conducted the burial service, after which the service of Sons of England, was read. The floral tributes were numerous.

Messrs. A. E. and W. G. Wonnacott, of Belleville, are spending a vacation with Mr. and Mrs. H. Wonnacott.

Miss Francis Jamieson, of Haileybury, ss the guest of Miss Anna MacGaughey, "Hill Crest."

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hatch, of Os-hawa, are spending a few weeks with his aunt, Mrs. Samuel Allen.

Mrs. Dr. Geddis and daughter, Miss Naydene, of Arden, are spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Geddis.

Mrs. Edward Costigan, of Toronto, spent Wednesday with friends in town.

Edward Murphy, of Toronto, is spending a few days with H. M. Rath-burn.

Miss May Ellis and Mrs. James Fair-bairn returned home on Monday, after a pleasant visit with relatives at Bridgeport, Conn.

Charles Martin, of Vernon, B. C. is spending a few weeks with his mother.

Rev. H. A. J. Strike and Mrs. Strike, of Campbellford, are spending a few weeks with friends in town.

Mrs. Sidney Groves, of Belleville, spent Wednesday, the guest of Mrs. H. Wonnacott.

Miss Annie Farnham, of Guelph, is spending a vacation with her parents, and Mrs. George Farnham.

Albert Martin, of Oswego, Mrs. Alexander Rapson, of Belleville, Mrs. D. Bronson and Mrs. Walter Noyse, of Oswego, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Smith, of Watertown, attended the funeral of their father, the late Wm. Martin.

Thomas Porter, of Gilby, North Dakota, is spending a few weeks with his sister, Mrs. G. E. Clement.

At the home of her daughter, Mrs. G. E. Clement, there passed away an estimable old lady, in the person of Mrs. William Porter, born in Stirling, Scotland, in her eighty-fifth year. She had lived for forty years in Lanark, and for the past seventeen years made her home with her daughter. There was a family of ten children, she being survived by four boys and four girls. She had been confined to her bed for the past seven months with rheumatism. She was a Methodist and was a general favorite with old and young. The funeral was held on Wednesday afternoon, from her daughter's residence, Mill street, being conducted by Rev. G. H. Copeland and Rev. H. A. J. Strike, of Campbellford, after which the remains were placed in the Deseronto cemetery.

EAGLE HILL.

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. William John, Dunbigh, was the scene of a pleasing event on Wednesday evening, 11th inst., 1909, when their daughter, Miss Martha R., was united in marriage to Ephraim S. Byers, of Douglas. The young people were assisted by Miss Jane John, sister of the bride, while Adolph Rahm supported the groom. At four o'clock, the strains of the wedding march as played by Mrs. (Dr.) Adams were heard. The bride, looking very charming in a white silk gown, entered the parlor on her father's arm. She carried a shower bouquet of bridal roses and ferns, and wore the groom's gift, a gold bracelet. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. McLean, of Matawatchesan, in the presence of one hundred and fifty guests. The groom's gift to the bridesmaid was a gold bracelet, set with amethyst, and to his best man, a handsome gold scarf pin. After congratulations a bountiful wedding supper was served. The evening was pleasantly spent in vocal and instrumental music. The many presents showed the popularity of the young couple. The groom is a promising young farmer. Friday morning the happy young couple left for their new home in Douglas, which the groom had in a readiness for their occupancy.

WILTON.

A sad death occurred here on Friday morning. Bruce, the bright little three-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Orange C. Storms was stricken very suddenly on Tuesday night with spinal meningitis, and despite all that could be done by doctors and nursing, he succumbed to his sufferings on Friday morning. The funeral, Sunday afternoon, in the Presbyterian church, was largely attended. The older sister, Mrs. Grigg, Montreal, was telegraphed for and arrived Thursday afternoon in time to see the little sufferer while still alive. Only six years ago another son, Harold, sixteen years old, died of the same malady in Kingston General Hospital.

Among those from here going to the west on the harvesters' excursion next week are: Mrs. Arthur Davison, Messrs. Cartwright Davison, John Owen, and Stanley Macdonald.

Mrs. R. M. Sproule went to Syracuse, Saturday as Mr. Lapum is very ill.

Mrs. K. N. Storms gave a verandah tea on Wednesday afternoon to a number of her lady friends.

Mrs. Clement Booth and children returned to their home in Rutherford, N. Y., last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Winslow Lewis, Washington, D. C., spent last week at James Lewis' and with friends in Florida.

Mrs. Dr. Ray and children, Deseronto, are visiting Mrs. T. Babcock, Florida.

Mrs. John Snook, Toronto, is visiting her brothers, O. and D. Babcock. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Cramm, Manotick, were calling on friends last Friday.

Mrs. Rev. Boyce and family returned Friday from a visit of several weeks with relatives near Peterboro.

Paris Green.

Blundell Spence & Co's. pure English Paris Green. Absolutely the best. Every can guaranteed.

M. S. Madole.



WAS TAKEN SICK FROM CATCHING COLD PE-RU-NA RELIEVED.

MISS ERNESTINE BOUVARD, Duck Lake, Saskatchewan, Can., writes:

"At the close of 1903 I took sick as the result of catching cold. I became very weak and could not do anything."

"I consulted a doctor who had me take various kinds of medicine, but I did not find any relief from my suffering. At the advice of a friend, I wrote to you and you advised me."

"After I had taken two bottles of Peruna there was noticeable improvement. I combined the use of Peruna, Manalin and Lacupia and after taking several bottles of each I find myself entirely cured."

"I can certify that it was through your medicines that I recovered my health. I advise every one who is similarly afflicted to obtain Dr. Hartman's advice and be benefited."

Mrs. Wilda Mooers, R. F. D. No. 1, Lents, Oregon, writes:

"For the past four years I was a wretched woman, suffering with severe backaches and other pains, leaving me so weak and weary that it was only with difficulty that I was able to attend to my household duties."

"I used different remedies, but found no relief until I had tried Peruna."

"Within two weeks there was a change for the better, and in less than three months I was a well and happy woman."

"All the praise is due to Peruna."

Peruna is not a local remedy, but an internal sy-tomic remedy. It will relieve catarrh in its most obstinate form.

The Fool.

He was a noble lord, and he was in an awful rage with one of his footmen.

"It is intolerable!" he exclaimed. "Are you a fool, or am I?"

"Oh, my lord," replied James, with humility, anxious to appease the great man, "I am sure you would not keep a servant who was a fool."

The Greatest Inventor.

Teacher—Who is the greatest inventor? Shaggy Haired Pupul—Pat Pending, I guess. I see his name on more inventions than I do any other man's.

A person who talks with equal vivacity on every subject excites no interest in any—Haglin.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

MEN-YOU NEED NERVE

EARLY INDISCRETIONS AND

BATH.

LANCASTER, ONT. CARRIED BY "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

These Wonderful Fruit Juice Tablets
Are Winning Friends on Every Side.



Lancaster, Ont., Sept 16, 1908
I was a martyr for many years to that distressing complaint, chronic Constipation. I tried many kinds of pills and medicines without benefit and consulted physicians, but nothing did me any real good. Then I began to take "Fruit-a-tives," and these wonderful little fruit tablets entirely cured me.
At first, I took five tablets a day, but now I take only one tablet every two days. I am now entirely well, and thanks to "Fruit-a-tives," I give you permission to publish this testimonial.
(Madame) Zenophile Bonnevillie.
This is only one more link in the chain of proof that "Fruit-a-tives" never fail to cure Constipation or non-action of the bowels. 50c a box, or 6 for \$2.50, or trial box 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

AGENTS WANTED

To canvas your own Neighborhood.

Make Home Money

in your spare time.

For particulars apply
BOX 622, NAPANEE.

County of Lennox and Addington Treasurer's Sale of Lands for Taxes.

COUNTY OF LENNOX & ADDINGTON,
TO WIT:
1909, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands mentioned in the following list for arrears of taxes due thereon and the costs as therein set forth.

I hereby give notice that unless the said arrears and costs are sooner paid shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the taxes and costs, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, by Public Auction on THURSDAY, THE (FOURTH) 4th DAY OF NOVEMBER (AND THE FOLLOWING DAY IF NECESSARY) in the present year 1909, beginning at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, in compliance with the provisions of the Assessment Act.

The public will please remember that this is a Strictly Cash Sale. Private cheques will not be taken in settlement of purchase unless accepted by the bank on which they are drawn.

MAN'S ENEMIES.

The Small Foes Are the Most Deadly and Destructive.

In one of Herbert Wells' brilliant stories the terribly scientific and practically invincible Martians who have invaded the earth and conquered England are stopped in the midst of their victories and utterly destroyed by the attacks of microscopic foes. Infinitely small organisms, germs of diseases to which man has become in some degree immune, play the wonderful warriors of a planet never invaded by these earth foes. What the greatest battleships and the heaviest guns could not do the unseen and unknown living seeds of death accomplish.

More clearly every day the world understands that in the life and affairs of mankind the most deadly and destructive foes are extremely small. All of the fierce mammals and poisonous serpents of Africa do not kill as many human beings in ten years as the tsetse fly slays in one. The tigers and cobras of India kill their thousands every year, but the rats which spread the germs of the bubonic plague destroy their tens of thousands. In this country the common housefly undoubtedly causes more deaths than all the venomous snakes, wild beasts, mad dogs, runaway horses and ill tempered bulls ten times over. The actual proportion is probably much higher than ten to one.

MAN AND MONKEY.

Difference Between the Human and Animal Method of Thought.

The difference between the animal and the human idea of what constitutes "knowing" comes out nicely in a piece of work done at Clark university—A. J. Kinnman's study of rhesus monkeys, the Bandar-log of the "Jungle Book."

The monkey, following the usual procedure, learned to get his food from a box, the lid of which fastened with a key. The key, however, could not be withdrawn from the lock. After the monkey had become familiar with the device and could operate it as readily as a man could do the experimenter took the key out of the lock and laid it on the floor in front of the box. The monkey picked up the key, played with it, but made no attempt to use it. Then the experimenter took up the key, and, fifty times in succession, with the monkey two feet away watching every motion, he unlocked the box. The monkey would have starved before he imitated that simple act. He had learned to open the box by making certain movements. He had no idea of the key as an instrument in the process. We sometimes think instruments and means and causes. The animal thinks largely motions.

BY-LAW No.

A BY-LAW TO RAISE BY WAY OF LOAN THE SUM OF \$18,000.

Passed 1909.

Whereas the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington have resolved to raise by way of loan the sum of \$18,000 to cover the expenditure on County Roads during the current year.

And Whereas in order thereto, it will be necessary to issue a debenture of the said Corporation as hereinafter provided for the sum of \$18,000 (which is the amount of the debt intended to be created by this By-Law.)

And Whereas it is desirable to make the principal of said debt and interest repayable by yearly sums during the period of twenty years being the currency of the said debenture, said yearly sums being of such respective amounts that the aggregate amount payable in each and every year for principal and interest shall be as nearly as possible equal to the amount so payable in each of the other nineteen years of said period as shown in Schedule "A" hereto annexed.

And Whereas the total amount required by "The Municipal Act" to be raised annually by special rate for paying the said debt and interest as hereinafter provided is \$1383.66.

And Whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington, irrespective of any future increase in the same, according to the last Revised and Equalized Assessment Rolls of the County is \$8,457,026.

And Whereas the amount of the existing debenture debt of said County of Lennox and Addington is \$48,300.00 whereof no part of principal or interest is in arrear.

And Whereas the said Corporation has not raised by By-Law or By-Laws for contracting debts or loans any sum of money over and above the sum required for the County's ordinary expenditure since the 6th day of June, A. D., 1908.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington, enacts as follows:

1. That for the purpose of raising the sum of \$18,000 as aforesaid, a debenture of the said County of Lennox and Addington amounting to the sum of \$18,000 shall be issued on the day of 19 which said debenture shall be dated on the date of the issue thereof and shall be payable within twenty years thereafter, namely in the sums of \$1383.66 in each and every year and shall be payable on the day of in each of the years from 1910 to 1929, inclusive, at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation at the Town of Napanee in the County of Lennox and Addington.
2. The said debenture shall bear interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, payable yearly on the day of in each and every year during the currency thereof and shall have attached thereto coupons for the payment of then said interest and installment of principal and the said debenture and coupons shall be signed by the Warden and countersigned by the Treasurer and Clerk of the said Corporation and the Clerk shall attach thereto the corporate seal of the said County.
3. That during the currency of the said debenture there shall be raised annually by special rate on all the rateable property of the County of Lennox and Addington, the sum of \$1383.66 for the purpose of paying the amount due in each of the said years for principal and interest in respect of said debenture as shown in Schedule "A" hereto annexed.
4. That the said debenture shall be issued and negotiated by and under the supervision of the Finance Committee of the Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington and the said Council does hereby authorize and deputize on its behalf the said Committee to issue and negotiate the sale of the said debenture under the provisions of the By-Law.
5. That the funds derived from the negotiation and sale of the said debenture shall be deposited in an agency of a chartered Bank at Napanee, to the credit of the said corporation.
6. That this By-Law shall come into force and take effect upon, from and after the final passing hereof and shall remain in

ANNE'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

A Call That Made Her Sure About Her Own Heart.

By EMILY HODGES.
(Copyright, 1909, by Associated Literary Press.)

"You're very foolish and very headstrong, Maisie, and you're going to be sorry some day," Anne said severely.

She was sitting before the glass, putting cold cream on her face, and Maisie was watching her from the bed.

It was to pretty Maisie a very funny performance—Anne's nightly comforting of her complexion with cold cream. She wondered if she would do the same when she was thirty-six and unmarried. But she would not be unmarried at thirty-six. Of course not. There was Dick, and she was determined to marry Dick, no matter what Anne or Aunt Hannah said. It was about Dick that Anne was talking now.

"You know as well as I do," Anne went on, "that you are too young even to think of marrying, and, anyway, Dick Launt isn't a person you should consider for one moment." Anne closed the cold cream box, with a sigh.

"When you do marry I want you to have some one who is worthy of you."

"Is that the reason you've never married?" Maisie asked innocently.

Anne flushed under the cold cream.

"That was the reason," she returned steadily.

"Haven't you ever been sorry?" Maisie persisted. She wished Anne had not hidden her face by turning out the gas—the voice, Anne's voice, told so little.

"I—I don't know that I have been. Good night, dear." And Maisie had nothing to do but answer obediently.

"Good night, Anne."

But long after Maisie was asleep Anne lay awake thinking.

Sixteen years—what a long time that was! She was twenty that summer, just out of school, and she had a pink dress afloat with ruffles. One day when she had been wearing that dress she had met Dwight Marshall. He was a good deal like Dick Launt—big, clear-eyed, ready to laugh. Like Dick, too, he was a plain working-man and had come from a long way off to find work in Hassell. It did not take Dwight long to fall in love with the pink dress and her, and it did not take her long to see it. He was her first beau, and straightway the world was made over for her.

But her mother was watch and ward. She had had to make many sacrifices in order to educate Anne, and she was worthy of the best. Mrs. Hall did not by any means consider Dwight Marshall the best, and she was determined that he should not have Anne. She appealed to Anne's pride and reason and after a time had the satisfaction of seeing her arguments prevail. Anne gave up her lover. He was hurt, disappointed, bitterly angry.

"This is your mother's doings," he said.

"No," Anne lied proudly; "it's mine. You aren't good enough for me."

"You'll be sorry for this some day," he returned. And that was his last word to her. She had never seen or heard from him since. She probably never would again. And now here was Maisie in the same boat in which she herself had been. But Maisie's heart would not be broken. Hers had

THE MYSTERIOUS KEY

OR, PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE.

CHAPTER XIV.—(Cont'd)

A few days later the fair invalid was found to be doing so well that Doctor Latimer gave Lady Bromley permission to pay her a short visit, for she was continually asking questions about herself and her friends which it was thought best to have answered, and thus set her mind at rest.

Accordingly, her ladyship was admitted and introduced to her, whereupon she explained her position and her friendly relations with Gerald. From the moment she entered the room, Allison betrayed great pleasure in her presence.

"You know Gerald—you are fond of him, they tell me," she eagerly remarked, after they had greeted each other. "Won't you sit here, close beside me, and tell me everything that has happened since I saw him last? Can it be possible that it is almost the last of December, and that life has been an utter blank to me ever since July?"

So Lady Bromley told her whatever she could think of to interest her, Allison listening with almost breathless interest to all that concerned Gerald, and every day after that her new friend went to sit with her for one or two hours, as they thought best.

On the tenth day after the operation, Allison seemed to be doing so well and was so impatient to see Gerald that Lady Bromley was authorized by Doctor Latimer to summon him. And so the following telegram went thrilling along the wires to Mr. Lyttleton:

"All is well. Tell Gerald, and send him on immediately."

The young man was out when this message reached the office, and his employer could scarcely wait for his return. The poor fellow had been very brave—that is, he had tried to bear his trouble patiently and uncomplainingly, but it had worn upon him sadly, and the look of stoical endurance which his face had seemed to take on, like a mask, was painfully pathetic to the kind-hearted lawyer.

At times, when they were consulting about the approaching trial, which both felt confident would result in Gerald's favor, the expression of bitter anguish which would sweep over his features told Mr. Lyttleton more plainly than words could have done that the fortune which was then almost within his grasp would give him no real satisfaction, that it would bring him only pain and regret, since he had lost the bride for whom alone he had coveted wealth.

At length his steps sounded on the stairs without, and sent a nervous thrill through the heart of the lawyer. The message he had received from his sister was crumpled in his hand, his breathing was rapid, and his temples beat almost audibly—at least to himself.

"Gerald," he said, after the young man had removed his hat

gathered up Lady Bromley's letters and messages, and, looking for the earlier dates, read from the beginning the wonderful story of Allison's preservation as she had given it to her brother.

CHAPTER XV.

By the time he concluded the perusal of these missives he was a different man. His dejected air had all disappeared, his listless manner was replaced by the old-time vigor and energy, his eye had grown bright, and hope was written upon every line of his beaming face, even though it was still pale and thin from the wearing grief of the last six months.

He refolded the letters and restored them to their proper envelopes, tied them together, and laid them upon Mr. Lyttleton's desk. Then he arranged the papers on his own desk, putting his work in an orderly manner, but laying one side such papers as he knew his employer would need during his absence—for he no longer felt that he was "too busy" to make "the little visit to Boston" which Lady Bromley had suggested.

When Mr. Lyttleton returned, his own face shone with pleasure on beholding the change in his young clerk.

"H'm!" with a glance at Gerald's trim-looking desk. "You do not appear to feel yourself so pressed for time as you were a couple of hours ago," he observed, with a quiet chuckle.

"No. Of course, I can find time to go to Boston under existing circumstances. I would go to the ends of the earth upon such a mission," returned Gerald, with a luminous smile, a ring of joy in his voice that had long been a stranger there.

"But what a wonderful story it is!" he went on. "It seems almost incredible!"

"It does, indeed," replied his friend. "But I cannot understand how her death could have been reported in the Boston papers. You know it was claimed that a Miss Brewster was identified and removed from the morgue by her friends."

"Yes, that has always been a mystery," said Gerald; "but possibly it will all be explained later. It was a very close shave, though, for the poor girl, and I shall be grateful to this Mr. Lyman as long as I live."

"He has certainly proved himself to be a Christian gentleman," Mr. Lyttleton admitted; then added, as he looked at his watch: "Now, what are your plans? Will you take the five o'clock boat, or the evening express? I think you might as well make tracks for home, pack your grip, and be off."

"I think I will take the boat. I shall have a better night's rest than on a sleeper, and will reach Boston in good season, and be able to get out of Brookline some time during the forenoon," Gerald responded reflectively.

"You perceive that I am the herald of glad tidings, dear," said her ladyship.

"Gerald has come!" Allison murmured, with tremulous lips, a little sob of gladness breaking from her; "and, oh! this basket is almost the exact counterpart of one that he sent me on a certain eventful day ever so long ago. How lovely of him to remember and remind me of it like this! Lady Bromley, let me kiss you for bringing it to me, then please go and send him up just as quickly as you can."

Three minutes later the door opened again, when, with a cry of inexpressible joy, Allison stretched forth her hands to her lover, who for the moment was scarcely less white than the fair girl herself.

"Gerald!" "Allison!"

The next moment she was sobbing in his arms, which encircled her in an embrace which plainly indicated that from that moment he claimed her as all his own.

(To be continued.)

ANCIENT SITE OF MADRID.

Arid Now, it Once Abounded in Forests and Garden.

Travellers find it hard to believe that Madrid ever abounded with water. The modern town stands on so bleak and arid an eminence, its surroundings, save in early spring, are so parched and dusty and the water peddler's cry of "Agua! Agua!" is so insistent and ubiquitous one fancies Madrid must have been thirsty from the beginning.

Yet its ancient coat of arms was a large flint half immersed in water, with steel hatches striking it on either side, the ascending sparks forming a sort of canopy around it. Appended was the motto:

I was built on water.
My walls are of fire.
Such is my emblazonment.

This device was emblematic only of the city in its early days before Charles V. had started it on its headlong career of greatness merely because he credited its climate with having cured him of a fever. He it was who first conceived the project of elevating it to the rank of capital. It was left, however, to his son, Philip II., to promulgate the decree declaring the town to be unica Corte.

At that time Madrid was a small town embowered in gardens and woods and meadows and with springs and wells lavishly supplied by nature. The Manzanares, now a melancholy, meagre stream, was of a measurable depth. But with the apportioning of her territory into palaces and lodging houses for the royal hangers-on and the cutting down of the trees to swell the royal treasury the inevitable followed. The sun of well nigh 400 summers has burned and returned the site of the old town and its bestripped suburbs and dried up the natural moisture. At present the climate of Madrid is nearly the most trying in all Europe.

BRITISH MUSEUM.

Big Increase in Number of Visitors—Some Recent Requests.

Last year no fewer than 734,413 visits were paid by the public to the British Museum, and of these 74,324 were on Sundays. These figures show a big increase in the two previous years. The number of visitors to the reading room gives

The Farm

BLACK LEG.

Black leg is a disease that very much resembles Anthrax, incurable and fatal. The symptoms are very much the same as those of Anthrax, excepting the animals may live a few days longer with Anthrax than with Black Leg.

Black Leg only affects younger animals, while Anthrax affects both. Perhaps the strongest symptom of Black Leg is a gathering of air or swelling underneath the skin of the affected animals. This usually takes place a few hours after the animal becomes infected, and in tapping upon the swelling it sounds as if there was air underneath the skin.

This swelling may be located on the thighs, neck, shoulders, breast, hock joints, ank or rump. There is no treatment for Black Leg excepting a prevention. This is done by vaccinating the balance of the herd with Black Leg vaccine, which is a very successful method of preventing same.—Dr. David Roberts.

WOULD BE BETTER.

The time will come, and I hope soon, when the performance of a cow or the record of a bull will be allowed as a portion at least of the scale of points when judged in the show-ring, to what extent or by what means will be a matter for earnest consideration. I believe, if I am not mistaken, that over on the Island of Guernsey they do not award championships to bulls or cows until the individual, in addition to excelling in conformation, is qualified by a requisite amount of excellence as a producer. There is reason in that. We should, of course, not forget those qualities that make the Guernsey cow the queen of all dairy breeds, but above all, it is her usefulness, her economy of production, and the quality of her product that have made her the great favorite that she is.

Let utility be the watchword and beauty will, if necessary, follow, for real utility is true beauty.—Breeder.

ABSCESS.

An abscess is a gathering of pus and is liable to occur at any part of an animal's body or limbs. It may be detected if situated externally by heat, pain, redness and swelling in the early stages, such as an abscess of the jaw in cattle afflicted with lump jaw.

If a gathering or abscess is not in a fit condition to be opened it should be poulticed with antiseptic poultices, and when it has been brought to a head the animal should be perfectly secured and the abscess opened, always lancing or opening same at its lowest point so as to give it a thorough draining.

The incision should be large so as to allow the contents of the abscess to flow, at the same time making it easy for the attendant to wash out the abscess with the antiseptic solution. This can be injected by the use of a syringe.

After the abscess is thoroughly washed out an astringent healing lotion should be used in order to

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At length his steps sounded on the stairs without, and sent a nervous thrill through the heart of the lawyer. The message he had received from his sister was crumpled in his hand, his breathing was rapid, and his temples beat almost audibly—at least to himself.

"Gerald," he said, after the young man had removed his hat and coat, and was in the act of sitting down to his desk, "how would you like to take a run on to Boston for a day or two?"

"To Boston!" repeated the young man, astonished. "We have no business to call either of us there, have we?"

"No, but my sister thinks she would like a little visit from you," replied Mr. Lyttleton, beating helplessly about the bush, and not knowing how to get down to his duty.

"She is very good," said Gerald, smiling; "but really, I think we are too busy just now to spare time for pleasure-trips."

"I think you might be spared for a couple of days. I—I—Gerald—with a desperate effort—"do you think you can brace yourself for some news?"

He cried the startled fellow, suddenly galvanized to interest, and, leaping to his feet, he stared wildly at his companion. "News—of—of—"

"Yes, of her; of Miss Brewster."

The mystery of her fate, is solved—you have learned how she died!"

"No—how she was saved! Gerald, she is alive!"

"Alive! My God! How? Crippled, disfigured, maimed?" the agonized lover articulated in a horrible whisper.

"No, Gerald, no! Don't look like that," said Mr. Lyttleton, turning away with a shiver from the white, drawn face. "She is alive and well, and will be very soon."

Gerald gasped and drooped back into his chair, his head falling upon his desk, while his powers of endurance at last utterly forsaking him, his head sank back from his shoulders.

Mr. Lyttleton could bear no more. He simply gathered all his scattered letters and messages together, and, rising, laid them before the prostrate lover.

Here, Gerald, read these when you can pull yourself together a moment," he said huskily; "they will explain everything to you. Meanwhile, I am going down to the City Hall to look over some records."

Then he went out, softly closing the door after him, and Gerald was left alone to master the temporary weakness caused by reaction, and to try to realize the blessed hope and great joy that had come to him so unexpectedly.

Strong and manly though he was, his love and gratitude were temporarily stronger than his will-power, and, bursting all barriers, had to have their way. The wonderful news had taken him so unawares he had had no opportunity to "brace" himself, and the reaction from the iron-clad endurance which he had hitherto manifested was in exact proportion to that unyielding fortitude.

But, with the emptying forth of his long pent emotions, his heart began to rebound, and an eager desire to learn the blessed truth in all its details took possession of him.

He was weak and trembling from his excessive agitation, but nerv- ing himself as best he could, he

took the five o'clock boat, or the evening express? I think you might as well make tracks for home, pack your grip and be off."

"I think I will take the boat. I shall have a better night's rest than on a sleeper, and will reach Boston in good season, and be able to get out of Brookline some time during the forenoon," Gerald responded reflectively.

"All right. Go ahead, and joy go with you, my boy. You can have a couple of days as well as not, and I am glad for you from the bottom of my heart," said Mr. Lyttleton, as he heartily shook hands with him.

Accordingly, Gerald started forth to prepare for his trip, the world wearing a very different aspect to him from what it had worn three hours previously.

Leaping upon a car, he went directly home, where he was soon packing his portmanteau, and spending far more time upon his toilet than he had been in the habit of devoting to it during the last six months. He had ample time to catch the five o'clock boat, and reached Boston about seven o'clock.

Going directly to a hotel, he had breakfast, after which he started forth, first going to a florist's, where a basket, very like the one sent to Yonkers on a certain fete day so long ago, was ordered. With this snugly packed in a box, he took a Brookline car, the city clocks chiming the hour of ten just as he rolled through Boylston Street, toward the goal of his hopes. He went first to the home of Mrs. Bryant, where Lady Bromley was impatiently awaiting him, her brother having telegraphed her of his coming.

She greeted him almost as fondly as a mother would have greeted a son, then presented him, with no little pride, to her friend.

"Helen, this is my Gerald," and, Gerald, this is my old school friend, who was my confidante at the time of my marriage, the romantic history of which you already know," she remarked, by way of introduction.

"Mabel," cried Mrs. Bryant, flushing, "I fear that knowledge will be a poor recommendation to Mr. Winchester's respect. All the same," she added, with a charming smile, "we have always loved each other very dearly, notwithstanding our early mistakes. But I am not going to keep you here chatting with me. I know what your impatient heart is saying to you, so you are privileged to go your way at once."

Five minutes later he was on his way, with Lady Bromley, to Mr. Lyman's residence.

The old gentleman and his stately wife received him with hearty cordiality, their beaming faces plainly indicating that they were in no wise disappointed in the betrothed of the fair girl whom they had learned to love most fondly.

Leaving him with his host and hostess, Lady Bromley, armed with the floral offering, went up stairs to announce the lover's arrival.

Allison, arrayed in spotless white, a fine cashmere robe handsomely trimmed with soft, fluffy swansdown and reclining upon an elegant couch of pale-blue satin, looked almost too lovely to be mortal as her friend opened the door and entered her room.

But she gave vent to a very mortal little cry of joy as her eager eyes fell upon the basket of forget-me-nots, and eagerly extended her trembling hands for it.

Big Increase in Number of Visitors —Some Recent Bequests.

Last year no fewer than 734,413 visits were paid by the public to the British Museum, and of these 74,324 were on Sundays. These figures show a big increase in the two previous years. The number of visitors to the reading room gives a daily average of 761. The annual report just issued, mentions that two important bequests were received during the year—the original autographs of Beethoven's sonata for violin and pianoforte in G, and the late Miss Harriet Plowden, and four MSS. from the late Sir Thomas Brooke, of Huddersfield.

The most valuable M.S. is a Latin psalter containing a portrait of the Emperor Lothaire (840-855) and two other miniatures with explanatory verses. As early as the 10th century the psalter belonged to the Abbey of St. Hubert in the Ardennes, and it remained there till the French Revolution. The other three MSS. are monastic chartularies, viz., of Cocksand Abbey, Lancashire, 1268; Fountains Abbey, York, 15th century; and Selby Abbey, York, 14th century.

Libby's Food Products

Libby's Cooked Corned Beef

There's a marked distinction between Libby's Cooked Corned Beef and even the best that's sold in bulk.

Evenly and mildly cured and scientifically cooked in Libby's Great White Kitchen, all the natural flavor of the fresh, prime beef is retained. It is pure wholesome, delicious and ready to serve at meal time, Saves work and worry in summer.

Other Libby "Healthful" Meal-Time-Hints, all ready to serve, are:

Poorless Dried Beef
Vienna Sausage
Veal Loaf
Evaporated Milk
Baked Beans
Chow Chow
Mixed Pickles

"Purity goes hand in hand with Products of the Libby brand".

Write for free Booklet,—"How to make Good Things to Eat".



Insist on Libby's at your grocers.

Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago

ing. The incision should be large so as to allow the contents of the abscess to flow, at the same time making it easy for the attendant to wash out the abscess with the antiseptic solution. This can be injected by the use of a syringe.

After the abscess is thoroughly washed out an astringent healing lotion should be used in order to obtain the best results.—Dr. David Roberts.

BREEDING ADVICE.

The truly way of obtaining pure blood, and at the same time avoiding any evils that may arise from inbreeding is to establish several families of the same tribe, or several branches of the same family, and breed them all carefully to one model, weeding out all delicate and imperfect animals and breeding only from those that are strong and vigorous, and true to type. These different branches of the same family having been kept apart, though bred to the same model, do well for getting fresh blood of the same kind from time to time. The chief drawback to this plan is that different men have different ideas, and seek to attain those ideals by different methods. If there were more uniformity of taste, judgment, and method amongst breeders there would soon be greater uniformity of results.

WARES WERE ELECTRIFIED.

Prevented Theft, But Caused the Inventor Much Trouble.

Electrifying shop wares to prevent larceny is an ingenious but dangerous invention, says the Boston Transcript. A man who sells live snails near the Paris Bourse found that gourmets in passing frequently "pinched" a handful of them and disappeared. He had a brilliant idea, and connected the wire basket in which the snails are offered for sale with an electric battery in his shop. When a genuine customer came along he cut off the current. The snails themselves were permanently electrified without apparent harm. Anyhow, they did not object audibly, and they seemed just as good to eat after the treatment as before, when boiled and seasoned. But a party of schoolboys passed the shop and "pinched" some of them. They had no sooner done so than they set up howls which brought a crowd. Inquiring bystanders touched the snails also and similarly yelled. The current transmitted a shock which made the shocked persons dance. Having recovered, they danced into the shop and went for the shopman. Some of them were dancing upon him and others were wrecking his establishment when the police came and rescued him. But he will be summoned for having exposed electrified snails to the public danger.

SO ANNOYING.

Mr. Jenkinson: "I've been out half the day trying to collect money, and I'm savage enough to break the furniture. It beats everything how some men will put off and put off. A man who owes money and won't pay it, isn't fit to associate."

Servant (opening the door): "The butcher, sir, is downstairs with his bill."

Mr. Jenkinson: "Tell him to call again."

A ROMANCE OF ROYALTY

STORY OF MARRIAGE OF KING ALFONSO'S COUSIN.

King Aided Prince of Bourbon-Orleans to Wed Princess Beatrice of Saxe-Cobourg.

The details surrounding the romantic marriage of Prince Alfonso of Bourbon-Orleans to Princess Beatrice of Saxe-Cobourg which cost him his position as a Prince of the Royal house of Spain and his career in the Spanish army, have become known.

They reveal the fact that King Alfonso, instead of refusing his consent to the marriage, as was reported by Madrid despatches to have been the case, favored and actually advised the Prince to marry her secretly, gave him a leave of absence for that purpose, and personally intervened by telegraph with the Bamberg ecclesiastical authorities, in whose diocese the marriage took place, to procure a dispensation for it.

STORY OF THE COURTSHIP.

This story was obtained from the Prince's own lips by his friends a few days ago in Munich, where the couple are spending their honeymoon.

Prince Alfonso and Princess Beatrice first met on the occasion of King Alfonso's marriage to Princess Ena of Battenberg in 1906. The Prince fell desperately in love with the Princess, and proposed marriage, but Beatrice refused him.

Both the Queen and the Queen-mother, knowing of the Prince's infatuation espoused his cause and sought to induce Beatrice to relent. The Princess, however, declared that she never would change her religion, but finally when she said she had no objection to rearing her children as Catholics the Queen-mother replied: "Then there is not the slightest difficulty to the union. I always said that if I had had a second son he should have married a Protestant."

She added that she herself had Protestant ancestors. Later at La Grangue King Alfonso formally asked the hand of Princess Beatrice for his cousin, and when Beatrice on that occasion raised the

QUESTION OF RELIGION

his Majesty said: "I give you my word of honor there will not be the slightest difficulty."

The Prince then again proposed, and was accepted.

Premier Maura said the marriage of an Infante of Spain to a Protestant could not take place on account of the difficulty it would cause the Government.

Princess Beatrice, because of her friendship for Queen Victoria, said she would give up the Prince, who asserted that he intended to marry the Princess regardless of consequences.

King Alfonso declared that even if the constitution prevented him giving official consent to the marriage without the approval of his Ministers, he, as Alfonso of Bourbon, would do everything in his power for the couple.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT.

BABY'S HOLD ON LIFE.

Baby's Own Tablets cost 25 cents a box. A box bought now may save baby's life. Summer complaints come suddenly, and carry away thousands of little ones every year. If the stomach and bowels are kept in order there is little danger of these troubles coming on. Baby's Own Tablets is the best medicine in the world for preventing and curing stomach and bowel troubles. They can be given with perfect safety to the new born baby or to the well grown child. An occasional dose of the Tablets will regulate stomach and bowels and prevent summer complaints. The mother who keeps these Tablets beside her has a reasonable assurance that her little ones are safe. If you have not got a box of Tablets, get one without delay. Do not wait until trouble comes, it may then be too late. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

BREAKING IT GENTLY.

Of Sabbath-breaking north of the Tweed, says a writer in the London Chronicle, there is the story of the Scot and his wheelbarrow, which has been fathered upon Sir Archibald Geikie. Donal was hammering away at the bottom of his barrow when his wife came to the door. "Mon," she said, "you're making much clatter. What wall the neebours say?"

"Never mind the neebours," said the busy one. "I maun get ma barra mendit."

"Oh, but Donal, it's vera wrang to wurk on Sawbath!" expostulated the good wife. "Ye ought to use screws."

MONTREAL AND QUEBEC.

A veritable edition de luxe among railroad pamphlets has been issued by the Grand Trunk Railway System to proclaim amongst tourists the glories of the cities of Montreal and Quebec. The brochure is beautifully printed and generally arranged in the artistic style of earlier days, when the ornamentation of a volume was regarded as an important incident to its presentation of reading matter. It is also very well written, and gives an interesting description of the two most interesting cities in Canada, with many illustrations from photographs. Sent free to any address. Apply to Mr. J. D. McDonald.

A NEVER-FAILING SUPPLY.

The fond husband was seeing his wife off with the children for their vacation in the country. As she got into the train, he said: "But, my dear, won't you take some fiction to read?"

"Oh, no!" she responded, sweetly. "I shall depend upon your letters from home."

The transition from winter's cold to summer's heat frequently puts a strain upon the system that produces internal complications, always painful and often serious. A common form of disorder is dysentery, to which many are prone in the spring and summer. The very best medicine to use in subduing this painful ailment is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It is a standard remedy, sold everywhere.

Mrs. C. "Good morning, Bridget. I hope your master and mis-

PIRATES SMOKED TO DEATH.

Dutch Soldiers Kindle Great Fires Before Their Caves.

The unrelenting methods of the Dutch soldiers in the Dutch East Indian possessions in dealing with the natives among whom piracy continues as an industry rather than a crime were illustrated in the deliberate suffocation of thirty-one Achinese men, women and children by a punitive expedition on the Sumatra coast in early June. The story reaches Vancouver by Canadian Pacific steamer.

The victims were supposed to be the daring and bloodthirsty party which a few weeks previously attacked and plundered a trading junk of Japore, killing the majority of her crew. The perpetrators of this outrage being pursued by police boats from Singapore took refuge in southern Sumatra, where they established headquarters in a roomy cave. They were tracked by the Dutch troops, assisted by local guides, whose enmity the fugitives had incurred by cruel forays.

Overtures were at first opened for the surrender of the party and the pirates asked that one of the military officers be sent to discuss the situation. For this duty a young lieutenant volunteered. He was promptly driven back fatally wounded with spears. The pirates were then called upon to surrender unconditionally, safety for their women and children being still guaranteed.

Their reply was a shower of spears and a volley from the ancient firearms they possessed. Orders were thereupon given that no mercy be shown. The commanding officers had fires built at the cavern mouth, the smoke from which poured inward in dense clouds. When it was thought that the outlaws had been sufficiently smoked out to be amenable the blazing pyres were extinguished and an entrance gained.

The work of punishment was found to have been complete, for of the thirty-one Achinese not one remained alive. The bodies of twenty-eight, including several women and two children, were buried in one huge trench and the avenging force returned to Batavia.

A Domestic Eye Remedy.

Murine Affords Reliable Relief to Eyes that Need It. Try Murine Eye Remedy in Your Eyes. It Soothes Eye Pain.

A little girl was engaged in making an apron for her doll. Looking up to her mother, she said, "Mother, I believe that I will be a duchess when I grow up." "Why, Molly, how is it that you expect to become a duchess?" "Why, by marrying a Dutchman, of course."

The Best Liver Pill.—The action of the liver is easily disarranged. A sudden chill, undue exposure to the elements, over-indulgence in some favorite food, excess in drinking, are a few of the causes. But whatever may be the cause, Parrelle's Vegetable Pills can be relied upon as the best corrective that can be taken. They are the leading liver pills and they have no superiors among such preparations.

A disregard for appearances may be due to either a lack of dollars or a lack of sense.

SUFFERERS from rheumatism find instant relief in "The D & L" Menthyl Plaster. Be sure and get the genuine. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

Treatment for all ailments of
HORSES
or Live Stock
Fully explained in our little booklet, mailed on request. Address The Veterinary Remedy Co., LIMITED,
Desk A, 75 Adelaide St. East, Toronto, Can.

MOULTON COLLEGE

34 Bloor Street East, Toronto.
A high grade Residential School for Girls. Prep for the year—Resident Students, \$250 to \$350 / Day Students, \$84 to \$120.
College keeps open Sept. 15. Calendar on application.
MISS CHARLOTTE THRELL, Vice-Principal.

Woodstock College

WOODSTOCK, ONT.
A Fully Equipped Residential School for Boys and Young Men. Prepares for University, Science, Science, Business, &c. 52nd Annual Calendar sent on application.

A. T. MacNEIL, B. A., Principal.

Ontario Veterinary College

TEMPERANCE ST., TORONTO, CAN.
Established 1882, taken over by the Provincial Government of Ontario, 1908.

Affiliated with the University of Toronto, under the control of the Dept. of Agriculture of Ontario. College opens 1st October, 1909. Course of study extends through 3 college years. FEES PER SESSION \$75.00. Calendar on application.
E. A. A. GRANGE, V.B., M.S., Principal. Dept. H.

YOUR OVERCOATS

and faded Suits would look better dyed. If an agent of ours in your town, write direct Montreal, Box 154.
BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO.

WE GIVE FREE SAMPLE CASE
AGENTS MEN ON WOMEN.
Make \$3 a Day and establish permanent business on our capital. Our high class room sell out night in every home. are quickly turned up and repeat orders come fast. Exclusive territory given.
THE HOME SUPPLY CO.,
Dept. 50, Toronto, Ont.



Don't fail to see our Exhibit at the National Exhibition, Toronto.

WE SELL Buggies and Harness

DIRECT to the user at manufacturers' prices.
TOP BUGGIES, \$62.00
SINGLE HARNESS, \$9.50 UP
Save agents' profits by buying direct.
WRITE US.

The Toronto Harness & Carriage Supply Co., TORONTO, ONT.

The Rapid Needle Threader

A practical eye-saving, time-saving device, used for any size needle or thread. It threads quickly, easily, and will last a lifetime. Mailed to your address, postpaid for 25c.

AGENTS WANTED.
The Rapid Needle Threader Co.,
Box 1307, Orillia, Ontario

CLOCK MADE OF BICYCLES.

Frenchman Has Manufactured a Remarkable Timekeeper.

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age without the approval of the Ministers, he, as Alfonso of Bourbon, would do everything in his power for the couple.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT.

Cases of Imprisonment Increase Annually.

Imprisonment for debt was nominally abolished in England many years ago, but, paradoxically, the actual number of cases of imprisonment have since annually increased—faster than the population.

Much more judicial option is possible than formerly was the case, and is exercised under the existing law. A debtor against whom judgment is rendered may be summarily required to pay before a given date on penalty of imprisonment. This power of committal resides in the judge of the court. Some judges exercise it much more freely than others. In Nottingham county imprisonment for debt is rare. In other populous court districts with much court business the cases of imprisonment do not exceed fifty a year, while in some less populous districts with less court business the number reaches five hundred a year. But it would seem that on the whole the indulgence shown to delinquent debtors is steadily decreasing, for the cases of imprisonment in the country have decennially increased as follows under the existing law:—In 1876, 4,238; 1886, 5,486; 1896, 8,199; 1906, 11,986. Technically the imprisonment is for contempt of court.

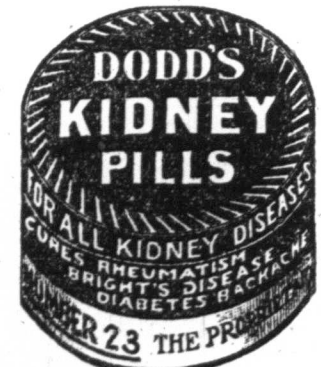
EVOLUTION OF PROFESSIONS.

"What did you do before you became blind?"

Beggar—"I was deaf and dumb then."

Pain is a Punishment.—Pain is a protest of nature against neglect of the bodily health, against carelessness regarding the physical condition. It steals in at the first opportunity and takes up its abode in a man and it is sometimes difficult to eject it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will drive it out in short order. Pain cannot stay where it is used, but immediately flies away.

"You have saved my life," said the old man whom the young hero had just pulled out of the river. "As a reward, you may marry my daughter there." The hero glanced at the daughter, then bent again over the old man. "What are you doing?" asked the perplexed father. "Going to drop you in again."



ISSUE NO. 22-45.

the spring and summer. The very best medicine to use in subduing this painful ailment is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It is a standard remedy, sold everywhere.

Mrs. C.—"Good morning, Bridget. I hope your master and mistress have not forgotten that they're coming to dine with me to-night." Cook—"Indade, and they've not; they've ordered a good hearty meal at home at six o'clock."

It is an undisputed fact that one packet of Wilson's Fly Pads has actually killed a bushel of house flies. Fortunately no such quantity can ever be found in a well kept house, but whether they be few or many Wilson's Fly Pads will kill them all.

UNCLE EZRA SAYS:

"They's a good many bumpers on the road to success. It's a hull lot better to turn out fur'em than to try to turn 'em all down."

When all other corn preparations fail, try Holloway's Corn Cure. No pain whatever, and no inconvenience in using it.

THE CROSSWAYS.

From one man's point of view another man may be all right in his way provided he isn't in the way of the first man.

SUCCESS FOR SIXTY YEARS. This is the record of Perry Davis' Painkiller. A sure cure for diarrhoea, dysentery, and all bowel complaints. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis'—25c. and 50c.

IT HURTS.

Blox—"Bixby claims that he always tells the truth."

Knox—"Yes; he seems to have a mania for stirring up trouble."

If every housekeeper would use Wilson's Fly Pads freely during the Summer months the house fly peril would soon be a thing of the past.

"If I were younger," said the rich old man, "I believe I might win you for my wife." "Yes," replied the cold beauty, dreamily considering his sixty-five years; "or, say, fifteen years older."

These two desirable qualifications, pleasant to the taste and at the same time effectual, are to be found in Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. Children like it.

A STUDY IN CONTORTIONS.

Teachers are supposed to be as exact in practice as in precept, yet sometimes they become careless. A Brooklyn teacher recently brought a smile from her scholars by her utter disregard of diction.

One of the girls of her class was busily chewing gum, in defiance of school law. To make her crime the more heinous she was sitting with her feet sprawled out in the aisle.

The teacher entering the room suddenly, was quick to call attention to the misbehavior.

"Jennie Jones," she said sharply; "take that gum out of your mouth and put your feet in!"

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

superiors among such preparations.

A disregard for appearances may be due to either a lack of dollars or a lack of sense.

SUFFERERS from rheumatism find instant relief in "The D & L" Mental Master. Be sure and get the genuine. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

Joakley—"Now, he's got what I really call 'horse sense.'" Cook—"How, for instance?" Joakley—"He never bets on one."

Practically all Canadian druggists, grocers and general dealers sell Wilson's Fly Pads. If your storekeeper does not, ask him why.

"Fred—"Yes, I like him well enough, Minnie, but how did you ever happen to marry a man a head shorter than you are?" Minnie—"I had to choose, Fred, between a little man with a big salary and a big man with a little salary."

Comfort for the Dyspeptic—There is no ailment so harassing and exhausting as dyspepsia, which arises from defective action of the stomach and liver, and the victim of it is to be pitied. Yet he can find ready relief in Parneelee's Vegetable Pills, a preparation that has established itself by years of effective use. There are pills that are widely advertised as the greatest ever compounded, but not one of them can rank in value with Parneelee's.

"I say, Jack Perkins has asked me to lend him ten dollars." "Well, do it. As a personal favor to me let him have it." "Personal favor to you?" "Yes. If you don't let him have it, he'll come to me for it."

THE MISSING LINK.

A lawyer having offices in a building wherein there are some hundreds of tenants recently lost a cuff-link, one of a pair that he greatly prized.

Being absolutely certain that he had dropped the link somewhere in the building, he caused a notice to be posted in the following terms:—

"Lost. A gold cuff-link. The owner, William Ward, will deeply appreciate its immediate return."

That afternoon, on passing the door whereon this notice was posted, what were the feelings of the lawyer to observe that appended thereto were these lines:—

"The finder of the missing cuff-link would deem it a great favor if the owner would kindly lose the other link."

"Algy dear," remarked a young wife to her husband, "I wish you would taste this milk and see if it is perfectly sweet. If it's the least bit sour I mustn't give any of it to dear little Fido!"

Zam-Buk

is the best remedy known for sunburn, heat rashes, eczema, sore feet, stings and blisters. A skin food!

All Druggists and Stores.—10c.

Box 1307, Orillia, Ontario

CLOCK MADE OF BICYCLES.

Frenchman Has Manufactured a Remarkable Timekeeper.

A clever Frenchman named Alphonse Duhamel has constructed a timepiece 12 feet high composed entirely of bicycles, or their component parts.

The framework is a huge bicycle wheel, round which are arranged 70 ordinary sized wheels, all fitted with pneumatic tires. A rim within the large wheel bears the figures for the hours, the figures themselves being constructed of crank rods. The hands are made of steel tubing which is used for the framework of bicycles. The minute strokes on the dial are small nickel-plated pieces. The top of the clock is an arrangement of 12 handlebars.

The clock strikes the hours and the quarters, bicycle bells, of course, making the chimes. The pendulum is made of various parts of a bicycle frame. It is said that the clock, besides being a curiosity, is an excellent timepiece.

SELECTING INVESTMENTS

In our advertisement of last week we pointed out the advantages afforded by BOND investments over mortgages.

We are prepared at all times to furnish statistical and other information concerning the bonds which we offer as well as all representative securities. Our current list contains many bonds of exceptional merit—ask for quotations.

If you are in funds, whether of large amount or small, you will find our individual service of assistance in selecting satisfactory and profitable investment securities.

Municipal Securities to yield 4 to 5½%—

Toronto,
Ottawa,
Hamilton,
Winnipeg,
Fort William,
Port Arthur.

Railroad, Electric Railway, Light Company bonds to yield 4½ to 5½%—Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg Railway Co., Canadian Northern Railway Company, Toronto and York Radial Railway Company, Provincial Light, Heat and Power Company, Winnipeg, Selkirk and Lake Winnipeg Railway Company, Sao Paulo Tramway, Light and Power Company.

Industrial Bonds of undoubted security to yield 5½ to 6%—Western Canada Flour Mills Company, P. Burns & Company, Limited.

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION, LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO: 28 KING ST. E.

BRANCHES: MONTREAL—WINNIPEG—LONDON, ENG.

CEMETERY NEAR WHIRLPOOL

Problem of Disposing of Victims of Niagara River May Be Settled.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, Ont., says: If the plan proposed by the members of the Queen Victoria Park Commission for the disposal of the Niagara's unidentified dead is carried out, this city will have one of the most unique cemeteries in the world, for there will be row after row of graves, each containing the body, invariably maimed, of an unknown person.

The problem of disposing of the unidentified bodies found each year in the Niagara River is one that has long puzzled the city officials, and quite recently the undertakers practically refused to handle the bodies, especially those taken from the whirlpool, unless some one guaranteed them expenses. The undertakers declare that to bring a body from the pool to the top of the bank and hold it for a couple of days or more and then bury it was worth

\$40, providing the city would furnish and open the grave.

At a conference between the members of the Town Council and the Park Commission, which has jurisdiction over the Niagara Park system, of which the grounds adjacent to the whirlpool are a part, it was agreed that the city would furnish the grave and have it opened if the Park Commission would pay the undertaker. It is proposed to have the unique cemetery located near the whirlpool. When a body is recovered it will be locked up carefully and notations made of every peculiar mark on it that might lead to an identification. The clothes will also be saved and a description taken. The grave in which the body is placed will be numbered and a record kept showing the description of the body in that grave. That record will be kept by the city and will probably come under the direction of the coroner.

ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE.

Prisoners Make United Attack on Turnkey.

A despatch from Montreal says: Ten prisoners confined in the Bedford jail at Sweetburg made a determined attempt for freedom. On Thursday night the acting turnkey, Deputy Scott, who is 78 years old, was attacked by the men when he was about to lock them up for the night and so badly beaten that he had to go to the hospital. His shouts for help brought High Constable Boisvert, who, with his revolver, succeeded in getting the men behind the bars. The plot to escape had been well arranged, as a rope was later found hanging out of the window ready for the use of the prisoners. Scott is in the hospital. The men will get an extension of sentence for the assault and attempt to escape.

THE CITIES OF CANADA.

Praised by Glasgow Magistrate at New York.

A despatch from New York says: Mr. James Shaw Maxwell, Senior Magistrate of the City of Glasgow, who is making an extensive tour of the United States and Canada, arrived in New York on Tuesday. Although Mr. Maxwell's purpose in visiting America is for the transaction of private business, he is taking advantage of the opportunity to study public institutions. He declares he has been greatly impressed with those he has already visited in Chicago, Boston, Toronto, and Ottawa. Coming, as he does, from the birthplace of municipal ownership, Mr. Maxwell professes surprise that the citizens of the large municipalities are not more interested in that problem.

"From what I have already observed," he said, "the Canadian cities are far ahead of those in the United States in many respects. They appear to be better regulated, and are kept cleaner."

Black sashes accompany many colored gowns, and are even worn with white.

Roumanian embroidery appears on many hats, blouses, frocks, and coat suits.

Messaline silks in exquisite Dresden pattern make the daintiest of underwear.

Gold and silver threads and colored silks are much used to ornament filet net lace.

Skirtings are nearly all striped, which adds to the long lined effects of the season.

Cross stitch embroidery has a revival. It is used on cushion cov-

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Aug. 24.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent patents from old wheat, \$4.30 to \$4.50 in buyers' sacks outside for export, and \$4.60 to \$4.70 on track, Toronto. Flour from new wheat, \$4 to \$4.10 outside. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$6.10 to \$6.20 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.70 to \$5.80, and strong bakers', \$5.50 to \$5.60 on track, Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.21½ Georgian Bay ports; No. 2 at \$1.18½, and No. 3 at \$1.16.

Ontario wheat—New No. 2, 95 to 97c at outside points.

Barley—No. 2, 58c; No. 3, 56c.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white, 48½ to 49c on track, Toronto, and 47 to 47½c outside. No. 2 Western Canada oats, 45½ to 46c, and No. 3 45c, Bay ports.

Peas—No. 2, 90 to 92c outside, nominal.

Buckwheat—Prices purely nominal.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow 78½ to 79c on track, lake ports. Canadian 75c on track, Toronto.

Bran—\$19.50 to \$20 for Ontario bran outside in bulk. Manitoba, \$21 in sacks, Toronto freights; shorts, \$24, Toronto freights.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Prime, \$2.20 to \$2.25, and hand-picked, \$2.50 to \$2.60 per bush.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, nev, \$13.50 to \$14.50 a ton on track here, and lower grades \$9 to \$9.50.

Straw—\$7.50 to \$8 on track.

Potatoes—New Canadian, 65 to 75c per bushel.

Poultry—Chickens, yearlings, dressed, 14 to 16c per lb.; fowl, 11 to 13c; turkeys, 16 to 18c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 19 to 21c; tubs and large rolls, 18 to 19c; inferior, 15 to 16c; creamery, 23 to 24c, and separator, 22½ to 23½c per lb.

Eggs—Case lots, 21½ to 22c per dozen.

Cheese—New, 12½c for large, and at 12¼c for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 13½ to 14c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$23.50; short cut, \$25.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 15½c; do., heavy, 14 to 14½c; rolls, 13½ to 14c; shoulders, 12½ to 13c; backs, 17 to 17½c; breakfast bacon, 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 14½c; tubs, 13½c; pails, 15c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Aug. 24.—Oats—No. 2 Canadian Western, 46 to 46½c; No. 1 extra feed, 45½ to 46c; No. 1 feed, 45 to 45½c; Canadian Western, 45½c. Barley—No. 2, 66 to 67c; Manitoba feed barley, 64 to 65c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, \$5.90, second at \$5.40, and strong bakers' \$5.20 per bbl. Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.90; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.40; Winter wheat

100,000 IMMIGRANTS.

70,000 From the States to Settle in the West.

A despatch from Brantford says: Twenty-five thousand men as extra help will be required in the northwest to handle what will be a bumper crop, in the sense of increased quality of wheat produced, according to J. Bruce Walker, immigration commissioner, in an interview on Wednesday.

Mr. Walker stated that it was not overestimating the yield that 120 million bushels of wheat, without regard to the coarser grains, would be harvested, and the farmers would not get less than \$1 per bushel at the elevator. In regard to immigration Mr. Walker stated that at least 100,000 immigrants would settle in the west, 70,000 of which would come from the United States with effects worth \$70,000,000. The balance will come from Europe and eastern Canada.

BODY SEVERED IN CANAL.

Horrible Death of a Young College Student.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: Fred G. Cogswell, a watchman on the steamer J. T. Hutchinson, met a horrible death early on Thursday morning, as the boat was locking through the American Canal, when he clambered over the side to get ashore to handle lines. In the darkness he slipped into the water between the boat and the canal walls. He caught the fender streak, and tried to get out, but was too late. The boat closed in and crushed him between the fender streak and the canal walls, nearly cutting him in two. Cogswell was a college student, aged 20 years. He had been on the boat for two months, and was making his last trip before preparing for the Fall term. His parents live in Cleveland.

MR. ASQUITH WELL GUARDED

Suffragettes Post Sentries at the Premier's Residence.

A despatch from London says: The militant suffragettes who have been picketing the House of Commons for the past six weeks with the object of securing an interview with Mr. Asquith, the Premier, have extended their operations to the Premier's residence on Downing street. Mrs. Despard and Mrs. Sanderson, on Wednesday afternoon, took up their stand outside Mr. Asquith's house, and declared that sentries would be maintained uninterruptedly until the Premier granted an audience. The Premier, however, is able to slip through a garden in the rear of his house, to which the public does not enjoy access.

TRAIN FELL THROUGH BRIDGE

No One Was Killed by a Forty-foot Drop.

A despatch from Victoria, B. C., says: That the age of miracles is not yet past, is demonstrated by the experience of a Great Northern passenger train from Grand Forks for Spokane on Sunday morning. The locomotive, mail car, combination baggage and express, and passenger coaches with a number of passengers, dropped through a burning bridge into a gulch some forty feet below, but without the

underwear.
Gold and silver threads and colored silks are much used to ornament filet net lace.
Skirtings are nearly all striped, which adds to the long lined effects of the season.
Cross stitch embroidery has a revival. It is used on cushion covers, table covers, bags, etc.
Filet lace or embroidery on netting is one of the most fashionable trimmings of the hour.
Bronze pumps, finished with tangle strap and large rosette or buckle, are in great favor.
Sashes are used wherever a line needs lengthening or floating ends will enhance an effect.
There is a fad for scenting fans by keeping sandalwood in the fan box or by the use of sachet.
Net overskirts are seen on many of the summer dresses, and are particularly pretty over colors.
A mass of mixed blossoms that eclipse the crown of the hat is the milliner's favorite trimming.
One of the late season fads is the linen coat of pale color with a long roll collar of black satin.
Shaded chiffon in two colors is to be worn extensively this fall over silk shaded in the same colors.
A few gathers have crept in as a relief from the tight skirt, and even plaits are once more employed.
The black ribbed silks make effective facings for the large hats of white and light colored straws.
Fans of spangled gauze are numerous, each with a chain to match the design of the fan in color.
Silk covered hairpins are a recent invention. They are said to stay in the hair longer than the old kind.
Leaves and scrolls are seen in abundance in new laces, and designs which savor of heraldic devices are popular.
In direct contrast to the season's fashion of buttoning the long coats with two or three buttons just below the collars a new mode has come in of fastening the three-quarter length with three buttons just above the lower hem.

Lady Alma-Tadema, wife of the famous artist, is dead.
Greece has sent a note to Turkey saying that she will abide by the decision of the protecting powers in the Cretan affair.
The large municipalities are not more interested in that problem. "From what I have already observed," he said, "the Canadian cities are far ahead of those in the United States in many respects. They appear to be better regulated, and are kept cleaner."

PEMBINA COAL FIELDS.

The Grand Trunk Pacific to Tap the District.

A despatch from Montreal says: The G. T. P. officials announce the finding of valuable coal lands near Pembina and are planning to tap the district. The track-laying is being rushed with all possible speed, and it is said that when the rails reach the Pembina River one of the first shipments over the new line will be of machinery for the development of these coal properties. It is expected that the railway company will secure fuel here for the entire line west of Edmonton. It is stated also that the coal is the very best bituminous, and very much superior to the lignite coal in the Edmonton district.

AUTUMN LAKE TRAFFIC.

Nearly the Entire Tonnage Will be in Operation.

A despatch from Detroit, Mich., says: President Livingston of the Lake Carriers' Association, says: "But 55 per cent. of the lake tonnage was in commission last year. This fall between 90 and 100 per cent. of the boats will be in operation. Grain rates have not yet been fixed, but vesselmen expect to get three cents per bushel when the fall rush comes. Ore rates are at present 65 cents per ton, but in all probability and judging from the increasing conditions of prosperity carriers will get a rate of \$1, the latter part of the season. Next season will be one of the best in the history of lake commerce, according to the present indications. All available tonnage will find business."

Several villages in the State of Victoria, Australia, have been submerged by floods, and great damage has been done.

GROWTH OF CANADA'S TRADE

The Bank Statement for July Shows Further Expansion.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The bank statement for July, as compared with the statement for June, indicates continued growth and expansion of trade throughout the Dominion. Deposits increased by \$7,229,621. Current loans in Canada increased by \$4,608,772, and call loans in Canada by nearly \$2,000,000. Loans outside of Canada decreased by \$1,219,115, thus indicating the continued withdrawal

of funds from the United States to meet the business demands of the Dominion.

An astounding improvement is to be noted between the current statement and the statement for July, 1908, the aggregate deposits having increased during these twelve months by \$122,000,000.

A comparison between the statements for July, 1908 and 1909, respectively, follows:—

	July, 1908.	July, 1909
Current loans in Canada	\$525,271,185	\$539,821,041
Current loans elsewhere	23,153,095	32,753,385
Call loans in Canada	40,467,165	54,603,054
Call loans elsewhere	54,915,935	114,685,537
Deposits payable on demand	164,791,398	222,555,749
Deposits payable after notice	402,964,565	466,337,816

extra feed, 40% to 400; No. 1 feed, 45% to 45%; Canadian Western, 45%. Barley—No. 2, 66 to 67c; Manitoba feed barley, 64 to 65c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, \$5.90, second at \$5.40, and strong bakers \$5.20 per bbl. Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.90; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.40; Winter wheat patents, \$6; Manitoba strong bakers, \$5.20; straight rollers, \$5.75; straight rollers, in bags, \$2.65 to \$2.75; extras in bags, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Feed—Ontario bran, \$22 to \$23; Ontario middlings, \$23.50 to \$24.50; Manitoba bran, \$22; Manitoba shorts, \$24; pure grain mouille, \$28 to \$30; mixed mouille, \$25 to \$27. Cheese—Westerns, 11 1/2 to 12c and easterns 11 1/2 to 11 3/4c. Butter—Finest creamery, 21 1/2 to 22c. Eggs—Selected stock, 23 1/2 to 26c; No. 1 candled, 23 1/2 to 23c, and No. 2, 16 to 19c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Aug. 24.—Wheat—Sept., \$1.00 1/2 to \$1.01; Dec., 97c; May, \$1.01 1/2; cash, No. 1 hard, \$1.36; No. 1 Northern, \$1.35; No. 2 Northern, \$1.30 to \$1.33; No. 3 Northern, \$1.25 to \$1.29. Flour—First patents, \$6 to \$6.20; second patents, \$5.90 to \$6.10; first clears, \$4.95 to \$5.25; second clears, \$3.35 to \$3.65. Bran—In hundred pound sacks, \$2.50.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Cash wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.04 1/2 to \$1.05; No. 3 red, 94c to \$1.03; No. 2 hard, \$1.02 1/2 to \$1.06 1/2; No. 3 hard, 94c to \$1.03; No. 3 Spring, \$1.01. Corn—No. 2, 68 1/2 to 69c; No. 2 white, 71 1/2 to 72c; No. 2 yellow, 71 1/4 to 71 3/4c; No. 3, 68 1/2 to 69 1/2c; No. 3 white, 37 1/2 to 39 1/2c; No. 4 white, 38 1/4 to 39c; standard, 39 1/2 to 40c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Aug. 24.—A few of the best cattle sold at about 5c per lb., but they were not extra; pretty good animals, 3 1/2 to 4 1/2c, and the common stock 2 1/2 to 3 1/2c per lb. Calves, from \$2.50 to \$7 each. Sheep, 3 1/2 to 3 3/4c and lambs, 5 1/2 to 6c per lb. Good lots of fat hogs at about 8 1/2c per lb. Milch cows from \$25 to \$55 each.

Toronto, Aug. 24.—Exporters' were steady, with but few on offer. There was a fair demand for good stockers. Milkers and Springers—Steady and unchanged. Calves—Slightly easier. Sheep and Lambs—Decline in prices of about 10 to 15c. Hogs—Selects were quoted at \$1.75 f.o.b. and \$8, fed and watered.

DEATH OF ROBERT REID.

Was a Member of the Transcontinental Commission.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Word was received here on Sunday of the death on Saturday night at Agunquit, Maine, of Mr. Robert Reid, member of the National Transcontinental Railway Commission. Mr. Reid was born in London, Ont., and was engaged for many years in the paper box manufacturing business at that place. He was appointed a member of the National Transcontinental Railway Commission in September, 1904. Mr. Reid had been in poor health for some time, but the announcement of his death came as a shock and surprise to his many friends at the capital, as he had been on the street and at his office only a few days ago.

Harold McQueen, a Hamilton boy, was bitten by a dog, and it is feared rabies may result.

experience of a Great Northern passenger train from Grand Forks for Spokane on Sunday morning. The locomotive, mail car, combination baggage and express, and passenger coaches with a number of passengers, dropped through a burning bridge into a gulch some forty feet below, but without the killing or fatal injuring of anyone, although the train is a total wreck, and the financial loss exceeds \$25,000.

\$10,000,000 CONTRACT LET.

Foley and Co. to Build Second Section of G. T. P.

A despatch from Prince Rupert, B. C., says: The Grand Trunk Pacific has awarded to Foley, Welch and Stewart a new contract for the second section east of Prince Rupert. It will be 140 miles from Copper River east to Aldermere. This leaves a gap of less than 500 miles, and contracts for this may be let before the end of the year. The new contract was for approximately \$10,000,000. There are several long tunnels, one half a mile in length. The line will cross the Skeena River by a cantilever bridge sixteen miles below Hazelton.

READY AND EFFICIENT.

Forces Prepared to Serve in Any Part of the Empire.

A despatch from London says: It is understood that New Zealand will provide cruisers for New Zealand waters instead of a Dreadnought for the fleet. At the final meeting of the Imperial Defence Conference on Thursday a resolution was brought forward to the effect that all the naval and military forces of the empire shall be so organized that each shall be in a position to render efficient service in an emergency in any part of the empire.

SAFE TRAVELLING.

Remarkable Record of British Railroads Made Last Year.

A despatch from London says: Statistics issued by the Board of Trade show that not a single passenger in the United Kingdom lost his life in a train wreck during the year 1908, though many persons were killed by railway trains in various other ways, such as crossing the tracks, trespassing, etc.

KILLED IN TRAIN WRECK.

Terrible Railway Accident Near Santiago, Chili.

A despatch from Santiago, Chili, says: A terrible railway disaster occurred on Friday when two trains came into collision, 30 miles north of Santiago. Many persons were killed or injured. Both trains were completely destroyed. The monetary loss will reach \$150,000.

SNOW IN JOHANNESBURG.

Business Disorganized by Heaviest Storm in Years.

A despatch from Johannesburg, South Africa, says: The heaviest snowfall in many years occurred here on Tuesday. Six inches had fallen at noon. The telegraph and telephone services are badly disorganized and business has been almost suspended.

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CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Code telegraph messages will have to pay higher rates after Sept. 1st.

There is a rush to Otter township, where rich finds of silver are reported.

A scheme has been outlined for the formation of the nucleus of a Canadian navy.

Port Arthur will expend \$10,000 in the extension of the local telephone system and improvements.

J. Duggan of Montreal is charged with locking two horses up in an empty stable and leaving them to starve.

A resolution was passed by the Maritime Board of Trade in favor of a union of the three eastern provinces.

Lord Strathcona in Montreal spoke most hopefully of the prospects of rapid progress for the Dominion.

President James Ross of the Dominion Coal Company reiterates his determination to fight the striking miners to a finish.

The Coroner's jury in the Michael Hall case at Simcoe found that death was caused by a shot fired by some unknown person.

Wilfrid Bourque of West Farnham, Que., and another man were killed in an automobile race at Indianapolis, Ind., on Thursday.

After October 1st Montreal consumers will get their electricity for ten cents a kilowatt, instead of fifteen cents, as at present.

Mr. Robert Meighen, President of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, declares that farmers will do better by holding their wheat.

The Bank of Commerce estimates the western wheat crop at 113,979,000 bushels, the oat crop at 157,537,000 bushels, and the barley crop at 24,320,000 bushels.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Eight suffragettes were arrested in London on Thursday.

Suffragettes caused disturbances at several public meetings in Britain.

Ten men attempted to rob a large jewellery store in Cheapside, London, on Saturday.

UNITED STATES.

A man having \$1,000,000 in counterfeit notes was arrested in Kentucky.

A natural gas explosion in Cleveland wrecked a building and injured ten.

Women led the rioting strikers at McKee's Rocks, Pa., on Friday, and had to be dispersed by troops.

A rumor current in New York says that Harriman has secured control of the New York Central lines.

An inexhaustible supply of pitch blende, from which radium is obtained, has been discovered in California.

GENERAL.

A Chinese patrol was assaulted

YOUNG FOLKS

THE ORGAN-GRINDER.

"O," mother!" cried Lucy, jumping up from the supper-table as she heard music in the street. "My old organ-grinder man and the dear monkey have come!"

Mother went to the window, and sure enough, there was the organ-grinder man who used to come the summer before, and while mother was looking out of the window the monkey climbed to the porch. He wore a little blue jacket, red breeches, and a round red cap.

Mother and Lucy went out on the porch and gave the monkey a piece of bread. He nibbled at it happily enough until a sugar cookie was handed to him; then he carefully laid the bread on the porch railing. He had a tiny fiddle, and after he finished the cookie, he began to draw the bow across it, but in a solemn manner as if he saw no fun in it himself, but was willing to pay for his cookie.

Lucy ran into the house and brought out a handful of cookies, which she gave to the organ-grinder. He stopped right in the middle of a tune to take them, which made the music change to a groan. Then Lucy wanted the monkey to play on the fiddle again, but the man said, "No. Monk's work hard all day—he tired," and patted the little monkey kindly. "Too tired," repeated the man; and the monkey sprang up on the organ-grinder's shoulder, put both arms round his neck, and blinked soberly from under his cap. The man nodded and smiled, and started off.

When they came to a turn in the road the organ-grinder stopped for a moment, and the monkey raised his red cap and waved it toward Lucy.—Youth's Companion.

THE BEE STORY.

Grandmama was going along the lane, hunting for strawberries. She was not grandmama then, of course, only a little girl named Mary, who lived on a farm. She had just knelt down to look under some big leaves when right ahead of her she heard a queer, buzzing sound. She looked up quickly, and saw a black cloud coming straight toward her. In a moment it had flown over her head and had turned into the orchard. Mary dropped her basket and followed. Through the orchard and over a field went the bees and Mary after them. There was a smaller orchard beyond, and presently the bees lighted on the limb of one of the apple-trees. Mary waited a minute, but as they did not move, she ran back to the house as fast as she could. She was a country child, and knew what this meant.

When Mary's mother heard that a swarm of bees had settled in the orchard, she went to the linen-closet and took out a large, coarse sheet. Then when Mary had found her father and excitedly told her story, they started out.

Mary was almost afraid to look for fear that the bees had gone, but there they were, on the same bough. Mary's father climbed the tree and began to saw off the branch. When it was cut through he laid it on the linen sheet. All this time the bees were as quiet as possible, all huddled together, so that they looked like a big rubber ball. The hive, or as Mary's father called it, "the skin," was out

\$500,000 FIRE AT ORILLIA

Tudhope Company's Carriage and Auto Buggy Works Laid in Ruins.

A despatch from Orillia, Ont., says: The Tudhope Company's carriage, and Tudhope-McIntyre auto buggy factories, were burned to the ground on Saturday afternoon. The fire started in the paint shop and spread to the neighboring buildings almost before an alarm could be sent in. Only a few men were on the premises, as during the summer months the hands have been given a Saturday afternoon holiday. The factory had been very busy this year, and considerable stock was on hand, including about half the expected output of cutters for the coming season. Besides the factory, seven houses on the property, owned by the company, and two houses, and Thomson and Company's bakery, on the north side of Colborne Street, were destroyed. The loss on the factory and stock will be about \$500,000, and the insurance about \$200,000. The houses would average about \$1,000 apiece, and Thomson and Company's loss is probably \$3,000.

J. R. Eaton and Son's large planing mill across the road was saved.

The firemen worked hard, but the task was hopeless from the first, as three of the large buildings were frame-structures. The Barrie Fire Brigade came to the assistance of the local brigade, but the fire was well under control when they arrived. The fire was terrific, and the heat could be felt for blocks.

No one was seriously injured, but there were a number of minor casualties. Mr. E. Long, of the E. Long Mfg. Co., had a toe broken, and L. G. Black, the well known cricketer, received a severe scalp wound. All the Tudhope Company's stock of buggies, cutters and automobiles was a total loss. Eight autos were already set up for the Toronto Exhibition, and these also were burnt, besides 50 gasoline engines. 300 hands were employed. All the owners of the houses destroyed were able to get their furniture out.

J. B. Tudhope, head of the Tudhope Carriage Works, in which the fire started, said the origin of the blaze was a mystery.

KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Four Vancouver Ladies Lost Their Lives in Seattle.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: The four Vancouver ladies, who perished in the auto accident in Seattle on Thursday night were: Mrs. Grothe, aged 36, wife of a C.P.R. employee; Mrs. Colvin, aged 26, wife of a shoe merchant; Miss Agnes Cowan, sister of Mrs. Colvin and daughter of a prominent real estate broker; Maggie Paul, a teacher in Seymour School. Miss Paul was to have been married shortly. Her mother died last year.

DISEASE LIKE CHOLERA.

Investigation Into Deaths Shows Symptoms of Scourge.

A despatch from Warrensburg, Missouri, says: The recent sudden deaths of Washington Weeks and his brother, Henry, living with their sister, near Kingsville, Mo., caused an investigation by J. A. B. Adcock, State Health Commissioner, who reported that, while they had every symptom of Asiatic cholera, he believed they died from sporadic cholera or aggravated cholera morbus.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS SOAR.

Big Increase Every Working Day This Month.

A despatch from Toronto says: Mr. J. H. Bertram, Collector of Customs at the port of Toronto, reports that receipts for August are \$25,000 ahead of the same period in 1908, and \$60,000 ahead of 1907, which was the best month in the history of the Toronto Customs House. The average has been over \$50,000 per day for this month. These figures indicate healthy business conditions.

GUIDE FOUND \$1,000.

THE PANCREAS.

It is only within a comparatively recent period that anything definite has been known of the pancreas, what its uses are in the economy of the body, what diseases it is subject to, and what are the symptoms which these diseases cause and by which they may be diagnosed. Indeed, even yet the subject of its diseases is one of the vexatious problems of medical study, and the part it plays in the great chemical laboratory which we call the digestive tract is rather guessed at than really comprehended.

The pancreas, or sweetbread,—in the calf it is called by butchers the abdominal sweetbread or stomach sweetbread to distinguish it from the throat sweetbread or thymus gland,—is a long, narrow gland, lying behind the stomach and part of the liver, having somewhat the shape of a sail, the head or expanded portion being at the liver end, while the long, tapering body, called the tail, runs behind the stomach to the left side of the abdomen.

It secretes a digestive fluid somewhat similar in appearance to the saliva, which is poured out through a special duct, or sometimes two ducts, into the upper portion of the intestine. In illustration of nature's truly wonderful economy, we find that this secretion is not poured out continuously, but is excited by the taking of food, and even then is not called out at once, but begins an hour or two after eating, just in time to act upon the food after the stomach has finished with it and passed it on into the intestine for further elaboration. This pancreatic juice has many properties; it supplements the action of the saliva by converting the indigestible starch into readily absorbable sugar, and that of the stomach by peptonizing the albuminous substances. It also shares with the bile the property of emulsifying fatty matter, that is, of dividing it into tiny droplets in the form in which it exists in milk.

control of the New York Central lines.
An inexhaustible supply of pitch blends, from which radium is obtained, has been discovered in California.

GENERAL.

A Chinese patrol was assaulted by a body of Japanese soldiers in Manchuria.

Eighty per cent. of the deaths among letter-sorters in Australia are due to tuberculosis.

HARVESTERS TURNED BACK.

Refused Admission to U. S. by Port Huron Officials.

A despatch from Sarnia says: Several of the harvesters bound for the Canadian Northwest, who took the route via Chicago, had an unpleasant experience at Port Huron, where the United States immigration officials held them up for the four-dollar head tax apiece. Some of the men were refused passage through the United States altogether, and were turned back by the immigration inspectors. A few returned home, but others went on west through Canadian territory.

HONEY PRICES TO STAY HIGH.

Late Spring Had Bad Effect on Western Ontario Crops.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: By present indications the prices for honey will remain fairly high in western Ontario this year. The bees wintered well, but the late Spring had its ill-effect. This season's crop of honey is of excellent quality, however. The demand for honey from the West has become quite a factor in determining the price of honey in western Ontario. The Western demand is increasing every year, as the cold Winters prevent much being done there in the way of keeping bees.

A LITTLE HEROINE.

Anna Stadt Will Receive Humane Medal for Life-saving.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, Ont., says: For the heroic rescue from drowning of her nine-year-old companion, Anna Stadt will receive a life-saving medal from the Humane Society. Anna is only twelve years old. The rescue took place last Tuesday, when Mina Greenwood, the nine-year-old daughter of Officer Greenwood, was carried out beyond her depth in Chippewa Creek. The little heroine dived into the water and saved the drowning child just as she was sinking for the last time.

THOS. ARCHIBALD KILLED.

Was Trampled to Death by a Frightened Cow.

A despatch from St. Catharines says: Thomas Archibald, who resides on Carleton street in the outskirts of the city, died early on Thursday morning as the result of being trampled on by a cow on Wednesday night. The deceased, who is over seventy years of age, went out to unloosen the cow, and was found later by a member of the family in an unconscious condition. It is supposed that he became entangled in the rope, and was attacked by the frightened animal.

for fear that the bees had gone, but there they were, on the same bough. Mary's father climbed the tree and began to saw off the branch. When it was cut through he laid it on the linen sheet. All this time the bees were as quiet as possible, all huddled together, so that they looked like a big rubber ball. The hive, or as Mary's father called it, "the skip," was put over them, and the four corners of the sheet tied together over the top. Then some of the men carried it back to the house. It was put with the other hives and all through the summer the bees were busy making honey. When fall came the hives were full, so the bees were smoked until they were stupefied and could not sting. There was a great deal of honey in Mary's hive, so much that it was sold for three dollars, and the money was given to Mary for her discovery.

MISSING WITH 300 ON BOARD.

Steamer Waratah Overdue Several Weeks.

A despatch from London says: The owners of the steamer Waratah, with 300 persons on board, bound from Sydney to London, and which is overdue several weeks at Durban, Natal, have secured the co-operation of several ships bound from South Africa to Australia in an effort to find some trace of the missing vessel. The steamship Bannockburn, which has arrived at Albany, West Australia, from London, reports that she experienced unprecedented gales on July 26. The deck cargo of coal shifted, and threw the vessel on her beam ends. She only escaped foundering through the sea sweeping the coal overboard. Her captain feels sure that the Waratah was lost in the same storm.

MUST COMPLY WITH LAW.

No Extension of Time in Proprietary Medicine Act.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Proprietary Medicines Act went into force on April 1, but merchants having on hand medicines purchased before that date were granted an extension of time in which to procure and affix the stamps required by law. The time was extended by order-in-Council to Sunday, Aug. 15. Enquiry at the Inland Revenue Department on Wednesday disclosed that no further extension is likely to be granted and dealers failing to comply with this requirement of the Act will be liable to prosecution. The stamps can be procured by dealers in any district from the nearest inland revenue collector.

CANADA TO BUILD NAVY.

Admiralty Has Arranged to Lend Number of Officials.

A despatch from London says: It is understood that the arrangement concluded between the Imperial Government and Canada for naval defence only awaits ratification by the Dominion Parliament. The scheme adopted is described as highly satisfactory to both parties. It is stated that Canada will immediately commence her new navy. The Admiralty has lent a number of British officers, who will shortly proceed to Canada to study and advise upon the work of organization.

\$25,000 ahead of the same period in 1908, and \$60,000 ahead of 1907, which was the best month in the history of the Toronto Customs House. The average has been over \$50,000 per day for this month. These figures indicate healthy business conditions.

GUIDE FOUND \$1,000.

Pocket-book Was Picked Up on Glacier Peak, B. C.

A despatch from Montreal says: A brief telegram received at the C. P. R. offices on Wednesday announces that a pocket-book containing a thousand dollars was picked up on the peak known as the Glacier, near Field, B. C. No owner could be found for the pocket-book, and it was turned in to the company by the guide who found it.

CLOUD OF GRASSHOPPERS.

Farmers Near Newboro' Suffer Loss of Their Grain.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Farmers up the Rideau, near Newboro', complain of the destruction of their grain by grasshoppers, of which there are clouds. The place has never before had such a visitation.

tic juice has many properties; it supplements the action of the saliva by converting the indigestible starch into readily absorbable sugar, and that of the stomach by peptonizing the albuminous substances. It also shares with bile the property of emulsifying fatty matter, that is, of dividing it into tiny droplets in the form in which it exists in milk.

In addition to these functions, which supplement those of the other digestive fluids, it has one peculiar to itself, namely, itaponifies the fat of the food—that is, it decomposes it into fatty acid and glycerin, just as happens to fat in soap-making. In this way this otherwise useless material is made capable of absorption into the system.

Besides all this, it is believed that the pancreas, like the thyroid and several other glands, secretes a material which is taken up at once by the blood, and used in some as yet undetermined way in favoring the assimilation of nutritive materials by the body cells.—Youth's Companion.

Dr. Herbert D. Pease, a native of Toronto, has been appointed director of bacteriological work in the Lederie laboratories, New York.

ELEVATOR LAW DEAD LETTER

Wheat Crop in the West Is Estimated to Be 100,000,000 Bushels.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The grain of the Canadian North-West is being harvested, and the farmers are speculating as to the possible price, particularly of wheat. According to the opinions of local grain men another decline is in store, but think that it will be slight, and a fairly good and steady price will be maintained. Satisfaction with existing crop conditions is general, and it frost and hail keep off until cutting is completed, the crop will be a large one. The average estimate of the wheat output is over 100,000,000 bushels. The directors of the Grain Growers' Grain Company fixed the commission for this season for handling wheat at one cent a bushel; barley, three-quarters of a cent a bushel; and oats at half a cent a bushel.

This action was the outcome of a referendum taken from the five thousand shareholders of the company. Out of 2,000 replies to hand, 90 per cent. favor a commission.

Officials say that the elevator owners can underbid the Grain Company for track wheat because they have the storage of it in their own hands. When it was pointed out that, under the law, elevator owners were obliged to store wheat in their elevators for anyone desiring it, the officers stated that the law was a dead-letter, as the elevator people absolutely refused to store wheat for other dealers or farmers last year. Complaint was made to Mr. Castle, the warehouse commissioner, a number of times, and he promised to rectify the wrong, but it was never done.

ELEVEN DROWN IN BUNKS

Sudden Filling of Sails By Wind Causes Schooner to Upset

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: The Gloucester fishing schooner Orinoco, Capt. Larkin, while proceeding to the Banks, met with an accident on Thursday morning, 25 miles off Sambro, which caused her to fill and sink in three minutes. Eleven of the crew of 16, all Nova Scotians, with two exceptions, went down with the schooner. The five men saved were all on deck at the time of the accident.

The mishap was caused in this

way: The vessel had been allowed to come to the wind to trim her jib sheets. She mistayed, came around and was left dead in the wind when her sails suddenly filled again and the schooner went over and in three minutes the waves rolled over the place where the vessel had been. The six men on deck cut away the dories. After rowing 50 miles, the survivors reached land at Ironbound and Little Tanock, and were thence sent to Lunenburg.

SPECIAL PRICES on TRAVELLING GOODS.

We have some wonderful values to offer you in high grade Travelling Goods. Better have a new Suit Case for the exhibition trip.

A FEW OF THE PRICES:

Imitation Leather Suit Cases, strong and serviceable at
\$1.35, 1.50, 2.00 and 2.50

Genuine Cowhide Suit Cases, extra deep style with good brass lock and bolts, our special price

22 inch \$4.50, 24 inch \$5.00

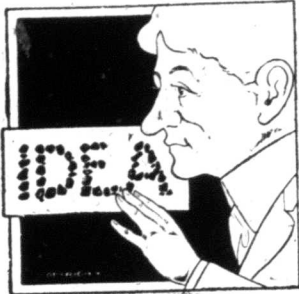
Canvas Trunks, brass trimmed with oak leather straps at
4.00, 4.50, and 5.00

Steamer Trunks all styles and sizes.

Telescopes from 40c to \$1.00.

Club Bags from 75c to \$10.00.

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE Napanee, Belleville,
HOUSES, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.



THE IDEA OF COAL

being a better purchase at this season than later is a good one. This is the time when
Coal is at its Cheapest

and as coal doesn't spoil during hot weather there is no reason why you shouldn't lay in your next winter's supply now. The saving you can make by buying now is not to be sneezed at. Do we get your order?
\$6.75 per Ton, Cash.

Office, West Side Market Square, 'Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-1f

CHAS. STEVENS.

CAMBRIDGE'S



HELD HIGH

in the estimation of he who's manly, is
a true biddin' blossom of society. There

FOR STOCK FOR CURING MEAT

—USE—

Liverpool Salt

A new lot just to hand.
Large Sacks.
Small Prices.

Phone 130.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Give me a call.

Heckla Furnace!

The best hot air furnace on the market. You don't have to take our word for it. Come in and see some of the testimonials we have for it, not from people at a distance, but from those you know. Here is a sample:

M. S. MADOLE, Napanee.

Dear Sir,—With regards to my experience with the Heckla Furnace I would say that I have had experience with four different makes of furnaces and in my judgment the Heckla is far superior, with regard to heating, from the amount of coal used, to any of the others that I have used. It has plenty of draft, and I find by experience that it is easily controlled.

Yours very truly,

We installed over 20

**Hecklas last
season.**

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Cardinal Features in **ORDERED CLOTHING** on which we are building a permanent and increasing trade are—

**Good Clothes,
Good Trimmings,
Cut to Fit,
after Latest New York Models.
Well Made,
retain their shape until worn out.**

A.E. Lazier.

Dyola, the New Dye.

Colors cotton or wool, all the same. 8c or 3 for 23c at Wallace's Drug Store. Diamond, Turkish, Standard or Rexall dyes, same price.

Mr. F. W. Hart and family left this week to homestead in the far west. They took a car load of effects and stock and their destination is eighty miles north west of Calgary on the surveyed line of the G. T. P. Ry.

Mr. A. Ferguson, of Adolphustown, landed a maskinonge on Tuesday of last week, measuring three feet nine and a half inches and weighing twenty-four and a half pounds.

On Monday morning while Mr. Ben Davis, of Violet, was crossing the bridge over the G. T. Railway, South Napanee, he discovered a lively blaze in the floor of the bridge. A milk rig following Mr. Davis lent assistance and the blaze was put out with a can of whey.

William Smith, Colebrook, formerly of Camden East, committed suicide on Thursday in a Colebrook hotel, by shooting himself through the head. Smith has previously made statements that he intended committing suicide. Coroner Cowan was notified and went to Colebrook on Thursday afternoon.

T. B. Wallace is selling genuine Castoria, 25c; genuine pink pills, 30c; 2 bottles Carter's pills, 25c; 2 bottles Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, 25c; Chase's pills 20c; gin pills 40c; Dodd's pills 35c; Nyal's Buchu Juniper best Kidney pill 25c; Douglas' Egyptian Liniment 25c; Bland's improved iron pills in bottles or 100 for 25c. Everything reliable at Wallace's.

A quiet but pretty service took place in St. John's Church, Selby, on Tuesday 17th inst., at 10 a.m., when Mr. H. M. Scott, of Napanee and Miss F. M. Dunlop, daughter of George Dunlop, Esq., of Strathcona, were joined in the bonds of matrimony. The Rev. Dr. Purdy officiating. The happy couple left at once for a trip to Syracuse, N. Y., amid showers of rice and good wishes.

Walking and gang ploughs, sulky and disc ploughs, snow ploughs, farm wagons, sleighs, dump carts, manure spreaders and loaders, land rollers, drags, disc harrows, turnip drills and scufflers, wheel barrows, all kinds pulpers, straw cutters, pneumatic ensilage cutters, drag and wheel scrapers, side scrapers, road planers, cement mixers, stone boats all steel, beet pullers and contractors' supplies for sale by S. E. Gallagher, agent for the Wilkinson Plough Co., Toronto. In town every day.

Lodge No. 191, A.O.U.W., has initiated eight new members lately as a result of the efforts of Greenwald West

Borax Soap.

The new laundry soap 5 cents a bar at Wallace's Drug Store. We honour the coupons.

Church of St. Mary Magdalene.

Sunday, August 29th, Holy Eucharist at 8 a. m., Matins and Litany at 10.30 and Evensong at 7.

Another Excursion

To Glen Island and Picton this (Friday) afternoon, per Steamer Reindeer, leaving at one o'clock, calling at Glen Island both ways. Tickets 25 cents.

Coal \$7.00.

J. R. Dafeo wishes to notify his customers that the price of coal will advance to \$7.00 on the 1st day of September. Any person wishing to take advantage of the present price \$6.75 cash, can have coal delivered as required. 30a

Secured Positions.

Within a short time over sixty graduates of the Kingston Business College secured positions with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at good salaries. Any one interested in a business, shorthand or telegraphy education should write to H. F. Metcalfe, principal of the college.

Saskatta Steel Range has all other ranges stopped. Heavy durable economical. Sold only at
BOYLE & SON.

Zenith Reached.

On Saturday, Aug. 7th, 1900, the Directors of the Lennox and Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company at their regular monthly meeting passed 61 applications covering an insurance of \$80,375. This is a record the company has seldom if ever reached before and something the Policy Holders must certainly be proud of.
M. J.

Decoration Day.

The Napanee Oddfellows will hold their annual decoration services on Sunday next. The service for the Western cemetery will be at 10 a. m., and that for the Eastern cemetery at 2 p. m. All members and friends of the order are requested to bring or send their flowers to Napanee Lodge rooms, or if word is left at the Post office the flowers will be called for.

BATH.

Her many friends will be sorry to hear of the death of Mrs. H. A. Lewis, which occurred on Sunday last, after an illness of about twelve hours. Deceased leaves a husband, father and mother. Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Bain, also two brothers and one sister, Wm. Bain, of Hespler, and John Bain, of Kingston, and Mrs. E. N. Jory, of Winnipeg, all of them being present at the funeral. The funeral services were held on Tuesday in the R. C. Church here. A number of friends from a distance attended, among them being Miss M. O'Heron, of Wolfe Island, Mrs. O'Hara, of Belleville, and Miss Herring, of Rochester, N. Y.

Mr. Harry Hogle, of St. Louis, Mo., is visiting his mother here for a month. Mr. Lorne Covert, of Rochester, N. Y., is visiting his parents here. Mrs. Webster and Mrs. Robinson are visiting at Dan Robinson's.

Prescriptions

Dispensed as the doctor orders, using only best drugs.

**THE MEDICAL HALL,
FRED L. HOOPER.**

Insurance Facts.

Taken from the latest government reports of companies doing business in this county.

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HELD HIGH

in the estimation of he who's manly, is every budding blossom of society. There isn't a debutante but what has bright words of praise for

Choice Confections

sold here. All tell you the grade is "held high," while cost is kept low. Take ma a box. She'll enjoy it.

Orders for ice cream in bulk or bricks given prompt attention

W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

Baker and Confectioner.

'Phone 186.

Napanee.

GAS ARC LAMPS

Its true, with Gas at 13c. per 100 cubic feet, we offer the best and cheapest shop light known.

A Gas Arc Lamp costs less than two cents per hour to burn, and it gives 600 actual candle power. Think of the advertising medium.

If you attract seven persons to your window each night you will obtain results at a less cost than postage.

The Napanee Gas Co.

354

LOOK HERE!

Now if you want to get a cheap Boot, now is your chance. I am selling the balance of my stock of Boots and Shoes

AT COST.

Here are a few of the Prices:

Men's Coarse Boot \$1.00 for \$1.30
Men's Oil Tan reg. 1.90 for 1.65
Boys' Calf 1.75 for 1.40
Boys' Grain Boots 1.80 for 1.55
Boys' Box Calf 2.00 for 1.50

H. W. KELLY'S,

Campbell House Corner.

Yours very truly,

**We installed over 20
Hecklas last
season.**

M. S. MADOLE,

'Phone, 13.

D. McCLEW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,
Books Audited, Accounts Collected
MONEY TO LOAN.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY, of New York.
Assets \$540,000,000.

THE FIDELITY AND CASUALTY
COMPANY, of New York.
Insures against ANY ACCIDENT or
ANY SICKNESS.

Agency for the Best Fire Companies,
including:-
LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE
INSURANCE CO.
Cash Assets \$55,000,000.

MERCANTILE FIRE COMPANY
Capital and Assets \$21,700,000.

INSURANCE OF HORSES—and other
live stock against loss by death from
accident, disease, fire and lightning;
also disablement allowances.

FIDELITY BONDING—Employers
Liability, Boiler and Fly-Wheel, Burg-
lary, Plate Glass, Marine Insurance,
Motor Boats, Automobiles, etc.

CALL OR WRITE.

OFFICE, Grange Block, John Street,
Napanee, P. O. Box 186.



The Wedding!

Our dainty Rings,
Lockets, Necklaces, lat-
est designs in Pins and
Brooches are in great
demand as bridal gifts.

Wedding Rings
and
Marriage Licenses.

at

Smith's Jewelry Store

ICE

Begin to-day and have
your eatables in good
shape for the table.

Choice Groceries

always on hand.

S. CASEY DENISON.

'Phone 101.

pulpers, straw cutters, pneumatic
ensilage cutters, drag and wheel
scrapers, side scrapers, road planers,
cement mixers, stone boats all steel,
beet pullers and contractors' supplies
for sale by S. E. Gallagher, agent for
the Wilkinson Plough Co., Toronto.
In town every day.

Lodge No. 191, A.O.U.W. has initiated
eight new members lately as a
result of the efforts of Organizer West.
On Tuesday night the lodge was favor-
ed with a visit from General Organizer
Jungmans, who instructed the candi-
dates in the secret work. He was af-
terwards entertained by the lodge to
supper at Caton's. The order is in
first class shape at present with a sur-
plus of over one million and a quarter
dollars, and a steadily decreasing aver-
age. The local lodge has a member-
ship of 155 and is looking forward to
increasing the number.

After a long illness of nearly nine
years Mr. Dennis Lucas, Mill street,
passed away on Thursday, August
21th, aged 68 years. Mr. Lucas was a
prosperous farmer at Moscow before
ill-health forced his retirement, when
he removed to Napanee. Throughout
all his long and trying illness he was
always cheerful and bore his afflictions
with true Christian fortitude. During
the past year he had been confined to
his bed partially paralyzed though not
suffering any great pain. The funeral
took place on Monday of last week,
services were held in Moscow Metho-
dist Church and interment took place
in the family plot in Moscow cemetery.
Besides his widow, ten brothers and
sisters remain. His was the second
death in a family of twelve.

Pure paint, Leads, Oils, all kinds
dry-colors, Varnishes and roof paints.
BOYLE & SON.

OBITUARIES.

MRS LUCIA FIELDS.

Very sad indeed was the death on
Monday, of Mrs. Lucia Evans Fields,
at the home of her mother on King st.
She had been ill a little over a week,
but was conscious all Saturday after-
noon, and within a short time before
she passed away. Death came about
seven o'clock, the immediate cause
being uric poisoning. Mrs. Fields was
born in Picton, the eldest daughter of
the late Dr. Harry Evans, and Mrs.
Evans Wright. She had lived the
greater part of her life in this her
home town, with the exception of a
few years in Wellington. Four years
ago she wedded Mr. Harold Fields of
Cobourg, and the young couple removed
to Regina, Sask. He died a year
later and Mrs. Fields returned East to
live with her mother. The deceased
young woman leaves a little daughter,
besides her mother, Mrs. Evans
Wright, and one sister, Mrs. Roscoe
Burlingame, of Toronto. Mrs. Evans
was well known and had a host of
friends among the young people of
Napanee, who sincerely regret her un-
timely demise. Picton Gazette.

MRS. G. D. LAZIER.

One of the oldest and most respect-
ed citizens of Cramah township, Mrs.
G. D. Lazier, entered into rest on Mon-
day afternoon, July 10th. Mrs. Lazier,
whose maiden name was Mary H. Van-
Dusen, was born in Prince Edward
county, in the township of Marysburg,
May 28th, 1823. She was the only
daughter of Captain Henry C. Van-
Dusen, Chief Magistrate of Marys-
burg township. Mr. VanDusen be-
longed to one of the oldest U. E. Loyal-
ist families in Ontario, he being the
first white child born west of Kingston.
On August 4th, 1841, she was married
to Gilbert Dozmaul Lazier, and lived
in Prince Edward county until 1867,
when they moved to Northumberland
county about three miles west of
Brighton. She lived there until the
time of her death. She leaves two
daughters, Mrs. Richard Carr, of
Adolphustown, and Mrs. Captain
Joseph Dunning, of Toronto, one son,
Fraser H., who resides on the home-
stead, and three grandchildren.
Burial took place in Wood's cemetery,
situated on the farm upon which she
lived on July 21st.

Insurance Facts.

Taken from the latest government
reports of companies doing business in
this county.

Companies	Insurance in force.	Total Income.	Total Expenditure	Cost of Management	Per Cent. of Income used for management.
Lanark & Adlington	13 millions	\$5,985	\$11,218	\$2,226	37
London Mutual	709 millions	473,021	471,068	149,303	30
Gore	169 millions	134,915	131,343	46,445	26
Perth	22 1/2 millions	157,558	130,127	41,425	26
Waterloo	322 millions	225,878	202,242	52,902	23
York	169 millions	128,130	116,712	32,000	20

Agent for York Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

F. C. BOGART.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Cleaning Out Balance —OF— FIRE SALE CLOTHING

We have re-priced the Balance of
these Suits at prices that will take
them out quick. This is a great
opportunity for the man who wants
a Good Serviceable Suit for less
than \$5.00.

- 15 SUITS -

20th Century Make.

These are specially intended for
young men, made up in the latest
style, all hand-tailored Imported
Clothes, made as only 20th Century
Manufacturers know how to make
them. Made to retail at \$18.00 to
\$20.00.

To Clear Quick at
\$12.50.

Graham & Vanaalstyne.

Napanee, Ont.

LOW PRICED SUMMER SUITING

An Established Reputation for

COMFORT,
STYLE and
WEAR.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

PERSONALS.

Mr. Ben Brisco and Mr. I. H. Brisco attended the Cobourg horse show last week.

A charter has been granted a company in Peterborough to take over the tailoring business of Mr. Ed. Huff, capital \$40,000.

Miss Susie Hunter is visiting friends in Toronto for a few weeks.

Mrs. Jas. Long, Fair View, is visiting her brother at La Chute, Que.

Dr. Milsap returned last week from a month's trip in the west.

Miss Mabel Valentine and friend, Miss Stevenson, have returned from their visit with friends at Brockville and Kingston.

Mr. Hugh McKnight, Selby, left last week for a month's visit with friends at Chatham and Cnesley, Ont.

Mr. Bruce Hayes, of Lansing, Mich., is visiting his aunt, Mrs. A. Websdale.

Miss Flossie Fullard, of Montreal, is spending the holidays with her cousin, Miss Florence Sexsmith, at Selby.

Mrs. Catharine VonWinkle, Toronto, visiting friends at Millhaven and vicinity, spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. Wm. G. Hinch, Ernestown, who is not improving in health at present.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Aylesworth, of Newburgh, also Mrs. W. R. Aylesworth and grandson, Bryce, of Belleville, visited at Mr. Marshall Huffman's, Moscow, during last week.

The Misses Ella and Tillie Bell, Addie Clancy, Leafa Hudson, Myrtle McGill and Miss Fletcher, of Centerville, spent last week at Thousand Island Park.

The wedding of Miss Sara Leah Barnhardt, of Toronto, to Mr. Percy Valognes, of Winnipeg, will take place early in September.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Stewart and children, Muriel and Dorothy, have been spending a couple of weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Phillips, South Napanee.

Mr. F. Duncan left last week for Sudbury, where he has secured a position.

Miss Fife, of Violet, left last week to take charge of a school in Russell, Ont.

Mrs. William Charters, Sillsville, is visiting friends in Chicago, St. Paul and Lloydminster.

Miss Edna VanSlyck has returned home after spending a couple of weeks at her grandfather's, Mr. M. T. VanSlyck.

Mrs. (Dr.) Moore and little daughter, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Hanley, returned on Mon-

Mr. Bernard MacCaul and sister, Miss Edna, of Rochester, N. Y., are spending their holidays at their mother's home in Camden East.

Miss Nora Wheeler left on Saturday, to join her sister Alice, in Rochester, N. Y.

Messrs. Harold Anderson and Earl McCabe spent Saturday and Sunday in Rochester.

Miss Marjorie Simpson spent last week at Le Nid, the guest of Miss Helen Herrington.

Miss Nellie McLaurin is visiting with friends in Toronto.

Miss Cumberland, Brandon, who has been the guest of Miss Templeton, left for home last Friday.

Mrs. S. G. Davis and son have returned to Melita, Man., after spending a few weeks visiting friends at Dorland.

Mrs. E. H. Curlette returned to New York this week, after visiting Mrs. C. J. Curlette, in Adolphustown.

Mrs. George Perry and daughter Mildred, returned last week from their trip up the lakes with Mr. Perry.

Miss Mabel Montgomery, University Ave., Kingston, is spending her holidays with Miss Florence Scott, Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard M. Harvey, of Chicago, are visiting Mrs. Harvey's grandmother, Mrs. John T. Grange.

Mr. Frank Brown, of Capac, Mich., was in town this week, on a visit to his uncle, James Hogle Brown, Dundas Street.

Mr. Herman Demorest, of Syracuse, N. Y., is visiting his mother, Mrs. Catherine Demorest.

Miss Nettie Pringle returned to New York, on Tuesday, after a seven weeks' holiday with her parents here.

Mrs. Demings spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood, at their summer home, on Sydenham Lake.

Miss Irene Cowan, of Lake Port, near Colborne, spent Sunday with her Aunt, Mrs. Finkle, Centre Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry L. Finkle, of Providence, left for home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Boyes, Mrs. Rudd Perry and Miss Violet Perry were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Fraser, near Ernestown Station, over Sunday.

Mr. G. A. Aylsworth, Newburgh, was in town on Wednesday.

Mr. David V. Griffin, of Philadelphia, Baritone, will give a solo in St. Mary Magdalene Church on Sunday evening next, 20th inst.

Mr. Percy Joyce, of Toronto, was home with his mother and family in Napanee, taking his holidays, and returned to Toronto this week.

Mrs. Keenleyside, of London, was visiting her sister, Mrs. Fred Richardson, and left Tuesday for her new home in Regina.

Mr. Winslow Lewis, of Washington City, formerly of Wilton, left Tuesday for his ranch, near High River, Alberta. Mrs. Winslow Lewis left on the same day for Detroit, to visit friends.

Mr. A. T. Harshaw, of Napanee, fire adjuster, left for Glencoe, Tuesday.

Mrs. James Perry and daughter, Miss Kathleen Perry, of Philadelphia, spending the summer with her mother, Mrs. McGuin, left for home on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. McDougall, of Providence, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Travers, Napanee, for a few days, left for home on Sunday.

Mr. J. E. Ingrain and Mr. Clark Matthaier, of Baltimore, were in Napanee last week, on their way home from Camp Le Nid.

Mrs. M. S. Madole and daughter, Maysie left last Monday for Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Cleveland and New York, spending the time with friends in the different places.

Mr. Earl Vanaalstine is visiting friends in Syracuse, N. Y.

Mr. Chas. D. Vanaalstine left for the west on Thursday to look at the country and prospects for taking up land in the west.

Mrs. A. E. Lang is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Sidney Warner, John street.

Miss Lilly Dunbar, of Toronto, who spent the summer at Glen Island, visited friends in Napanee this week.

Rev. G. W. McColl will occupy the pulpit of Trinity Church, next Sabbath, morning and evening.

Mr. John T. Wilson and family, of Toronto, leave for home to-day, (Friday.)

Mrs. Alice Gibson and daughters, Jean and Marjorie, of Napanee, came home Thursday from their summer outing on the Ode Farm, near Van-kleeck Hill, Ont. Mrs. Jas. Gibson came home with them.

Mr. W. A. Grange made a trip to Picton on Thursday.

BIRTHS.

DALY—At Napanee, on Saturday, Aug. 21st, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Daly, a daughter.

HALL—At Princeton, B. C., on Saturday, August 7th, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. E. Barr Hall, a daughter.

HINCH—At Hinch, on Thursday, August 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. Clare Hinch, a son.

MAHRIAGES.

SCOTT—DUNLOP—At St. John's Church, Selby, on Tuesday, August 17th, 1909, by the Rev. Dr. Purdy, Harry M. Scott, Napanee, to Flossie M. Dunlop, of Strathcona.

ASSELSTINE—PENNEY—At St. Andrews church, Vancouver, B. C., by the pastor, Rev. R. J. Wilson, M. A., Dr. Jas. Albert (Bert) Asselstine, of Moyie, B. C., son of N. A. Asselstine, Wilton, to Beulah S. Penney, of Vancouver city, B. C.

DEATHS.

CARD—At Oshawa, on Tuesday August 17th, 1909, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Card, aged 16 days.

SHORTS—At Ann Arbor, Mich., on Tuesday, July 20th, 1909, Mrs. S. J. Shorts, of Mount Pleasant, Mich., aged 65 years.

LUCAS—At Napanee, on Thursday, August 12th, 1909, Mr. Dennis W. Lucas, aged 68 years, 11 months and 11 days.

POST—At North Fredericksburgh, on Wednesday, August 18th, 1909, Mrs. Hannah Post, aged 73 years, 7 months and 10 days.

DAVERN—At Napanee, on Saturday, August 7th, 1909, Rosetta Davern, aged 74 years, 10 months and 9 days.

DEWITT—At Richmond, on August 23rd, 1909, Thos. Dewitt, aged 72 years.

FURRS—At Napanee, on Aug. 20th, 1909, Emily Furrs, aged 51 years, 7 months, 3 days.

Good Spices Make Good Pickles.

And of course you need good vinegar, and you can get it extra good at Wallace's Drug Store. Our Fruit vinegar has an especially good flavor and is strong enough to keep pickles good. Our spirit vinegar is extra strong but not strong enough to eat the pickles or soften them. Try us for Currie, Tumeric, chillies, green ginger for Pears, White or Black Pepper, mustard seed, cloves, mustard, Celery seed, Cinnamon (inner bark with all the flavor) Cassia Buds, pure ginger, Bay Leaves, etc., Sealer Rings 5c a dozen. Everything fresh and good at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

SERVANT WANTED—First class general servant. Apply at Queen's Hotel.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Lazinee.

Lennox County Fair Napanee

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY,

September 14 and 15

Always the best Fair in the district.

Plenty of attractions to instruct and amuse.

Horse Racing each Afternoon

THE BABY SHOW

on TUESDAY EVENING always a special feature.

Music by Napanee Band.

Don't miss it.

Special Rates on Railways and Steamers.

All Must be Cleared !

All Must be Cleared !

Fisher's Music Store.

For the next few weeks the entire stock is offered at marvellous prices, as it must be sold out entirely. We give below some idea of the values to be obtained. These are but a few of the great bargains we are able to offer. We can give job lots to dealers which will mean money saving to them.

In Wallpapers, Stationery, Books (a very special line in Bibles, Prayer Books, etc.) Sheet Music and Music Books, Pictures, Fancy Goods, Baseball, Football, and other Sporting Goods, Souvenir Postal Cards (great variety) and in many other lines we can offer either to dealer or private buyer something exceptional.

Here are a few prices which will give you an idea :

Splendid Walnut Cabinet Grand Piano, full size, quite new, by Willis, value \$350.00, in perfect condition	for \$225.00
Walnut Cabinet Organ, by Estey, splendid tone, very suitable for Sunday School	\$15.00 for \$16.00
1 Violin, beautiful tone, value	12.50 for 6.50
1 Violin, beautiful tone, value	5.00 for 2.25
1 Ideal Auto Harp and case (10 bars) value	9.50 for 4.75
1 Mandolin, finest quality, value	9.50 for 4.75
1 Guitar and case, finest quality, value	16.00 for 8.00
Over 200 Mouth Organs at great reduction.	

WALLPAPERS at half price.

Pictures, Souvenir Cards, Sheet Music, Music Books, Violin Accessories, Picture Frames, Scribbles, Pencils, etc.—ALL AT HALF PRICE.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Hymn Books, etc., at impossible prices.

Nothing is withheld. All must be sold quickly.

The celebrated McKinley Sheet Music 62 per sheet.

Fisher's Music Store. (Opposite Haines)

The Kingston Branch of the well-known

Central Business College

of Toronto, is located at Barrie and Clergy streets and is operated under the name of **The Frontenac Business College**. New management means new methods, improved courses, better results unto full privileges to all who attend at Kingston.

Particulars free. Fall Term August 30th.

P. M. BROWN, Principal.
W. H. SHAW, President.
Barrie and Clergy Streets, Kingston, Ont.



Farm Laborers Wanted

WORK FOR 20,000 MEN IN MANITOBA ALBERTA AND SASKATCHEWAN

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS \$10 GOING TRIP \$18 Additional for the Return Ticket under conditions as below.

GOING DATES

Aug. 19 From Stations north of line of G.T.R. Toronto to Sarnia, and Can. Pac. Stations on and west of Toronto-Sudbury line.

Aug. 23 From Toronto and all C.P.R. Stations west in Ontario on and south of main line of Grand Trunk Ry., Toronto to Sarnia, and all Stations in Ontario on M.C.R., P.M. and T.H. & B. Rys.

Aug. 27 From Stations Toronto and east, including Sharbot Lake and Kingston, and all Stations in Ontario west of Renfrew, also stations on C.O. & B. of Q. Rys., and stations on K. & P. south of Renfrew.

Sept. 7 From all Stations Toronto and west, including Stations on C.P.R. Toronto to Sudbury.

Sept. 10 From all Stations east of Toronto in Ontario.

ONE-WAY SECOND-CLASS TICKETS WILL BE SOLD TO WINNIPEG ONLY

Representative farmers, appointed by Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta Governments, will meet and engage laborers on arrival at Winnipeg.

Free transportation will be furnished at Winnipeg to points on Can. Pac. where laborers are needed, east of Moose Jaw, including branches, and at one cent a mile each way west thereof in Saskatchewan and Alberta.

A certificate is furnished with each ticket, and this certificate when executed by farmer for a second class ticket back to starting points in Ontario, at \$18.00, prior to Nov. 30th, 1909.

Tickets are good only on special Farm Laborers' trains and will be issued to women as well as to men, but will not be issued at half fare to children.

For full particulars see nearest C.P.R. agent, or write R. L. THOMPSON, D.P.A., C.P.R., TORONTO

E. McLaughlin, Agent, Napanee.

Mrs. William Charters, Sillsville, is visiting friends in Chicago, St. Paul and Lloydminster.

Miss Edna VanSlyck has returned home after spending a couple of weeks at her grandfather's, Mr. M. T. VanSlyck.

Mrs. (Dr.) Moore and little daughter, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Hanley, returned on Monday to their home in New York.

Miss Marie Augustine Cummings has returned to Toronto, after a month's visit at Fountain Hall.

Mrs. A. R. Linn and daughter are spending the month with Mrs. J. D. Ham, East Street.

Mr. & T. Botting, of Watertown, N. Y., spent a few days last week in town with his sister and mother.

Miss Hermine Connolly, Yarker, spent a couple of days this week with friends in Napanee.

Mrs. Jas. Wallace and baby daughter returned to their home in Little Current on Tuesday, after a two month's visit with Mr. and Mrs. John Wallace.

Mrs. Wm. Burns returned to New York to-day.

Mr. and Mr. W. S. Duffett, Adolphustown, are visiting friends in Montreal and Portland, Me.

Dr. D. R. Benson attended the Horse show in Cobourg last week.

Miss Marion Curlette, who has been visiting her grandmother at Dorland, returned to New York last Thursday.

Mr. John F. Fralick spent a few days last week in New York, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Martin returned last week to Raymore, Sask.

Mr. Will Gravelle and sister Florine, of Portsmouth, spent last week at Mrs. P. Marsh's, Kingston Road.

Mrs. Wm. Loucks, Enterprise, arrived home last week, after spending a week with her sister, Mrs. E. B. Paige, at the Sister's hospital, Watertown, N. Y. Mrs. Paige underwent a serious operation a week ago with no hopes of recovery. Her father and mother also visited her bedside.

Miss Florence Garrett, Sharbot Lake, is visiting her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Loucks, Enterprise.

Mrs. O. R. Laidley and Miss Edna Laidley are visiting in Trenton and Vernonville, and will spend a week in Toronto and vicinity before returning home.

Mr. Percy S. Joyce, Toronto, is spending a two week's holiday with his mother, Mrs. S. Y. Joyce, Bridge street.

Mr. Moses Parks left on Saturday last for Rochester, N. Y., where he will spend a week visiting his daughter.

Miss Lizzie Saul spent last week visiting friends in Westbrook.

Mr. W. H. Hunter attended the funeral of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Addison Seeley, at Lawrence, N. Y. on Friday last.

Miss Hilda Allen, of Barriefield, is spending a few weeks in town, the guest of Mrs. D. W. McKim and other friends.

Miss Sadie Cowan, of Toronto, was the guest of Miss Woodcock, for a few days last week.

Mrs. D. R. Haycock returned home after spending the past few weeks with Mrs. J. B. Allen, Madoc.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Moore, Prince Edward County, are visiting her parents, M. and Mrs. T. B. Lund, Fair View.

Miss Dates, Owen Sound, Miss Dryden, Deseronto, and Miss Laura Downs, Trenton, spent Sunday the guests of Miss Florence Stevens.

Gasoline

Motor and Stove—the kind that does not stop the tubes.

The Medical Hall,
FRED L. HOOPER.

Miss Edna VanSlyck has returned home after spending a couple of weeks at her grandfather's, Mr. M. T. VanSlyck.

Mr. Earl Vanalstine is visiting friends in Syracuse, N. Y.

Mr. Chas. D. Vanalstine left for the west on Thursday to look at the country and prospects for taking up land in the west.

Police Magistrate Rankin is attending High Court I. O. F. in Smith's Falls this week. Mr. Rankin is a member of the finance committee.

Miss Florence Calver, who has been spending a few weeks with her aunt, Mrs. J. N. Osborne, has returned to her home at Bath.

Mrs. F. H. Perry and three children are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Switzer, Desmond.

Mr. J. Cummings is in Kingston General Hospital suffering from appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Smith and Mr. F. W. Smith autoed to Kingston on Sunday and spent the day with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Herb Fralick, of Peterboro, are spending their holidays with his father, Mr. Henry Fralick, Napanee.

Mrs. Ed. Switzer, of Toronto, visiting friends in Napanee and Smith's Falls, left Monday for Toronto.

Mrs. S. Warner, Mrs. Lang and Mr. H. Warner took a trip to Glen Island on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lane and child, of Albany, N. Y., spent last week, the guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lane.

Miss Della Loucks has returned from visiting friends at Enterprise.

Miss Shorey, Centreville, spent a few days last week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Canfield Shorey.

Mr. Nelson Deans returned last week from a few weeks spent in Watertown and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bowen spent a few days last week with friends in Peterborough.

Mr. Luther Wagar has secured a position with the Canadian General Electric Co., Peterborough.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Guess, Copperhill, Tennessee, Mr. and Mrs. Harry A. Guess and little son, Shorey, of Flat River, Missouri, and Mr. Ross W. Guess, Bank of Montreal, St. John, N. B., have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Guess during the past couple of weeks.

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